

## INCENDIARY FIRES SWEEP CITY ALL NIGHT

### FOUR BIG BLAZES DAMAGE BUSINESS AREA BUILDINGS; FUMES SICKEN FIREFIGHTERS

Flames in Produce Row and Ten-Cent-Store Exhaust Apparatus.

AID IS SUMMONED. FROM NEARBY TOWNS

Gas Explosion in Avenue Woolworth Shop Sends Score to Hospitals.

INCENDIARISM CHARGED BY FIRE MARSHAL SEIB

Third Outburst in Feed Store at 2 A. M.—Many Smaller Fires Break Out.

Four fierce fires and several smaller ones last night and this morning were raging against the combined efforts of all of Washington's fire-fighting equipment and apparatus from nearby Maryland and Virginia. Two of the largest flames in the downtown section were brought under control about 2 o'clock, but just as they were apparently conquered another conflagration broke out in the vicinity of North Capitol and H streets.

Ten fire-fighting companies were dispatched from Baltimore to Washington on a special train about 2:30 this morning as additional calls continued to tax the already exhausted fire-fighters of the District. They were given through service on the railroad and everything possible was done to expedite their journey.

The four major blazes and the minor flames had caused damage estimated to run into hundreds of thousands of dollars. Every fireman in the city was called to duty, and all but four of the local pieces of equipment were on duty at the downtown fires when the Northeast blaze was discovered.

Fourth Blaze Is Northeast.

The fourth serious blaze broke out about 3:30 this morning in the grain elevator of McDowell & Sons, on Eckington place northeast, between Florida avenue and Q street. Three alarms hastily summoned large quantities of apparatus, including the Baltimore companies which had arrived in the city only a few minutes before.

The flames spread through the elevator and warehouse, and firemen were hampered in their work by bursting hoses which had been under a tremendous pressure all through the night. The water pressure, subjected to a like strain, was also running low as the fire-fighters battled against the fourth blaze.

Chief of Police Edwin Hesse, at 4 o'clock this morning, after the alarm came in from the McDowell plant, ordered special police guards mounted on all big industrial and commercial plants. The guards were formed from reserves which had been on duty for hours at the series of conflagrations.

Fire Marshal Seib early this morning declared the fires the work of a pyromaniac.

Inspector William Shelby, assistant superintendent of police, after a tour of the fires, declared at 3 o'clock that there was no doubt that the flames were of incendiary origin. He said that every policeman and detective had been assigned to the task of running down the person or persons responsible.

Smoke and gas fumes in the downtown sections took heavy toll among the fire-fighters, more than 20 being taken to Emergency and Casualty hospitals, while additional men were treated on the scene of the fire.

Early Morning Blaze in Northeast.

The first Northeast fire was centered around the plant of the H. P. Pillsbury Feed & Coal Co., at 54 H street northeast. It was discovered about 2 o'clock this morning.

The first fire started in Woolworth's five and ten cent store at 925 Pennsylvania avenue northwest, about 11 o'clock, and after a fifth alarm had been sounded on this blaze, another broke out a block away in produce row, starting in a building at 206 Tenth street northwest. Three alarms were sounded on this call, and many pieces of apparatus were sent from the Pennsylvania avenue blaze. The result was that these flames broke out anew and the apparatus had to be sent back.

Explosion of a gas main in the five and ten cent store played havoc with the firemen, more than a dozen being overcome by smoke and gas fumes.

Firemen Stricken by Fumes.

Among the firemen rendered unconscious by the smoke and gas are: Sergt. Thomas J. Williams, E. T. Barnes and R. L. Lynch, of No. 1 Engine Company, all taken to Emergency Hospital from the D street side of the Woolworth fire; Sergt. J. C. Snyder, of No. 3 Engine Company, overcome by gas and smoke when he lost his way in the Woolworth building; Private W. E. Thomas, of No. 7 Engine Company, overcome by smoke.

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### Senate, by Vote, 54 to 34, Favors Tariff Revision

41 Democrats Join G. O. P. Progressives Offering Through McMaster Resolution Declaring Sentiment Of Body—Action Must Come From House.

By CARLISLE BARGERON.

By a vote of 54 to 34 the Senate yesterday went on record as favoring a reduction in many of the present tariff schedules. The vote was in direct opposition to President Coolidge's policy of no change in the tariff act at this session of Congress.

Twelve Republicans, all of the progressive group except Senator Paine, of Oklahoma, voted with 41 Democrats and Senator Shipstead, Farmer-Labor, of Minnesota, for the McMaster resolution, which, in effect, simply tells the House that the Senate is in a tariff-tampering mood.

Comparatively little debate attended the passage of the measure. Senator Bingham, Republican, of Connecticut, sought to make it read that "many rates" are not high enough and to eliminate any reference to downward revision. He was voted down with a viva voce vote. He and Senator Shortridge, of California, argued against the resolution, while it was defended by Senators Robinson, Democrat, Arkansas, and Howell, Republican, Nebraska. Two Democrats who voted for the present schedules in 1922, Broussard, of Louisiana, and Kendrick, of Wyoming, voted against the measure, and a third, Randall, of Louisiana, was paired against it. The vote follows:

For the resolution:

Republicans—Blaine, Borah, Brookhart, Capper, Frazier, Howell, La Follette, McMaster, Norbeck, Norris, Nye and Paine—12.

Democrats—Ashurst, Barkley, Bayard, Black, Blease, Bratton, Bruce, Caraway, Copeland, Dill, Edwards, Ferris, George, Gerry, Glass, Harris, McKellar, Hawes, Hayden, Heflin, King, McKellar, Mayfield, Neely, Overman, Pittman, Reed, of Missouri; Robinson, of Arkansas; Sheppard, Simmons, Smith, Steck, Stephens, Swanson, Thomas, Tamm, Tyson, Wagner, Walsh, of Massachusetts; Walsh, of Montana, and Wheeler—41.

Farmer-Labor—Shipstead—1.

Total—54.

Against the resolution:

Republicans—Bingham, Couzens, Curtis, Cutting, Dale, Deneen, Fess, Gillett, Gooding, Gould, Greene, Hale, Johnson, Jones, of Washington; Keyes, McLean, McNary, Metcalf, Moses, Oddie, Phillips, Sheppard, Simmons, Smith, Steck, Stephens, Swanson, Thomas, Tamm, Tyson, Wagner, Walsh, of Massachusetts; Walsh, of Montana, and Wheeler—34.

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### PROHIBITION INSECURE, DR. CHERRINGTON SAYS

Youthful Voters Might Sweep Law Into Discard, Dry Forces Are Warned.

URGES EDUCATION DRIVE

Special to The Washington Post.

New York, Jan. 16.—Nothing in the dry laws is sacred, Dr. Ernest R. Cherrington, general secretary of the World League Against Alcoholism and head of the Antisocial League's department of education, publicity and research, declared today in effect during an address at Union Methodist Episcopal Church here. Both the eighteenth amendment and the Volstead act may be swept aside by the coming generation, he said.

Five hundred clergymen, gathered to celebrate the eighth anniversary of teetotalism, listened to Dr. Cherrington.

"Whether prohibition was 'put over' or whether it represents real American sentiment," Dr. Cherrington said, "is a vital question we must face. There are 16,000,000 voters coming up who were not old enough to know when prohibition was 'passed.' They know nothing of the old saloons, but they do know the terrific evils of today."

His argument was that these new voters might sweep prohibition into the discard if it proved unsuitable to their needs.

Hope of averting this catastrophe to the dry cause, he insisted, could come

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### TRAPPED MEN'S TAPS SPUR MINE RESCUE

Nine Imprisoned Below Surface by Collapse of Coal Pillar.

Hazleton, Pa., Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Tappings heard in a mine slope in which nine men were entombed when a pillar of coal fell this afternoon spurred rescue squads on tonight in the hope that all were still alive.

The men were entombed about 300 or 400 feet from the bottom of the 1,000-foot No. 1 slope of the Lehigh Valley Coal Co. at Onondaga. The rescue workers had no way of determining how thick the barrier of coal and debris was that separated them from the imprisoned miners. Two workers in the slope heard the fall of coal, but had no time to warn their fellow workmen. They themselves escaped.

### Dog's Counsel Appeals Conviction of Murder

Mt. Sterling, Ky., Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Kaiser Bill, a German police dog charged with murder, was brought into circuit court here today, but his case was not called. It is expected to be reached tomorrow.

The dog was "arrested" on complaint of J. F. Young, local owner of a large number of sheep. Kaiser Bill was sentenced to death after several witnesses had testified before Earl W. Sentz, judge of county court, that he had slain or maimed 36 ewes. The case was appealed by counsel retained by Mrs. Minnie Gay, owner of the canine. He subsequently was released under bond of \$200. Mrs. Gay announced that she would take the case to the United States Supreme Court if necessary.

### GILBERT WOULD FIX SUM OF REPARATIONS IN 1928

Report Had Been Understood to Urge Action 5 or 10 Years in Future.

WILL SEE BRIAND TODAY

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

Paris, Jan. 16.—Seymour Parker Gilbert, agent general for reparations payments, is convinced that the definite fixation of the total amount of German reparations ought to be made—no five or ten years hence, as many have gathered from Mr. Gilbert's third annual report—but possibly at such a surprisingly early time as the end of the first year of Germany's full annuity payments, next September, or in any case before the end of the second full annuity payments in September, 1929.

It was learned tonight from a high authority that Mr. Gilbert, very evidently not discouraged in any way from this view during his recent conferences at Washington and New York, conveyed this extremely important opinion to the members of the reparations commission in their private session here last Saturday night. Probably he reiterated this conviction today during a luncheon given him by the French foreign office, which was attended by Premier Poincare, Foreign Minister Briand, M. Moreau, the governor of the Bank of France, and others.

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### Parliament Member Is Held as Burglar

Klagenfurt, Carinthia, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Thomas Puschl, member of the Provincial Parliament, is under arrest charged with making burglary his second profession. Puschl, it was alleged, always wore a mask during his raids on farms, hotels and postoffices throughout his constituency, thus escaping recognition.

Great quantities of loot have been discovered in Puschl's home.

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### MOB ATTACKS JAIL AFTER MAN ADMITS SLAYING FLINT GIRL

Church Elder Confesses Kidnaping and Killing Schneider Child.

MILITIA DISPERSES A THROG OF 10,000

Stabbed Victim in Field and Then Dissected Her Body, Contractor Says.

Flint, Mich., Jan. 16 (A.P.).—A mob estimated at 10,000 persons that stormed the county jail here tonight in an effort to lynch Adolph Hotelling, confessed slayer of Dorothy Schneider, was dispersed by National Guardsmen. The guardsmen were called out after jail officials had battled the crowd for several hours with tear gas bombs. A score of disturbers were arrested during the clash.

The troops mobilized at a local armory, charged through the crowd and threw a cordon about the jail, and then rushed the gathering again. The crowd gave way after several persons received cracked heads.

Hand-to-hand fighting between the officers and members of the crowd earlier resulted in the arrest of three men. As the doors of the jail were opened to receive the prisoners, some one threw a tear bomb through and filled the jail with tear gas.

A shot fired by someone in the crowd whistled harmlessly over the heads of the officers.

A local newspaper resorted to the expedient of circulating a special issue with fire flames, setting out that the man had been spirited out of town in an effort to pacify the mob.

Mob Tears Up Papers.

The mob turned its attention to the newspapers shouting the extras that they had been spirited away and roughly handled them. The papers were torn up and the boys chased off the streets while the mob yelled "Fake!"

Hotelling, deacon of an Owosso, Mich., church, and contractor, arrested in Owosso today, confessed to the brutal slaying of the 5-year-old Schneider girl, kidnaped and killed at Mount Morris, near here last Thursday.

Hotelling confessed to sheriff's officials after he had been positively identified by Archie Bacon, farmer, who unwittingly had assisted him to escape after the killing, by removing Hotelling's machine from a mud hole.

The knife with which the man told officials he had dissected the child's

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### Trotzky Is Deported To Turkestan Town

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

Berlin, Jan. 16.—With \$21 in pocket money, a sleeping berth, a ticket and one guard, Leon Trotzky this evening was shipped off from Moscow to Wjerna, a village on the frontier of China and Turkestan.

M. Trotzky's destination was altered, as he refused a small local official job in Turkestan on the ground that the place was unhealthy. Wjerna is much smaller and more distant, but is more healthful.

### MAN, WIFE, CHILD, 4, ARE KILLED BY TRAIN

Auto Is Hit at Private Grade Crossing Near Roanoke Junction.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Harrington and their 4-year-old daughter, of South Weldon, were killed in a grade-crossing accident by a Seaboard Air Line Railroad train near Roanoke Junction this afternoon, according to information received here tonight.

The triple tragedy occurred at a private crossing. Mr. and Mrs. Harrington were killed instantly and the child died three hours later in a Roanoke Rapids hospital.

Harrington was driving a small car with the curtains up. It was said, along a county highway paralleling the Seaboard tracks. Just as he made a short turn to cross the track into a private road, southbound Seaboard train No. 11 came along. The automobile was hurled some distance, the bodies of the adults being picked up 75 to 100 feet from the scene of the crash.

Mr. and Mrs. Harrington are survived by five other children, the oldest being 16 years old.

### Mexican Rebels Flee After Looting Villages

Mexico City, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Dispatches from Guadaluajara say that rebel bands attacked and looted two villages in the State of Jalisco, La Magdalena and Orendana, which are not protected by federal garrisons.

## COOLIDGE URGES AMERICAN NATIONS TO WORK OUT PROBLEMS TOGETHER; GIVEN OVATION AT HAVANA MEETING

Delegates to Conference Guests of Machado at State Dinner.

COOLIDGES ATTEND A GAME OF JAI ALAI

Have Luncheon in Country at Home of Cuban President; Cheered Everywhere.

By ARTHUR SEARS HENNING.

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

Havana, Cuba, Jan. 16.—After opening the sixth Pan American Congress today with a message invoking a greater degree of amity and cooperation among the republics of the Western Hemisphere, President Coolidge participated tonight in a colorful love feast with the delegates of the Latin-American nations.

The occasion was the dinner for 200 persons given by President Machado of Cuba and Senora Machado in honor of the President of the United States and Mrs. Coolidge, and the delegates to the conference and their wives, in the great banquet hall of the presidential palace, glittering with a golden and crystal splendor unrivaled in the "States."

There was a hearty clapping of hands across the Americas.

Twenty-one times the hosts and guests arose and drank a toast in champagne, once to each of the 21 American countries.

Final of Coolidge Visit.

This was the finale of the two-day visit of President Coolidge in Havana, on his good-will mission to Latin America. The big event of the day was the opening of the conference, with the addresses by Presidents Coolidge and Machado in the forenoon. Then began the love-feasting.

President and Mrs. Coolidge and their party were whisked into the country for a luncheon at President Machado's villa, a glimpse of a sugar mill in operation being given the distinguished guests on the way. Late in the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Coolidge were escorted to the Fronton, where they witnessed a performance of the ancient Basque game of jai alai, the national game of Cuba, which is now making its appearance in cities of the United States. The President appeared to get a big thrill out of the marvelous agility of the jai alai players, whose flashing feet in hurrying and catching the ball in the arena he followed with great interest.

Everywhere the President, at the conference, in the streets and at the jai alai, he was tumultuously cheered and applauded by the vast throngs that gathered to get a glimpse of the American Executive.

The fair hair and complexion of the President attracted attention everywhere among the black-haired, olive-skinned Cubans. "Rubio," meaning "red head," was the word on the tongues of the populace, as Mr. Coolidge rode past acknowledging the plaudits with a constant lifting of his top hat.

The President was hugely enjoying the experience, one could see, for the Coolidge grin was everywhere in evidence. An ingratiating grin, the

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### Molten Metal Kills 7 In Furnace Explosion

Voelklingen, Sarre, Germany, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Seven men are known to have been killed in an explosion of a blast furnace at the Voelklingen Smelting Works this morning, in which several workmen were completely submerged in molten metal.

Buenos Aires, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—More than 50 persons were injured, many seriously, in the tornado which struck the town of Pilar, near here, Sunday. It is shown in figures available today. Reports have been delayed by destruction of telegraph lines and other means of swift communication.

### Man and Wife Dead After Pistol Duel

Winslow, Ariz., Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Pistols cracked out death to two when Mr. and Mrs. John Tillman settled their marital difficulties in old-time Western fashion.

Married four months, they recently sued each other for divorce. Yesterday, Mrs. Tillman with a group of friends, visited her husband. He had guests. They exchanged greetings and the Tillmans left the party to talk privately. The guests thought they were becoming reconciled. Shots brought the guests outdoors to find Mrs. Tillman dead and her husband mortally wounded. They had fired simultaneously at each other.

### Text of Coolidge's Address

The complete text of President Coolidge's address yesterday before the Pan American conference at Havana, Cuba, follows:

Mr. President and Members of the Pan American Conference:

No citizens of any of the Americas could come to the queen of the islands of the West Indies without experiencing an emotion of gratitude and reverence. These are the outposts of the new civilization of the Western Hemisphere. It was among them that the three small ships of the heroic admiral came when, with the assistance and support of Spain, Columbus presented to Europe the first widespread, public and authoritative knowledge of the New World.

Other points may have been previously visited, but for these was reserved the final revelation. The great discoverer brought with him the seed of more republics, the promise of greater human freedom, than ever crossed the seas on any other voyage. With

him sailed immortal declarations of independence and great charters of self-government. He laid out a course that led from despotism to democracy. Edward Everett Hale, a seer of New England, tells us that this gallant seaman who rose above the storms to become the forerunner of an age of pioneers, Left blood and guilt and tyranny behind, Sailing still west the hidden shore to find; For all mankind that unstained scroll unfurled, Where God might write anew the story of the world.

In the spirit of Christopher Columbus all of the Americas have an eternal bond of unity, a common heritage bequeathed to us alone. Unless we together redeem the promise which his voyage held for humanity, it must remain forever void. This is the destiny of the Americas.

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### Machado's Speech at Session

Havana, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Stressing idealism, fraternity and cooperation as the aims of American countries, G. A. Gerardo Machado y Morales, president of Cuba, today welcomed President Coolidge and delegates from Latin-American countries to Cuba for the sixth Pan-American conference.

President Machado said: "Intense is our joy and complete our faith in the future destinies of our hemisphere when, gazing over this hall, adding brilliancy to this transcendent occasion, we behold the illustrious person of his excellency, Calvin Coolidge, Chief Executive of the greatest of all democracies, head of the great people whom Cuba had the honor of seeing at her side in her bloody struggle for independence which she enjoys without limitation, as stated in the joint resolution of April 20, 1898, honorably applied and inspired by the same ideals set forth in the ever-famous declaration of independence of North America."

"The representatives of the American republics gather once more with the practical purpose of the consolidation of independence of North America, liberty's greatest monument and the gospel of the rights of men and countries, and the select group of distinguished persons who constitute the delegations of the nations of America, which, throughout a century, have contributed with intense activity to the welfare of the world and to the great progress of its latest historical period."

"I offer to all of you the effusive greetings of the people of Cuba whom I have the honor of representing on this solemn occasion. To your people I express fervent wishes, for their prosperity and greatness and, to the chiefs of state, the prophecy that, as a product of this new gathering of all Americans, we may complete, during their incumbencies, that which constitutes our common aspiration, the rule of peace and justice."

"The representatives of the American republics gather once more with the practical purpose of the consolidation of independence of North America, liberty's greatest monument and the gospel of the rights of men and countries, and the select group of distinguished persons who constitute the delegations of the nations of America, which, throughout a century, have contributed with intense activity to the welfare of the world and to the great progress of its latest historical period."

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### BOY BLACKMAILERS FLEE PISTOL FIRE AFTER RUSE

Decoy Package Planted After Demand on George Woodruff, Banker.

THREAT MADE IN 1922

Chicago, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—George Woodruff, internationally known banker, for the second time has been the target of blackmailers who threatened his life in a demand for a delivery of cash. It became known today and for the second time the effort failed.

The latest effort, which involved a demand for \$2,000, was made Saturday when two youths in a dilapidated flower seized a decoy package and escaped after exchanging shots with six private detectives who tried to seize them.

Six years ago Woodruff was threatened with death unless he handed over \$50,000, but he disregarded the demands.

The scene of each blackmailing attempt was laid at Joliet, Ill., where Woodruff sprang into banking prominence.

He is the chairman of the board of the First National Bank of Joliet and of the Woodruff Securities Co., of that city, and vice chairman of the board of the National Bank of the Republic of Chicago.

Within a few minutes after the expiration of the time limit the writer of

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### Texas Republicans Urged to Aid Hoover

Dallas, Tex., Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Texas Republicans were urged to send a delegation to the Republican national convention instructed for Herbert Hoover for President, in a resolution adopted by the State executive committee. The vote was 27 to 4.

During debate on the resolution, R. B. Creager, national committeeman, and Eugene Nolte, State Republican chairman, were charged with "dominating" Texas Republicans.

### Anne Morgan Held Engaged to Prince

(Special Cable Dispatch.) Paris, Jan. 16.—Le Petit Journal says the Prince of Monaco soon is to marry Anne Morgan, sister of J. Pierpont Morgan, though efforts to substantiate this report proved unavailing tonight.

The paper says the prince already has left for New York to join Miss Morgan.

### MERCHANT SHIP BILL ADVANCED BY SENATE

Jones Measure Made by Vote of 61 to 20 Unfinished Business of Body.

OPPOSED BY COOLIDGE

The merchant marine question was suddenly thrust to the front in the Senate yesterday. At the instance of Senator Jones, of Washington, chairman of the commerce committee, the Jones bill, lately reported out of the commerce committee, was made the unfinished business by a vote of 61 to 20.

This means that the bill will be kept before the Senate whenever Senator Jones chooses to press it until it is voted on and that it will in all probability be passed, though it may be amended.

The bill is intended to fix a shipping policy for the country, to block the sale of vessels at low prices by the Shipping Board and to provide a system of re-employment of additional up-to-date cargo, combination cargo and passenger, and passenger ships, looks to their possible use as naval and military auxiliaries and is regarded in some quarters as permanently committing the Government to a Government owned fleet.

The only senators who voted against making the bill the unfinished business were Bingham, Cutting, Fess, Gillett, Gould, Greene, Hale, Keyes, McLean, Metcalf, Reed, of Pennsylvania; Sackett, Shortridge, Waterman and Watson, of the Republicans, and Bayard, Blease, Glass, King and Thomas, of the Democrats.

The vote was looked on as the more significant, inasmuch as the Jones bill is squarely opposed to the program of President Coolidge to have the merchant marine of the Government sold to private interests as soon as practicable. Should the bill pass, it may meet a veto, and that will be followed by an effort to pass it over the veto.



## CONTEMPT DEFENSE LEGAL FIGHT LIMITS STORY OF KIDWELL

Justice Siddons Rules Against  
Admission of Affidavits  
Disputed by Juror.

IDENTIFICATION OF BURNS  
DETECTIVES ELIMINATED

O'Leary Loses Long Contest  
as Court Puts Check on  
Examination.

By NORMAN W. BAXTER.

Legal barricades erected by attorneys for Harry F. Sinclair and five other respondents in the contempt hearing growing out of the mistrial declared in the Fall-Sinclair conspiracy case, yesterday prevented the Government from submitting evidence in support of its contention that the Government's evidence was not admissible. The Government's evidence was not admissible, the judge ruled, because the respondents had not been given a fair trial.

Kidwell was on the stand all day in the court of Justice Frederick L. Siddons, but most of the time as a spectator while lawyers for the Government and the respondents argued the merits and demerits of their respective positions.

Because of the rulings of Justice Siddons the Government was not allowed to submit in evidence either of the long disputed affidavits in which Kidwell said that to the best of his recollection Frank J. O'Reilly and Barton P. Stewart, two Burns operatives, were men who approached him and engaged him in conversation. Neither was James J. O'Leary, assistant United States district attorney, allowed to draw from Kidwell testimony as to the state of mind growing out of incidents which occurred during the conspiracy trial.

Court Bans Affidavits.  
In so far as the affidavits were concerned, the court held that they could not be used to refresh the witness' memory, since he had indicated no doubt in his denial of ever having identified either man. Justice Siddons also held that they could not be used to impeach the witness, since he was the Government's own witness, and he decided, furthermore, that it was not permissible to use statements or papers, whether sworn or not, to contradict a witness.

As to the state of mind governing Kidwell during the trial, the court sided with the attorneys for the respondents that unless it could be shown that the state of mind was the result of actions committed by the respondents or their agents, the testimony was not competent. As a result, Kidwell was allowed only to state the fringes of incidents which had been fully brought out during the hearing of the intimidation charges against O'Leary.

The relevance, competency and admissibility of the testimony taking during the intimidation hearing was, in fact, as great a subject for dispute and argument during the day as Kidwell's immediate words. During much of the day it appeared to be the opinion of Justice Siddons that such portions of the testimony taken during the intimidation hearing as could be shown to be admissible would be submitted into the main contempt action. Attorneys for the respondents at various times insisted that the intimidation testimony remained in the case merely to enable the court to determine the weight of the evidence given by Kidwell and not as evidence in the main contempt proceedings. The final conclusion apparently upheld the contentions of the respondents.

O'Leary Loses Legal Fight.

The major struggle was, however, waged over the affidavits which had been made at various times by Kidwell. Mr. O'Leary, in behalf of the Government, sought by every means at his command to have them accepted in evidence. On several occasions he had the two disputed documents in the hands of Kidwell and once he obtained identification of the signature of one of them from the witness. Further, he said that he could not go. Fully nine-tenths of the time of the court was consumed in argument and the Government, both through O'Leary and through Maj. Peyton Gordon, United States district attorney, insisted that the court could infer the connection between the two affidavits and the testimony affecting Kidwell in reaching his decision.

Col. Martin W. Littleton, counsel for Sinclair, insisted that if the latter argument held good the respondents could be held responsible for the acts of Donald King and J. Roy Akers, the only two persons so far proven to have contact with any of the jurors. The justice of the case and not the infirmities of the Government's evidence would, he said, have to be considered.

The difference of opinion as to the admissibility of the testimony given by Kidwell during the intimidation phase of the proceedings hinged largely on the question of whether or not a trial Kidwell had then said was affirmative testimony. The witness had not, attorneys for the respondents contended, testified except as to matters which he had told Mr. O'Leary. It was acknowledged that there might be some slight portions of the testimony which was affirmative, but the great body of it was not admissible. It was insisted.

Kidwell's Story Limited.

The arguments, therefore, was that before such matters could become testimony in the main contempt hearing they must be testified to affirmatively. The court at first was of the opinion that it had been understood that the evidence in the intimidation hearing was part of the main hearing, its actual admissibility to be determined later. Attorneys for both sides agreed with this viewpoint, the law, however, for the respondents submitting that it was in the record merely for the purpose of enabling the court to weigh the credibility of the testimony given by the witness.

During such limited periods as Kidwell was allowed to testify he denied flatly having been approached by a man who approached him in the Museum grounds. He further denied having identified any one but Daniel McHenry as the man who approached him, got on a car with him and John Klein, another operative, as being a man he saw once at Horan's place on Horan's.

He was also allowed to say, after counsel for the Government had charged that the Government was merely seeking to evade the court's ruling, that after a man spoke to him at the west door of the courthouse he entered the juryroom and told him that he "didn't want to talk to him."

He also testified in some detail as to the circumstances under which he was state of mind growing out of incidents which occurred during the conspiracy trial.

Witnesses Are Subpoenaed  
In Teapot Dome Inquiry

(Associated Press.)

Preliminary steps in the investigation of the extinct Continental Trading Co., Ltd., of Canada, which has figured in litigation growing out of the leasing of Teapot Dome, probably will be taken today by the Senate public lands committee, with the actual taking of testimony deferred until early next week.

Senator Walsh (Democrat), Montana, who prosecuted the original oil inquiry, said the first step would be to read the transcript of the testimony in the Fall-Sinclair criminal conspiracy trial having to do with the operations of the Canadian company. The Government has charged Harry F. Sinclair paid over \$230,000 from the profits of the company to Albert B. Fall and his son-in-law, M. T. Everhart, a Pueblo, Colo., banker.

A batch of subpoenas for witnesses to appear at the opening of the hearing was issued last night, but Senator Walsh declined to make public the names, explaining that he did not think it was in the interest of the inquiry that he should do so at this time.

However, it is known that the committee desires especially to hear John D. Rockefeller, Jr., of the Standard Oil interests, George E. Vincent, president of the Rockefeller Foundation, and Robert W. Stewart, chairman of the board of the Standard Oil Co. of Indiana and one of those who guaranteed to the late A. E. Humphreys, a Denver, that the Continental Co. would make good on its contract to purchase 23,333.33 barrels of oil from his Mexican lands in Texas.

Stewart, who failed to testify at the civil trial of the Teapot Dome case at Cheyenne due to his absence from the country, is now in Venezuela on business for his company. Chairman Nye, of the investigating committee, said he had explained to him that Stewart went to South America by agreement with special Government oil counsel that he would return here for the resumption of the Fall-Sinclair conspiracy trial this month. Since that time that trial has been postponed until April 2.

The chairman said the committee would expect Stewart to be back in this country and ready to testify before the end of the month.

Classified Ads don't stay long in the Washington Post today. They secure today's results today.

Method Offered to Advisory  
Council as Solution of  
Fiscal Relations.

COMMISSIONERS MARKET  
SITE PROPOSAL OPPOSED

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Police Bureau Approved  
With Amendments.

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A. J. Osgood was named chairman of this committee, which consists of Charles L. Norris, McKim C. McKim, and the committee will ask Congress to install a refrigeration plant and other improvements at the market which was declared to be vital necessity to the needs of the community.

A motion protesting against the plan of school officials to place the colored high school students in the Toner School at Twenty-four and L streets northwest suggested the use of the Barrett School, at Fourteenth and G streets northwest as a suitable building for the 58 tubercular students.

Frank Van Sant, president of the association, declared transfer of the 15 students to the Toner School to the Grant School has resulted in serious congestion in the latter building.

Resolutions favoring passage of a Bureau criminal law for the District and a stricter vagrancy law were unanimously adopted by the association. District suffrage will be considered at the next meeting of the association.

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Edward M. Willis, who directed the drive, was presented with a traveling bag by Dr. J. P. Harris and Dr. Frederick Brown Harris addressed the meeting.

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## TAXES CHARGED FOR C. W. W. U. S. MAKING UP DEFICIT

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## SUBMARINE MOVES TO BE ANNOUNCED TO COAST GUARDS

Charts of Area Used by Diving  
Craft Supplied After the  
S-4 Collision.

## LATIMER CALLS RESCUE CREW BEST IN WORLD

Ellsberg and Hartley Know  
More of Salvage Than Any-  
one Else, He Holds.

New London, Conn., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Capt. Adolphus Andrews, commandant of the submarine base, has notified Coast Guard authorities here that in the future the Coast Guard will be warned of all movements of submarines operating out of New London. To this end Capt. Andrews already has forwarded a chart showing the different areas utilized by submarines from the base and to supplement these charts a complete list of submarine maneuvers out of New London will be given the Coast Guard each week.

Boston, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Nowhere in the world could a more experienced body of salvage experts have been assembled than was brought together for rescue operations on the sunken submarine S-4. Capt. Ernest J. King, directing salvage operations on that vessel, told the naval court of inquiry investigating the S-4 disaster today. The statement was made at the close of Capt. King's testimony in reply to a question by Rear Admiral Julian L. Latimer, a member of the court.

Best Posted Men in World.  
"After the arrival of Lieut. Comdr. Edward Ellsberg no other body of men with equal experience in the kind of work we could have gathered," he said. "I consider that he and Lieut. Henry F. Hartley, commander of the rescue ship Falcon, know more about submarine salvage than any other two men in the world."

The entire session today was devoted to hearing the testimony of two salvage officers, Capt. King and Lieut. Hartley. The latter still was on the stand at adjournment. Both maintained that everything humanly possible was done to save the lives of six men imprisoned

## Jazzless Radio Proves Popular at Illinois U.

Urbana, Ill., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—"Jazzless radio" was pronounced a complete success today by directors of the University of Illinois broadcasting station, WRMB, after a "jazzless" year on the air.

Believing "jazz" is not in keeping with the dignity of the institution, the university station broadcasts only classical and semiclassical music, interspersed with short talks by professors.

Complimentary letters from listeners throughout the continent during the first year of full operation without jazz attested the popularity of the classical program, said the WRMB directors. From Canada, the West Indies, New England, the South and the far West came the same refrain:

"We are tired of jazz all over the dial."

In the torpedo room of the S-4, in view of the stormy weather conditions prevailing the days immediately following the disaster.

At the close of his testimony, Capt. King made a statement to the court in defense of the efforts of himself and his colleagues in the rescue operations.

Everything Possible Done.  
"From the time of my arrival on the Falcon," said, "everything possible that could occur to any of us was canvassed, and to those of us who were on the spot the successive rescue steps as we went through the appeal to the only logical and reasonable steps to take. We were in full agreement."

Both of today's witnesses maintained that the personnel on the scene was ample and efficient, and the equipment adequate. Only the weather prevented success. It was Capt. King's estimate that, given perfect conditions, the bow of the S-4 could have been raised within 72 hours to release the imprisoned men.

Both witnesses were questioned by Lieut. Comdr. T. J. Doyle, representing the interests of the victims of the disaster, as to the possibility of dragging the sunken submarine into shallow water. They said that weather conditions would have made it impossible for divers to handle the heavy chains and hawsers which it would have been necessary to attach to the S-4 for towing purposes.

## Four S-4 Victims Buried In Arlington Cemetery

Funerals of four more of the crew of the ill-fated submarine S-4 were held in Arlington National Cemetery yesterday afternoon.

Funerals of the four victims of the disaster, which took place on the morning of the disaster, were held in Arlington National Cemetery yesterday afternoon. The four victims were: Lieut. Comdr. T. J. Doyle, Lieut. Comdr. T. J. Doyle, Lieut. Comdr. T. J. Doyle, Lieut. Comdr. T. J. Doyle.

## BUST OF COOLIDGE GIVEN TO AMHERST

Classmates Send Cablegram  
of Greeting to Executive  
at Havana.

New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—A marble bust of President Calvin Coolidge was presented today to Amherst College, by the President's classmates in the class of 1895. The presentation was made at a dinner of the New York Alumni Association of that college.

The President's classmates also sent to him in Havana the following cablegram:

"We have just presented a marble bust of yourself to Amherst College at Amherst, Mass. We are delighted with the character of your reception in Cuba and we hope you and Mrs. Coolidge our cordial greetings. The bust is the work of the sculptor Moses Dykstra. President Coolidge posed for it 30 minutes a day for more than three months."

## MAJOR HELD AFTER 6 SAILORS DISAPPEAR

Montevideo, Uruguay, Jan. 17 (A.P.)—Six sailors from the gunboat Flores Island, who were captured by M. J. Calvo, a Uruguayan, were held after the disappearance of six sailors from the gunboat Flores Island.

The man was rushed to the local jail by officials and according to police immediately went into a room, raving about his cell and tearing his hair. The arrest, made in Owosso, followed information given by carpenters employed in construction of a Flushing, Mich., schoolhouse, who declared the man bragged that when the rewards offered for the capture of the girl's slayer was large enough he would supply the necessary information to lead to arrest.

Deputy Sheriff Mark Tallthorpe, Henry Munger and Thomas Kelly of Genesee County sheriff's office, made the arrest. On the trip by automobile from Owosso, deputy sheriffs said Hotelling attempted to cut his throat with the pocket knife he had concealed. Hotelling was impelled to commit the crime by brooding over the Hickman case, he said in his confession, according to police.

## Brooding Kept Him Awake.

Although the complete text of his confession was not available, because the officers who took it rushed out of town with him, the stenographer's notes show that he declared the "terrible" Hickman case kept him awake night after night.

Hotelling said he spent sleepless night after sleepless night turning over in his mind the details of the Hickman case. When he picked up the Schneider girl and drove her on to the deserted road he told her he would kill her if she carried out her threat to tell her mother, according to the police notes. After he walked the girl across the field from where his car had stalled to the bank of Benson Creek, he repeated her threat and he did kill her, by stabbing her twice with a clasp knife. Hotelling asserted he did not torture the girl. She died from the knife wounds. He plunged the weapon through her heart, he confessed. Afterward he mutilated the body and finally threw it into the creek.

"I thought of the crime all the time. I thought of giving myself up last Saturday," he said.

Hotelling said he painted his car last Friday. When the hue and cry about a blue four-door sedan went up to the bank of Benson Creek, he hurriedly daubed it on, he said.

After the crime he drove down to Flint and then to his home in Owosso, he stated, according to police.

A short time after the alleged slayer had been spirited out of the city, an infuriated mob of more than 1,000 persons stormed the jail. Guards armed with tear gas projectiles held the

## SPREAD OF THE WAR TO BUSINESS THEOS IS EXPECTED BY YOUR READERS

General Trade Competition in  
Far East Indicated by  
U. S. Data.

## PRICE CUTTING CHARGED TO ROYAL DUTCH SHELL

Standard Has Accepted the  
Challenge Hurlled in India  
by Europeans.

New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—The oil war between the Standard Oil Co. of New York and the Royal Dutch Shell Co. of Europe may be but the opening gun in a general trade war for supremacy in the Far East, a war which could result in a "kill with kindness" while more than 100,000,000 gallons of oil are sold in the Far East in 1928.

Buying power is steadily increasing and oil is but one item for consideration by competing export nations. In 1928 this country sold about \$10,000,000 worth of petroleum to India alone, some \$9,000,000 gallons, and it is in India that the Standard Oil Co. is using desperate price-cutting methods to get a grip on the Eastern market.

Reason to believe that the oil war may spread to other fields in the Far East is seen in a recent prediction of Dr. Julius Klein, director of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the United States Department of Commerce.

Competition in all of the trade areas of the Far East, he said, "has been keen in the past and will be even keener in the future. Fortunately for us, perhaps, the purchasing power of the Orient has increased so rapidly that our sales in commerce have been only moderate degree at the expense of our competitors, but the time is coming when we will have a real struggle on our hands if the present rate of progress is maintained."

The Standard and Dutch Shell oil controversy started last summer when the Dutch Shell charged that oil for sale in the Far East was being sold at a price which was below the cost of production.

In a statement yesterday the Standard said its dealings with the Soviet Union were not out of accord with America's attitude toward Russia and that it would not be swayed from its policy. The Standard also said that the Dutch Shell only withdrew from the Russian field and started a price cutting campaign after failing to obtain a monopoly in Russia.

## Shot by a Woman, Aid to Prophet Dies

Belgrade, Yugoslavia, Jan. 7 (A.P.)—A woman, who was shot by a woman, died today. The woman, who was shot by a woman, died today. The woman, who was shot by a woman, died today.

Police declared the woman, Hana Bulic, who killed the prophet, confessed before she died that she had orders from the Macedonian revolutionary committee to kill him. Recently he conducted a police investigation into revolutionary activities, the investigation resulting in the arrest and sentencing to prison of several Macedonian students.

## Major Held After 6 Sailors Disappear

Montevideo, Uruguay, Jan. 17 (A.P.)—Six sailors from the gunboat Flores Island, who were captured by M. J. Calvo, a Uruguayan, were held after the disappearance of six sailors from the gunboat Flores Island.

The man was rushed to the local jail by officials and according to police immediately went into a room, raving about his cell and tearing his hair. The arrest, made in Owosso, followed information given by carpenters employed in construction of a Flushing, Mich., schoolhouse, who declared the man bragged that when the rewards offered for the capture of the girl's slayer was large enough he would supply the necessary information to lead to arrest.

Deputy Sheriff Mark Tallthorpe, Henry Munger and Thomas Kelly of Genesee County sheriff's office, made the arrest. On the trip by automobile from Owosso, deputy sheriffs said Hotelling attempted to cut his throat with the pocket knife he had concealed. Hotelling was impelled to commit the crime by brooding over the Hickman case, he said in his confession, according to police.

## Michigan Mob Storms Jail FOR KIDNAPER OF FLINT GIRL

Continued from page 1.

body was found in his clothing and an old Dodge sedan car in which he drove to the Mount Morris woods with the little victim prior to carrying out the deed, was found in a garage where attempts had been made to change its appearance by repainting.

## He Goes Into Hysterics.

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Hotelling said he spent sleepless night after sleepless night turning over in his mind the details of the Hickman case. When he picked up the Schneider girl and drove her on to the deserted road he told her he would kill her if she carried out her threat to tell her mother, according to the police notes. After he walked the girl across the field from where his car had stalled to the bank of Benson Creek, he repeated her threat and he did kill her, by stabbing her twice with a clasp knife. Hotelling asserted he did not torture the girl. She died from the knife wounds. He plunged the weapon through her heart, he confessed. Afterward he mutilated the body and finally threw it into the creek.

"I thought of the crime all the time. I thought of giving myself up last Saturday," he said.

Hotelling said he painted his car last Friday. When the hue and cry about a blue four-door sedan went up to the bank of Benson Creek, he hurriedly daubed it on, he said.

After the crime he drove down to Flint and then to his home in Owosso, he stated, according to police.

A short time after the alleged slayer had been spirited out of the city, an infuriated mob of more than 1,000 persons stormed the jail. Guards armed with tear gas projectiles held the

## 100 HIGH SCHOOL STUDENTS FORBIDDEN TO GO TO CLUB BY JUVENILE COURT

School Inquiry Started Following  
Aftermath of Chicago Senior Prom.

## AGENTS HOLD PUPILS HAD NOT BEEN DRINKING

Physical Director, Who Chap-  
eroned Party, Denies Charges  
Acted Unbecomingly.

Chicago, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—A committee of three principals was appointed to investigate high school social activities today, following a special meeting called after prohibition agents had raided the Club Bazaar party yesterday while more than 100 Mead High School students were present.

The appointment was made by William J. Hogan, assistant superintendent of schools, after school officials and students told of going to the club after the close of the school's senior prom. All officials and students denied the students had been drinking.

Frank White, prohibition agent, added his denial of student drinking to that of the school officials and student leaders.

"If every one in the place had been as orderly as the high school students, we would not have had any trouble," he said. "We seized quantities of liquor at the tables of older people, but did not find any at those occupied by students. The club bazaar was a party given by the school, and it is in India that the Standard Oil Co. is using desperate price-cutting methods to get a grip on the Eastern market."

Reason to believe that the oil war may spread to other fields in the Far East is seen in a recent prediction of Dr. Julius Klein, director of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce of the United States Department of Commerce.

Competition in all of the trade areas of the Far East, he said, "has been keen in the past and will be even keener in the future. Fortunately for us, perhaps, the purchasing power of the Orient has increased so rapidly that our sales in commerce have been only moderate degree at the expense of our competitors, but the time is coming when we will have a real struggle on our hands if the present rate of progress is maintained."

## Drinking Is Denied.

Students and school officials denied there had been drinking, but admitted the bazaar party lasted until 3:30 a. m. and that some of the male students got boisterous on the dance floor. Hogan, who was in charge of the party, said he did not see any one who was drunk.

"When I arrived I found 75 couples seated in horseshoe fashion about the center of the dance floor," testified Samuel J. Genter, physical director, who chaperoned the group. "As I entered I found three or four husky men standing near the bar. I saw one of them take a drink of beer. I did not see any boy or girl behave unbecomingly during the evening."

The prohibition agent, who was in charge of the party, said he did not see any one who was drunk. He said he did not see any one who was drunk. He said he did not see any one who was drunk.

## President Had Good Time.

Allen Schultz, class president, said prohibition agents had completed their raid on the night club when the students arrived.

"It was my first visit to a cabaret," he said, "and I can safely say the same for the other students. I saw one of them take a drink of beer. I did not see any boy or girl behave unbecomingly during the evening."

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## Coolidges, for Toasts, Drink Water in Cuba

Havana, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—President and Mrs. Coolidge rose to the occasion today when the inevitable cocktail added the question of prohibition to the many problems facing an American President on a visit abroad. They both met the situation by ignoring on one occasion and by sticking to water on another.

At lunch at President Machado's hacienda cocktails were passed around. But, whether by chance or intent it was not possible to determine, at that moment the attention of both President and Mrs. Coolidge was directed elsewhere than at the loaded trays.

At the official banquet in honor of the American President by President Machado tonight, to which all the delegates to the Pan American Congress were invited, President Coolidge answered in pure water to the toasts offered. Officials of the President's palace asserted that not only on this occasion but throughout his visit water was the only liquid diet of Mr. Coolidge.

## MAN, LOOKING IN MIRROR, SEES WIFE END HER LIFE

Interne Witnesses Tragedy  
While Shaving, He De-  
clares to Police.

## HAD HER WRITE NOTE

New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—In a shaving mirror that reflected his own lather-smeared face, Dr. Shepherd P. Povin saw his wife shoot herself to death today, he told police.

Mrs. Povin, who was employed by the Harrison Detective Agency of Chicago, left a note which broke off the incomplete sentence, "I shot my—"

Dr. Povin, an interne at the Coney Island Hospital, told police he had asked her to write the note so as to spare himself of all suspicion.

The assistant medical examiner said he believed the woman had committed suicide, because it would have been impossible for another person to fire the bullet through her body at the angle at which it penetrated her breast.

Dr. Povin said that when he awoke this morning the wife was seated on the edge of her bed writing. The note, which he turned over to police later, read:

"I am tired of living this way. I can not go on without my husband and I am afraid to go alone. My husband has enough money to take care of himself. I shot my—"

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## YOUTHS ARE FIRED ON FOR EXTORTION PLOT

Continued from page 1.

The death threat had fixed, two youths drove to the indicated spot. One of them leaped out and seized the decoy machine while the six detectives rushed to the spot. One of the youths fired a pistol, leaped into the automobile and his companion sped away under a fusillade from the detectives.

The detectives failed to get either a description of the boys or the license number of the car. Woodruff did not learn of the demand until today, when the mail brought him a second letter, which he said obviously had been typed by the writer of the death threat.

It was an apology. "The verdict for what happened Saturday night," it said, "I never did anything like that before and never will again. I got the scare of my life."

## MINE RIOT DEATHS ARE LAID TO POLICE

State Officers in Colorado  
Held Responsible by a Cor-  
oner's Jury.

Walsenburg, Colo., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Responsibility for a clash between striking miners and police here January 12 was placed directly on the State police in verdict rendered by a coroner's jury investigating the deaths of two strikers killed during the disturbance.

The verdict, rendered in the case of the killing of Clements Chavez, a striker, said the riot was "unprovoked," and that the State police showing "total disregard for human life by firing through windows into the street outside and we do recommend further investigation into the case."

Shots were fired Thursday's outbreak when the miners retreated to the W. W. headquarters building here after a dispute over a strike of 750 strikers. Chavez was shot by a State policeman as he stood in a window of the building. The police charged he was firing at them.

Dr. Gregory Ackerman Dies at 75.  
Wheeling, W. Va., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Dr. Gregory Ackerman, 75, well-known surgeon and writer of books on medicine and surgery, died at his home here today.

The morning field is thoroughly covered with Post Classified Ads. Quick results at nominal cost. Just phone Main 4205.

## Aviator Is Missing In Raging Snowstorm

Boise, Idaho, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Fears for the safety of Fred Hoyt, air pilot, in northern Utah or southern Idaho, in a blinding snowstorm, increased here today. Hoyt has been missing since Saturday, when he left Salt Lake City on a flight to Boise.

The missing aviator is a sales manager of the Starmark Aircraft Co. of Wichita, Kan., and was en route to Boise to deliver to the Varney Air Mail Service here.

## Dry Referendum Bill Introduced in Jersey

Trenton, N. J., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Republican leaders tonight introduced in the senate party measures for a prohibition referendum which would ask the voters at the next election to decide whether Congress should be memorialized to permit the States to determine whether liquor is to be sold in their States. The State Republican platform pledged the party to such a measure. E. Bertram Mott, State chairman, has declared against it, as have many Republican women.

Duke of Bernhard, Patron of Arts, Dead.  
Weimar, Germany, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—The Duke of Bernhard, the last regent of the former Duchy of Saxe-Meiningen, died today at the age of 77 years. He was a patron of the arts and liberally supported the famous Weimar Court Theater.

## MOORE IS SPEAKER AT VIRGINIA NIGHT OF BOARD OF TRADE

Representative Declares Dis-  
trict Entitled to National  
Representation.

## BACKS 60-40 SYSTEM OF APPROPRIATIONS

Dougherty Welcomes Guests  
From Alexandria, Arlington  
and Fairfax Counties.

Expressing himself as opposed to local suffrage, but in favor of national representation for the District, Representative R. Walton Moore, of Virginia, speaking last night at the "Virginia night" meeting of the Board of Trade, at the Willard Hotel, declared he did not believe the city government would be better by election of officials, but added he would vote for the right of the people to select their own representatives in Congress and the electoral college.

Speaking on fiscal relations between the Federal and District governments, Mr. Moore stated "It was never thought we ought to weigh in an apothecary's scale the Federal Government's contribution." He indicated that if the 60-40 plan was not resumed, he had a method to quiet the agitation, but would not throw "a monkey wrench into the machinery" at this time.

Leading officials of Alexandria, Arlington and Fairfax Counties, and the District Commissioners, in addresses, stressed the cordial relations existing between the two communities, and the mutual benefit that would result as a consequence of this cooperation. In addition to Representative Moore, those who spoke were: Commissioner Sidney F. Taliaferro, F. C. Goodnow, vice president of the Alexandria Chamber of Commerce, Maj. Carey Brown, of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, State Senator Frank L. Ball, of Arlington County, and E. C. Graham, president of the board.

Former Senator Gore speaks. Senator Carter Glass, of Virginia, was unable to attend because of illness, and his place on the speaker's platform was taken by former Senator Gore, of Oklahoma. The platform was flanked by members of the Virginia Park and Planning Commission, as well as leading officials of northern Virginia.

Dwelling on the cooperation of the two communities, Senator Ball declared Washington as their home, stating Virginia "furnished the fellow who named your city." He spoke of the broad vision of George Washington in planning the city, and he asserted he was the greatest city planner of all time. He declared the practice of a Fairfax County official in enforcing a regulation of the Virginia vehicle law requiring District motorists to purchase automobile tags of that State. This, he declared, nearly cost a bloody war as a result of misunderstanding and prejudice. He lauded the work of the local business men in going to Gov. Byrd and settling the controversy speedily and amicably, and said he hoped the Virginia Assembly would wipe out the offensive section of the law.

Business men of Washington were charged with overlooking a golden opportunity in the industrial possibilities of Alexandria by Mr. Goodnow. He declared his city has excellent water and mail facilities, and unlimited resources in men and material. He compared the industrial sites available to "acre of diamonds," and said Alexandria could be developed along industrial lines with any detriment to the "city beautiful."

Dougherty Welcomes Guests. Commissioner Dougherty, in welcoming the Virginia guests, declared "Virginia was known as the mother of States and statesmen," and spoke of the interests of the Virginia Park and Planning Commission, with those of the similar body of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission.

Spoke briefly. City limits are only a political or administrative line, he said. He declared, in outlining the plans of the National Capital Park and Planning Commission, which affect both Virginia and Maryland.

A report of the committee on public schools, submitted by Thomas P. Little, chairman, rejected the Casque bill for the election of officials of the board of education on the ground there was no civic demand for the bill, and the present school board was described as being well administered.

Frank P. Leach, the board's delegate to the Rivers and Harbors Congress, submitted a report of the proceedings of that body, and Harold P. Kraft spoke on "Thrift Week." Congressmen and State Senators were invited to the board of Trade Quartet and a buffet supper was served. President Graham presided.

## Kurski New Soviet Ambassador to Italy

Moscow, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—D. I. Kurski, former commissar of justice of Soviet Russia, today was appointed Ambassador to Italy.

Kurski, prominent in Soviet councils since the establishment of the Bolshevik government, will all the post recently held by Leonid Krasin, who was expelled from all government positions and membership in the Communist Party as an opponent of the policies of Joseph Stalin, general secretary of the Communist Party.

T. W. Lamont to Visit Egypt.  
New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Thomas W. Lamont, of J. P. Morgan & Co., will sail for Egypt from Boston tomorrow, aboard the Laurentic, it was announced today. Mr. Lamont will make an extended tour along the River Nile, and will visit the Sudan.

EVERY day Nettletons are winning new friends because of their custom lines, fine leathers and perfect making. They are fit to take gentlemen anywhere.

## Goldheim's

Apparel for Gentlemen—Established 1875

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Every Department throughout this En-  
tire Store is offering remarkable values  
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upon which our reputation has  
been built.

F STREET CORNER OF 13TH

## COLOMBIA RECRUITS TO FIGHT FOR SANDINO

Committee Formed in Bogota  
to Aid Young Men Against  
Marines.

Bogota, Colombia, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—A private committee has been formed here to aid young men desirous of going to Nicaragua to enlist in the forces of Augusto Sandino in order to fight against armed intervention by the United States in Nicaragua.

El Tiempo, a local newspaper, discussing the Nicaraguan situation, asks the government to define the attitude to be taken by the Colombian delegates to the Pan American Conference in case American activities in Nicaragua were discussed.

Managua, Nicaragua, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—President Adolfo Diaz, in reply to the Nicaraguan situation, asks the government to define the attitude to be taken by the Colombian delegates to the Pan American Conference in case American activities in Nicaragua were discussed.

For years the members of the Kahn family have been members of the fashionable Episcopal Church on Park avenue. At the time of the marriage of Albert Kahn, it was announced that he would retain his Protestant faith but that children of the union would be reared Catholics.

With the marriage of Margaret, Roger Wolf Kahn is left the sole unmarried child of New York's most lavish patron of the arts.

Two Frenchmen Killed in Argentine Crash.  
Buenos Aires, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—The pilot and mechanic of a French airplane of the Latécoere Co. were killed near



## TRADE AIRWAYS FOR LATIN-AMERICA AIM OF NEW YORK-MAN

Approval of Commercial Lines Over South America to Be Urged at Conference.

SERVICE FROM KEY WEST TO HAVANA DEDICATED

French, British and German Enterprises in Race for Trade Supremacy.

Havana, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—The aviation committee of the sixth Pan American Conference will be requested to take action for the possible opening of commercial airways over all of Latin America.

J. T. Trippe, president of the Pan American Airways, Inc., of New York, who arrived here today, states that he will meet delegates of the 21 Latin American nations represented on the aviation committee in the expectation that approval and opening of air lines in the south will be forthcoming.

Several Cuban officials of high rank, including Secretary of War Dr. Rafael Turisla, and Secretary of the United Works Carlos de Cespedes y Ortiz, this afternoon took a few hours off from the official program of entertainment for President Coolidge to officiate at the dedication of the Pan American Airways line here. The affair, held at Columbia Field, 6 miles west of Havana and at the official military flying field, was attended by several hundred persons.

Passenger service starts tomorrow, with four trimotored Pottier planes in operation between Key West and Havana.

Nations Start Trade Race.

(Associated Press.)  
A race by commercial airways for the rich trade of the growing countries of South America is under way, with the United States, Great Britain, France and Germany contending.

Announcement of plans of French, British and German air enterprises to enter Latin America spurred the United States into action, and Col. Lindbergh's trip to Mexico City, through the Central American countries to Panama and Venezuela, and homeward by way of Havana, has stirred enthusiasm for airways in the countries he has visited.

President Coolidge's interest in Col. Lindbergh's trip and in the projects for American airways into the Latin American countries is well known. He has had a Cabinet committee working on plans as to how the United States can assist commercial enterprise in extending airways into the countries to the south. The Postmaster General, the Department of Commerce, the Navy Department and the War Department all have been assisting in the work.

The first move to help private enterprise extend airways to the south was introduction of a bill in Congress authorizing the Postmaster General to make four-year contracts for carrying foreign mail by air.

Bids Call Expected.  
Passage of that bill, which provides a payment not to exceed \$2 a mile for carrying foreign mail by air, is expected to be followed immediately by a call for bids on a route from Havana to Central American cities and Panama, and another from New Orleans by way of Houston, Brownsville and Tampico to Mexico City. It is not unlikely also that, should the Canadian authorities approve, a call will be made for a service between New York and Montreal.

The pending legislation also would permit the Postmaster General to contract for air mail to Europe or to Asia as soon as commercial aviation has progressed to that stage.  
The foreign air mail service now operating between Key West and Havana is the first link in the route to Central and South America. The operator of that service contemplates establishment of a triweekly service to Colon by way of Havana, Belize, in British Honduras, and Puerto Barrios, in Guatemala, then railroad to Guatemala City, where an overnight stop would be made. La Union, Salvador, the railroad for San Salvador, would be the next stop, then to Managua, Nicaragua, and Port Limon, Costa Rica.

## Over the Coffee Cup

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN was born 222 years ago today.

He gave much to the American cause and also left us a remarkable lesson in thrift and good business judgment.

In line with this consider the fact that Wilkins Coffee offers you the utmost in quality and yet offers it at a very sensible price.

just wonderful

## AIR MAIL TO FOLLOW LINDBERGH TO LATIN-AMERICA



United States air mail service is destined to follow Col. Charles A. Lindbergh into Latin-America. British, French and German projects for South American air service have helped spur United States efforts to establish lines.

with its rail connection to San Jose. From there the coast would be followed to Colon.

A number of changes in this route have been proposed and Col. Lindbergh's experience on his trip is expected to result in the Government in determining the best route to be selected. The Navy has charted the radio stations along the route where meteorological information is available to fliers and has also gathered much information as to landing fields, both permanent and emergency.

Eventually it is believed a direct route from Havana to Colon can be inaugurated for the carrying of the large quantity of mail passing back and forth between the United States and South American countries. Such a route would expedite delivery by several days.

Negotiations have been begun with Mexican postal authorities for an air mail route connecting Mexico City with the United States. Postmaster General Harry S. New has signified his preference for the coast route by way of Brownsville and Tampico. Mexico postal officials, it is understood, are unable to decide whether that route or one to island by way of Monterey to Laredo is the better.

To provide air mail service from Latin America to the United States, those countries will be required to make arrangements in accordance with regulations of the Universal Postal Union for payment of the mails carried by air to the United States. The American Government will be required to pay transportation of all air mail dispatched from the United States to all countries to the south.

LONDON NEWSPAPERS HIT AT COOLIDGE'S ADDRESS

Had Nothing to Say of Nicaragua, Says News; Some Less Caustic.

NAVY PLANS RECALLED

London, Jan. 17 (Tuesday) (A.P.).—The Pan American conference and President Coolidge's address to it occupy much space in this morning's papers, drawing rather outspoken comment from some journals, especially the liberals.

The Daily News likens the speech to Hamlet with both the Prince of Denmark and the ghost omitted. "Mr. Coolidge left out the chief characters in an otherwise excellent performance," says the news. "He had a good deal to say about Columbus, but nothing about Nicaragua and Mexico. He insisted that nowhere on the American continent are great military forces maintained to overawe or subjugate other nations, but neglected to mention that the United States is considering a great expansion of its Navy."

"It was also unfortunate that only a few hours before he pointed out the American habit of respecting the sovereignty of small nations, United States bombers were dealing out death and terror among so-called Nicaraguan rebels."

Recognizing that the President went to Havana "in a spirit of friendliness and good-will and that in the circumstances he needed courage to go at all," it is plain that the United States Government realizes at last the extent to which its aggressive and imperialistic policy has alienated the sympathy of the whole of Latin America and is anxious to make amends and prove its benevolent intentions. Latin America has outgrown all selfish interpretations of the Monroe doctrine and will no longer submit to the supreme dictation of a single state. Peace is not to be established by talking pious generalities.

The Westminster Gazette says: "Probably not another nation in the world could produce such an address. Open self-praise culminating in the scriptural quotation, 'We have been slow to anger, &c.' is the familiar tune of the United States. The sovereignty of small states does not seem to be entirely respected by the United States."

After further comments in this strain and the admission that apart from passages which it criticizes the speech was admirable, the Gazette concedes: "Action is frequently a poor comment upon aspiration, and Mr. Coolidge probably was not worse off in this respect than would be the head of any other state."

The Liberal Chronicle views the address more amiably, seeing an explanation of the tone of President Coolidge's speech in the difficulties with Mexico and Nicaragua.

"The President's exultation over the New World's doings is not meant to depreciate the Old World," says the Chronicle, "but to conciliate Latin America by including it within a common pride. Certainly the South Americans would be very unwise to raise the Monroe Doctrine issue at this time. It is not a threat to them, whatever it may be to little states on the isthmus, and the United States is in far stronger position to uphold it than ever before. No Old World power can think of interfering with her."

Dawes, Acting President, Observes Day as Usual

With President Coolidge on foreign soil, Vice President Dawes was in reality acting President of the United States yesterday, but to him it was no different from all the other days he has been called upon to preside over the Senate. Gen. Dawes was at his office in the Senate Office Building early in the day; conferred there with visitors; opened the Senate at 10 a. m.; had luncheon in his office at the Capitol at the usual hour, and spent most of the remainder of the day presiding over the Senate, which did not adjourn until 5 p. m.

## Pan Americans Appreciate Coolidge's Goodwill Speech

Numerous Delegates See Tacit Promise of American Leadership to State of Ideal Solidarity and Mutual Help in Havana Address.

Havana, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—President Coolidge tonight found the reward for his efforts in journeying far from home at a time of immense activity in Washington in the knowledge that the vast majority of the delegates to the Pan American Congress he addressed this morning appreciated to the full the spirit of his inaugural speech.

A preliminary canvass of opinion in the delegations of the twenty Latin American delegations here showed in general that Coolidge's message of good will and international helpfulness was all the more appreciated by his listeners because they read in his speech a tacit promise of American cooperation and, in fact, of leadership toward the ideal of Pan American solidarity and mutual help which he advocated in his address.

Some delegations expressed privately disappointment that Coolidge did not discuss in particular American problems in her relations with her southern neighbors, defining more exactly the role which the United States intended to play in this in Western Hemisphere. World affairs in general, and the trend which it would like to see the conference take.

Others said they regretted that Coolidge had kept his speech to generalities and had not found occasion to particularize more as to the kind of problems he regarded most threatening to pressing and had not been able to suggest solutions for them.

## PRESIDENT URGES AMERICAS TO COOPERATE FOR AMITY

CONTINUED FROM PAGE 1.

a closer and more complete international harmony.

Although the audience which jammed the Cuban National Theater was predominantly Spanish speaking, President Coolidge frequently was interrupted with bursts of enthusiastic applause. This was taken up spontaneously by the vast crowd, which, owing to its unfamiliarity with the English language, had come more to see, than to hear. The tumult rose first among the few who understood, to be carried back in waves to their neighbors on the main floor, to the boxes and the balcony and finally to the far distant seats in the gallery.

Almost Frenzied Happiness.  
It was in this atmosphere of almost frenzied happiness that Mr. Coolidge spent his second day in the capital city of Cuba. Long before he came out of the National Palace with President Machado to start the procession to the theater, great throngs of people, who fought each other for a glimpse of President Coolidge, lined the plaza in front of the Cuban executive's home. As many as could obtain places in the narrow streets along the line of march jostled one another for a position of vantage.

The more fortunate Cubans of high station had found places in the theater, but they behaved little differently in their excitement from the mass of the people, who fought each other for a glimpse of President Coolidge in the streets.

It seemed as if thousands leaned over their balconies, garlanded with roses and ivy, while hundreds, turned back by the police, scrambled to the tops of office buildings, even though they knew they would be rewarded only with a glimpse of Mr. Coolidge's auburn hair. They were good natured, but they bucked at the authority of the soldiers who had formed a cordon on both sides of the avenue to keep them within reasonable bounds.

Mighty Crescendo of Cheers.  
At last President Coolidge, in high silk hat and frock coat, appeared in the doorway of the Cuban Palace. The crowd in the plaza had started cheering the moment they saw his aide come out. But when they saw the President himself their cries leaped in a mighty crescendo that swept itself along the line to the theater. "Viva el Presidente!" they cried. When Mr. Coolidge passed, the men waved their hats enthusiastically. They had not spent themselves in yesterday's tumultuous welcome, and again produced flags and flowers, as if by magic, to wave and toss as the procession went by.

To those who have watched President Coolidge respond to applause in his own country, it seemed as if he were inordinately touched by this unusual display of enthusiasm. He bowed and smiled continually, keeping his hat off to it frequently in acknowledgment.

President Machado, riding by his side, nodded his head occasionally, but was punctilious in keeping in the background, so that he might not detract from what was obviously the American President's show.

In the second car Mrs. Coolidge rode with Senora Machado, and she, too, received her share of acclamation, and waved her hand cheerily and smiled in her usual spontaneous way.

The spectacle of cheering Cubans was repeated when the President returned to the palace, and again when he set out shortly afterward for a 20-mile drive into the country for luncheon at President Machado's hacienda. At the theater Mr. Coolidge sat on a flag-draped stage behind a long table with the Cuban executives and Secretary of State Kellogg and Rafael Martinez Ortiz, Cuban secretary of state. President Machado spoke first, laying

## C. C. CONTROL OF AUTO TRANSPORT LINES URGED

Joint Federal and State Regulations Proposed in Examiner's Report.

RAIL COMPETITION CITED

(Associated Press.)

Motor vehicle operations for transport of passengers and property over public highways should be regulated by cooperation of the Federal and State governments under supervision of the Interstate Commerce Commission, it was held yesterday in a special report terminating a Nation-wide investigation.

Leo J. Flynn, attorney examiner for the commission, who heard the evidence, recommended the regulatory system, and suggested legislation necessary to make it effective. Transportation by motor vehicles operating as common carriers is "a well-established, useful and permanent factor in the Nation's transportation system," Flynn's report said, while railroads, it added, have suffered from competition "they have no more economic right to any traffic than had the canals and stage coaches which once opposed railroad construction."

The report held that regulatory intervention by Government was necessary to avoid economically wasteful rivalries. It suggested that State regulatory commissions take original jurisdiction and that joint boards representing two or more States with representation from the Interstate Commerce Commission should act when operations extend beyond two or more State lines. From the decision of such boards, right of appeal to the Interstate Commerce Commission would be allowed. The regulation would apply equally to independent operators and to railroads or public utility companies and operators would not be allowed until the boards had found them necessary in the public interest. Operations begun before March 2, 1928, would be considered as established and in case any State refused to apply the regulation, the Interstate Commerce Commission would act for its territory in fixing rates and charges and supervision of operation.

## REED GROUP TO REPORT ON SMITH CASE TODAY

Barring of Illinois Senator-Elect From Seat Is Fore-shadowed.

WILSON CHARGES FRAUD

Barring Senator-elect Frank L. Smith from the Senate in a short time was foreshadowed yesterday when Senator Reed, of Missouri, chairman of the special committee on campaign expenditures, gave notice he would present today the report of the committee on the Smith case.

The report covers the additional hearing which the committee had recently and the committee's recommendations. It is well known the committee favors refusal of the oath to Senator-elect Smith. It also favors declaring the seat vacant.

Senator Reed will speak briefly today. Senator Deneen, of Illinois, will speak in behalf of his colleague. One or two other senators are planning to speak.

(Associated Press.)  
Wholesale fraud, in registration and voting in Philadelphia, Allegheny and four other counties in Pennsylvania, was charged in an amended petition filed with the Senate yesterday by William B. Wilson (Democrat), who is contesting the seat of his Republican opponent, William S. Vare.

Wilson charged specifically that during and after the senatorial election on November 2, 1926, a conspiracy was carried out by the Republican city central committee of Philadelphia, the various ward committees, the various division committees in connection with the various officials of the city of Philadelphia, and that a similar conspiracy was likewise entered into by similar persons in the counties of Delaware, Schuylkill, Luzerne, Lackawanna and Allegheny.

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Tuesday, January 17, 1928.

## THE RECEPTION AT HAVANA.

The cordiality of the welcome accorded to President Coolidge at Havana is most significant. In any case the Cuban people might be expected to receive a President of the United States with expressions of good will, but the manifestations at Havana in honor of President Coolidge evidently signify more than a tender of good will. The Cuban people are demonstrating their complete confidence in the faithful purpose of the United States to deal honorably with the American sisterhood of nations. Through their tumultuous welcome to Mr. Coolidge the Cubans are showing to all Latin-American republics that they appreciate the part which the United States has played in Cuba's history, and that they are eager to do their share in promoting close friendship and intercourse between Cuba and the United States.

In his address President Coolidge cited Cuba as a "complete demonstration" of the progress that is being made by the American republics. He said:

Thirty years ago Cuba ranked as a foreign possession, torn by revolution and devastated by hostile forces. Such government as existed rested on military force. Today Cuba is her own sovereign. Her people are independent, free, prosperous, peaceful and enjoying the advantages of self-government. The last important area has taken her place among the republics of the New World. Our fair hostess has raised herself to a high and honorable position among the nations of the earth. . . . What Cuba has done, others have done and are doing.

The response by President Machado was equally eloquent in testifying to the close friendship and confidence that mark the relations of Cuba with the United States.

The American critics of the United States Government, who are only too eager to denounce it for alleged "imperialism" in Nicaragua, should bear Cuba in mind when they try to prove their case. What the United States is doing in Nicaragua is inspired by the unselfish motive that caused this Nation to go to the rescue of Cuba. Not an inch of Nicaraguan soil is in danger of seizure by the United States. The American people are not covetous of Cuba or of Nicaragua or of any other land. They do stand for the maintenance of self-government in this hemisphere, and they approve of using the influence and strength of the United States in behalf of neighboring peoples who are struggling to establish orderly and constitutional governments. They are opposed to all attempts to overthrow free government, whether the attempt comes from overseas or from conspirators in this hemisphere.

The Pan American conference is held for the purpose of mingling the ideas of all the republics for the sake of promoting better communications, closer intercourse, a more complete understanding and greater prosperity for all. This purpose will be achieved. The governments of Pan America are collaborating with the United States, not opposing it. The spirit of mutual cooperation prevails. They are conscious of the truth of President Coolidge's remark that "all nations here represented stand upon an exact footing of equality. The smallest and the weakest speaks here with the same authority as the largest and the most powerful."

President Coolidge has voiced the true sentiments of the American people. His reception at Havana is proof that he is received as a friend, representing the friendly American people. In the atmosphere that prevails at Havana, where large and small republics gather as equals and friends, there is nothing to encourage the hateful and disloyal spirit that would sow discord among the nations by charging the United States with selfishness,

aggressiveness and imperialism when it has the courage to befriend a helpless and distracted neighbor.

## THE PUBLIC UTILITY INQUIRY.

In his remarks yesterday before the Senate committee on interstate commerce, in support of his resolution proposing an inquiry into public utilities, Senator Walsh stated that he had added a provision for inquiring into the contributions made by those utilities for the purpose of influencing elections. "I did that," he said, "because there is a view entertained by not a few people that the State commissions are not really functioning as they ought to, and it is contended that they are not functioning as they ought to because these utility corporations are constantly contributing large sums to control elections, and in one way or another they thus control State conventions."

Senator Bruce immediately took exception to this remark, and said: "This is not true as far as Maryland is concerned." He added that under the Maryland law public utility corporations are forbidden to make political contributions.

Apparently the public utility commissions of other States wish to reply to the suggestion that "they are not functioning as they ought to." The representative of the National Association of Railway and Utility Commissioners asked to be heard by the committee. He stated that a committee had already been appointed by his association "to consider just what statements should be made to your honorable committee."

So far as known, the only case in the United States where charges of impropriety have been made in this connection was that in which Samuel Insull, head of Illinois Utility Corporations, contributed to the campaign fund of Frank L. Smith while Smith was chairman of the State Utility Commission. No charge was made against the commission itself, and the people of Illinois elected Smith to the Senate in spite of the universal knowledge that Insull had contributed to his campaign fund.

It is inconceivable that the utility commissions of the various States are susceptible of influence by political contributions from the corporations they are required to regulate. These commissions are usually, if not in every case, bipartisan, and in some States contributions are prohibited. Senator Walsh, no doubt, had these facts in mind when he remarked, in reply to Senator Bruce: "I do not undertake to assert that there is any truth whatever in the charge."

Presumably the State commissions will make the point that an inquiry by the Senate into matters entirely within the jurisdiction of the States would be going far afield. They may ask the committee to point out the authority of Congress in the premises.

## THE NATION'S FIRE LOSS.

During 1927 America's total fire loss amounted to \$320,000,000, a lower figure than for any year since 1919. In 1926 the fire loss amounted to \$393,000,000. It is estimated that fully 70 per cent of the fires resulted from preventable causes, carelessness undoubtedly being the leading factor.

The average American will not take fire seriously. He lets inflammable matter collect in out-of-the-way corners. He stores combustible materials in flimsy containers. He throws lighted matches out of the window or into dry leaves in the forest. He shakes ashes from his cigar or cigarette into the waste basket. Consequently the Nation is called upon to pay a fire bill of \$320,000,000 in a single year, and during the past 49 years has dug down into its pockets for some \$10,000,000,000, almost the amount owed to the United States in war debts by the allied nations, to pay for conflagrations.

Fire, and fire prevention, is an intensely personal matter. Even though an individual may be fortunate enough never to experience a conflagration in his own home or business, indirectly he is called upon to pay his share of the cost of every fire. A goodly portion of his tax dollar is utilized to pay the expenses of the local fire department. In the cost of every article he purchases is contained a charge for fire insurance and fire losses.

Not all fires are preventable. The majority, however, are. If America will take time to take care in this connection it will mean millions of dollars saved every year.

## A CURE FOR SEASICKNESS?

All honors should be bestowed upon Dr. F. Dammert, a Munich practitioner, if, as he claims, he has invented a genuine cure for seasickness. Dr. Dammert is a former ship's doctor. During his seafaring days he had ample opportunity to study the vagaries of the illness properly called mal de mer, as a result of which he says he has discovered its underlying cause. Seasickness is described as "the concomitant derangement of opposing nerve forces." The treatment, instead of considering symptoms, as has been the general practice in the past, is said to reach the fundamental cause.

By utilizing a mixture called naseutin I and II, which, after being atomized and saturated with oxygen, is administered to the patient through a face mask, Dr. Dammert has been able to report a percentage of 68.8 radical cures, 18.6 per cent temporary cures, and only 12.6 per cent failure. This record was made after a month's actual experiment upon more than 200 stricken travelers on the steamship Stuttgart.

Those who are susceptible to the ailment will have to be shown. Nothing is more distressing than a typical case of seasickness; no derangement has defied treatment more completely. Sometimes the landlubber, after an attack or two, finds his sea legs and becomes immune. But cases of inveterate susceptibility to seasickness have occurred among veteran seafarers, who undergo torture at the outset of every voyage. The world cries out for a cure.

## PIRATES OF MOBJACK BAY.

Tidewater Virginia has again resumed its place in the war news. Virginia's navy is clearing decks for action in Mobjack Bay, where the oysters are so fat as to excite the cupidity of the oyster pirates. Capt. Bush, commander of the Katie, found it impossible to cope with the desperate men who are robbing the State's oyster beds with the aid of dredges. The doughty captain reports to the governor of the Commonwealth that he was driven from his position in the bay through the attack of the pirates, who fired "seven volleys from more than 25 high-powered rifles," and in spite of the fact that 175 shots

apparently resulted in no casualties, he appealed to the governor for reinforcements.

Three companies of the National Guard of Virginia have been mobilized for action and ordered to Gloucester County, Gov. Byrd having declared that while the State is not taking part in the row between the dredgers and private individuals who had leased certain sections of the oyster grounds, he feels that it is the duty of the State authorities to protect those leased grounds from unlawful dredging.

It is not likely that news from the seat of the Virginia oyster war will prove as thrilling as the news from Nicaragua. However, if that news lacks sensational details, it will at least serve the purpose of diverting the attention of newspaper readers from crime news for a few days. The pirates of Mobjack Bay must and shall be suppressed.

## ANOTHER WORLD WAR.

Open war has been declared by the Standard Oil Co. of New York against the Royal Dutch Shell Co., which is under British control. Price cutting in India has begun and it is hinted that it may spread to other parts of the world. The dispute arises over the attempt of the Royal Dutch Shell to exclude from India the oil obtained by the Standard from Soviet Russia. The Standard asserts that the Royal Dutch Shell sought to obtain a monopoly of Russian oil before the breaking off of diplomatic relations between the British and Soviet governments. Both companies had purchased Russian oil before that time, and the Standard gives notice that it intends to complete its contracts for the purchase of Russian oil, and to sell it in India. The price war in that field, it announces, will cost the Royal Dutch Shell \$12,750,000 a year and the Standard \$4,000,000 a year.

Naturally, the consumers of the world are not excited over the grievance of the Standard against the Royal Dutch Shell on account of the latter's decision to cut prices. The Standard says: "At no time has this company deliberately undercut the prices of its competitors or offered secret or other rebates to undermine the position of its competitors."

Open competition is welcome to all consumers, no matter how pernicious it may seem to the oil companies. Let them go to it, and may the field of warfare spread over the whole globe! Americans have no fear that the old reliable Standard Oil Co. will prove a weakling in the strife.

## PULVERIZED COAL FUEL.

The shipping world has followed with interest the maiden voyage of the Mercer, reconstructed by the Shipping Board. It is the only steamship in the world to utilize pulverized coal as bunker fuel. The Mercer has just returned from Rotterdam, to which port she was sent with a full cargo in order to test the value of the new fuel. The record was most significant. Outward-bound, she ran into continuous stormy weather, but despite all handicaps she averaged 9 knots for the trip and arrived at her destination ahead of schedule. Homeward-bound she made even better time, and arrived two days ahead of schedule. The fuel saving for the entire voyage, as compared with the cost of ordinary fuel, amounted to \$5,000.

The use of pulverized coal for fuel is of great importance to the American merchant marine, offering, as it does, one method by means of which the cost of operating American vessels may be reduced. With the bulk of American commerce being carried by vessels of foreign register a concerted effort is afoot at the present time designed to restore the sea greatness that once belonged to the United States. Obviously reduced freight rates would have an important bearing upon freight movements, for if American shipping interests were able to establish rates beneath those charged by foreign shipping companies, the shipping problem would vanish overnight.

Pulverized coal burners will not of themselves solve the problem. They can, however, aid in its solution. The Mercer has demonstrated that a new and economical method of firing steamship boilers has been evolved. Undoubtedly it will be utilized in future construction.

## RAIL VS. BUS.

The railroads no longer attempt to conceal the fact that bus competition hurts. All types of rail traffic have been cut into by the bus and truck. Passengers, especially on short hauls, have indicated a preference for bus travel. Shippers have realized the fact that between not too distant points their wares can be transported cheaper with gasoline than with steam. The railroads have been fighting bus competition with every means at their disposal. In many instances they have entered into bus and truck operation on their own account, frequently with satisfactory results. Bus and truck utilization, however, entails scrapping of much valuable equipment.

The Pennsylvania and the Reading railroads recently announced drastic fare cuts between Philadelphia and New Jersey seaside resorts in an effort to meet the "critical situation" arising from motor bus competition. The reductions, amounting to approximately 45 per cent, take effect January 22, and will be continued, according to the announcement, "experimentally until October 31, with a view of determining the extent to which the public prefers the train over the bus, or vice versa, as a means of transportation."

Bus and railroad competition in the Philadelphia area has been intensified as a result of the opening of the Delaware River Bridge a year ago last July. Although the same service has been maintained by the Reading, for example, its revenues have suffered a loss averaging between 25 and 35 per cent.

The public reaction to the experiment will be interesting. If the railroads in question can carry traffic with profit at a rate reduction of 45 per cent, something has been wrong with the old rate schedule. In view of the regulations governing railroad operation it does not seem possible that the old rates were much out of line. The conclusion must be drawn, therefore, that the 45 per cent reduction will establish a rate level at which only losses can be sustained. The experiment then becomes meaningless. If the railroads can compete with the buses only by operating at a loss, the sooner they are abandoned the better it will be.

If a cold night makes you think sufficient fresh air can creep in around a closed window, you are definitely middle-aged.

The hard part of being sick is making the doctor think you are sick without making him think you are bawling.



Havana.

## LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

## The Grand Old Issue.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Perhaps if The Post had consulted its own news columns, which contained a full report of the Jackson Day dinner, more carefully, it would not have asked, "But what is the issue?" which over-capped its editorial comments relative to the dinner in the Saturday paper. It should have kept right on reading till it reached Senator "Jim" Reed's speech, and in that it would have found the main issue, which is, "Turn the rascals out!" When Reed sounded this note every Democrat began to feel at home, even amidst the sumptuous and luxurious appointments of the Mayflower, where the dinner was given. "Turn the rascals out!" is the main Democratic issue, as it always has been, and there is no need for further search. REPUBLICAN OF THE OLD SCHOOL.

## A Proposed Bus Line.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: With your permission the writer begs to submit a few observations relative to the much-mooted question as to the transportation service covering that portion of the District of Columbia north of the United States Soldiers' Home, through to Takoma Park and adjacent vicinity, east of the line of the Capital Traction Co. running out third street northwest.

At a recent meeting of the Manor Park Citizens Association an official of one of the bus companies made a statement to the effect that his company was losing money. In view of this statement, the writer would submit the following suggestions that may perhaps aid this bus company in overcoming this condition.

In addition to the fast-growing population in this section, the Masonic and Eastern Star Home is located. It is practically inaccessible, as it is about four blocks from the nearest car line, and in order to visit the home it is necessary for pedestrians to find their way over muddy fields as well as across the tracks of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad. Now as there are about 26,000 members of the Masonic lodges and about 16,000 members of the Order of the Eastern Star, it is obvious that many would visit the home if it could be easily reached.

There is a bus line which makes its terminal near the Soldiers' Home, over 1 mile from this section, which could at a very small expense be extended at least as far as Rittenhouse street, via Blair road, upon and near which many persons reside who are employed in the city, and who would be glad to patronize such service. F. L. THOMPSON.

## Federal Districts.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: Senator Caraway's bill to recede the Maryland part of the District to Maryland, is taking the opposite direction to the logic of the trend of creating special federal districts, wherein is situated the seat of government.

The senator should have introduced a bill to "recapture" the Virginia part of the original District that was mistakenly receded to Virginia in 1846.

While the federal districts of Mexico, Brazil and Argentina are only federal districts in name, yet each one has back of it a history which has its genesis in the Federal District created by the men who devised our Federal Constitution. But the federal district of Australia is all in name and fact that our Federal District is, and more.

In Australia the new capital, Canberra, is in a federal district almost as large as the State of Rhode Island. The district is owned in fee simple by the Commonwealth of Australia. The district is under the local government of three commissioners appointed by Parliament, with the Parliament as the common council, just as Congress is the common council of our Capital City. The Parliament also provided that there should be no suffrage in the federal district. It also provided a

## Hard-Boiled Guy

By ROBERT QUILLEN

DURING the war between the North and the South, an officer of high rank was walking alone in a field of pines and came unexpectedly upon a young private who wore the uniform of the enemy.

The private was armed; the officer was not.

"Surrender!" cried the young private. He was pale and his hands trembled, and as the officer eyed him steadily and smiled he added: "Surrender, damn you!"

"Don't be scared, sonny," said the officer. "I won't bite you."

The youngster's profanity confessed his fear.

The world contains many men, most of them in primitive environments who are hard of heart, devoid of sentiment, coldly selfish and naturally quarrelsome. But in civilized communities, the men who seem to be hard-boiled are in nearly all cases play actors.

Their hard-boiledness is a pose, and the pose is what psychologists would call a "defense mechanism." The very fact of pretense proves that a man is trying to conceal what he really is, and the fact that he pretends to be hard-boiled proves that he is a weakling and is conscious of his weakness.

Only those who are afraid need curse to generate courage; only those who are not sure of themselves need bluster to make an impression; only those who have a yellow streak feel the need of pretending to be "tough."

It is the shameful consciousness of immaturity that causes normal small boys to affect "toughness." When they become men, if ever they do, they drop the pose; they no longer feel the need of it.

Only the victims of arrested development go through life so conscious of immaturity and weakness that they must pretend to be hard-boiled in order to feel respectable.

The ass put on the lion's skin to hide his own. There isn't any other reason for a pose.

A normal man is one who can make himself feel important by speaking contemptuously of great men he chances to know.

It must be nice to be so sure of yourself that you don't think it necessary to knock a show in order to show how high-brow you are.

Don't flatter yourself. Your goodness is no proof of superiority if your blood is so cold that temptations don't interest you.

(Copyright, 1928.)

special city district within the federal district of 64 square miles. The city proper is four square miles in area, and immediately surrounding the city is a strip of parkland with a total area of twelve square miles.

It is here suggested that Senator Caraway amend his own bill so as to be more in conformity with the trend of modern thought in what should be the ideal of a federal city and a federal district.

GROVER W. AYERS.

## Democratic Harmony.

To the Editor of The Post—Sir: So harmony prevails in the ranks of the Democratic party once more. So we are assured by the proclamation of those who gathered at the Jackson Day dinner. Looking, however, behind the scenes and seeing the dry voting contingent south of the Mason and Dixon line, and the wet attitude of Gov. Smith and his New York backers, it looks very much like the old story of the man on his death bed forgiving his enemy. If he died the forgiveness was to stand, but if he recovered the old fight was to go on.

Harmony is a beautiful word—when used as to politics or church relations. But as all that glitters is not gold, so all that is harmony does not harmonize.

So long as the wet and dry dispute is before the people there can be no harmony in Democratic ranks. Prohibition is constitutional; but that does not make it effective. Down South prohibition, in the eyes of the whites, is a good thing for the negroes, and should apply to them only, leaving the whites outside. A country doctor was once told that buttermilk was a cure for typhoid fever. He tried it on an Irish patient, and the patient recovered. The doctor entered in his book, "Buttermilk certain specific for typhoid." Soon after he had another typhoid patient. This time it was a Holland Dutchman. He administered buttermilk, and the Dutchman died. He turned to his former entry and added, "Sure cure for an Irishman; death for a Dutchman."

So it is in the dry-voting and wet-

## PRESS COMMENT.

## Just as Good.

Richmond Times Dispatch: Well, Houston is just as good a place for the Democrats to quarrel as Detroit, where it is possible they would have flattered.

## The Astonishing Accent.

San Francisco Chronicle: Probably the thing that really astonishes your friends after you learn French by mail is your accent.

## With Mustard.

Detroit News: A bird and animal store in Missouri advertises that a good dog fills an empty place in a man's life. Er—we'll have a little mustard with it, thanks.

## There'll Be No Choice.

Boston Transcript: "If I owned hell and Texas," said Phil Sheridan, "I would rent Texas and live in hell." About the middle of July will the Democratic party feel the same way?

## The Difference.

Atchison Globe: In a monarchy the citizen knows what he can't do and what he must do. In a republic a citizen hardly knows what to do.

## Unconquered Al.

Indianapolis Star: Gov. Al Smith scarcely could run on an economy platform when he expends 30,000 words in a legislative message.

## Prosperous Mr. Tunney.

Des Moines Register: A glance at the sport page brings us the assurance that Gene Tunney is not among those worrying over the outlook for a "full dinner pail" this year.

## Proof.

Atlanta Constitution: The Melbourne Post, published by farmers of Australia, has been sold after losing \$655,000 in two years of its publication. This proves that a farmer knows as much about running a newspaper as a newspaper knows about running a farm.

## Always Unwilling.

Indianapolis News: In refusing to join France in a treaty condemning only aggressive war, the United States may have realized that countries are usually unwilling to stop fighting long enough to favor a congressional committee with evidence about who started the fight.

## Earthquake Warnings.

Topika Capital: Advance warning of earthquakes will be given in the ringing of electric bells, thanks to an invention by a Japanese scientist, hereafter in Japan. It is appropriate that a Jap made the discovery that earthquakes are invariably preceded by slight premonitory tremors, since Japan is the home of these disturbances. At the same time, if Japanese people are to be alarmed by earthquake bells whenever there is sufficient agitation to start them ringing, it is possible the invention may cause more harm than good. Japanese earthquakes number in the thousands, and only now and then are they serious disturbances.

## Car and Truck Loadings.

Rochester Democrat and Chronicle: The reported drop in freight car loadings during 1927 is not the indication of falling business it would be if it were not for the vast number of motor trucks which are carrying a considerable amount of the freight once shipped by rail. This comparatively new industry has already reached proportions of respectable magnitude and is on the increase.

## QUEENS.

By CLINTON SCOLLARD, in Commonweal. Deirdre was queen of sorrow, And queen of beauty, Maeve; Their crumbling cairns look seaward Across the hollow wave. Beauty leads but to sorrow When all is said and done, So in our hearts' remembrance These lovely queens are one.



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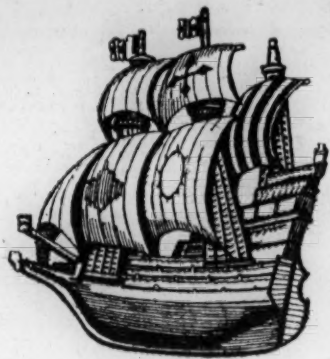
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**Ash**  
1217 Conn. Ave.  
A Shop of  
Individuality

Final Clearance  
of

**All Winter Coats**  
FUR-TRIMMED, PLAIN AND  
SPORTS COATS  
AT COST AND LESS  
THAN COST

**All Evening Gowns, Wraps, Day  
Dresses and Cloth Dresses**  
Drastically Reduced

**All Winter Millinery Half Off**

Everything taken from our regular  
stock of high-class apparel.

Beautiful clothes and hats for the  
warmer climate of the South.

The Rose  
Airplane Fleet

DO you know that every year thou-  
sands of roses are transported via  
airplane from one country to another?  
Do you know that this mode of trans-  
portation has grown to such vast pro-  
portions that a regular fleet of fast air-  
planes is required to carry this flower  
cargo each year?—known as the Rose  
Airfleet?

Listen in over WRC tonight at 6:45  
p. m., at which time Gude "Says it With  
Flowers" to thousands of interested  
flower lovers. You will be entertained  
with some unusual and heretofore un-  
known features of flower transportation  
via wire and airplane.

**Gude Will Send  
Your Floral Message  
Via Wire or Air  
Anywhere—Anytime**

Ask Us About  
This Modern Delivery Service

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CO.**

Three Stores for Your Convenience

1212 F St. N.W. 1102 Conn. Ave.

Main 4278 3103 14th St. N.W. Main 1102

Col. 3103

Members of Florists Telegraph Delivery Association

## CAPITAL SOCIETY EVENTS

THE British Ambassador and Lady  
Isabella Howard returned last  
evening from New York where  
they passed several days.

The Ambassador of Chile, Senor Don  
Carlos G. Davila, went to New York  
last evening and will return on Thurs-  
day.

The ambassador will entertain at a  
luncheon Thursday in honor of the  
aviators who made the good-will flight.

The Minister of Egypt and Mme.  
Samy Pasha will be at home this after-  
noon at the legation from 5 until 7  
o'clock when there will be dancing.

The Minister of Poland and Mme.  
Ciechanowska will entertain at dinner  
in honor of Mr. Jan Paderewski, former  
prime minister of Poland, and Mme.  
Paderewski on Thursday evening.

Senator and Mrs. Peter Goetzl Gerry  
and Representative and Mrs. Parker  
Corning will entertain Friday night at a  
small dinner dance at the Montome-  
ry Country Club. Senator and Mrs.  
Gerry will have at their week-end  
guests Maj. and Mrs. John A. Warner.  
Mrs. Warner was formerly Miss Emily  
Smith, daughter of the Governor of  
New York and Mrs. Smith.

Senator and Mrs. Ellison D. Smith,  
of South Carolina, have taken a house  
at 1807 Belmont road and are now  
there with their family.  
Miss Isabelle Smith, who is attending  
the Converse College in South Caro-  
lina, will pass her holidays with her  
family.

Representative and Mrs. Henry Win-  
field Watson entertained at dinner last  
evening when they had sixteen guests.

Representative and Mrs. John C. Allen  
of Illinois, have as their guests at the  
Washington Hotel, their son and daugh-  
ter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. John C. Allen,  
Jr.

## Will Receive Today.

Mrs. A. S. Wallace Dempsey, wife of  
Representative the Dempsey of New York;  
Mrs. Thaddeus C. Sweet, wife of Repre-  
sentative Sweet of New York; and Mrs.  
Harcourt J. Pratt, wife of Representa-  
tive Pratt of New York, will be at home  
this afternoon at the Mayflower from 3  
until 6 o'clock.

They will be assisted by Mrs. Wil-  
liam M. Jardine, wife of the Secretary of  
Agriculture; Mrs. Porter Dale, Mrs. John  
Chew Pison, Mrs. James S. Parker, Mrs.  
B. H. Swell, Mrs. Cordell Hull, Mrs. May-  
hew Wainwright, Mrs. Hamilton Fish,  
Jr., Mrs. Frederick Davenport, Mrs.  
Everett Sanders, Mrs. Daniel Reed, Mrs.  
C. M. Palmer, Mrs. Clarence Hancock,  
Miss Ravens Pratt, Miss Margaret  
Davenport, and Miss Ruth Reed.

Mrs. Dempsey will entertain at a  
luncheon on January 25, in honor of  
Mrs. Burton J. Mitchell.

Senora Consuelo Yglesias de Agado,  
wife of the Counselor of the Chilean  
Embassy, entertained at a tea yester-  
day afternoon. Assisting were Mrs.  
Stokely Morgan, Senora Dona Helen  
Roy de Mejia, wife of the Second Sec-  
retary of the Legation of Salvador;  
Mme. Ramirez, wife of the Charge  
d'Affaires of the Legation of Paraguay,  
and Mrs. John Conniff Shepherd.

## Mme. Sable to Arrive.

The Naval Attache of the French  
Embassy, Commander Louis Sable, who  
has had an apartment at the Wardman  
Park Hotel since his arrival the first  
part of December, will be joined about  
the 1st of February by Mme. Sable,  
who is sailing from France on January  
25. Commander Sable has leased the  
house at 1810 Wyoming avenue, for-  
merly occupied by his predecessor in  
office, Capt. Wilkin.

Mme. Martin Schlumpert, wife of the  
Secretary of the German Embassy, has  
gone to New York to remain until Fri-  
day.

Interstate Commerce Commissioner  
and Mrs. Thomas F. Woodcock enter-  
tained informally at dinner at the  
Wardman Park Hotel Sunday evening,  
having as their guests Mr. and Mrs.  
William Franklin Sauts, Mr. Joseph B.  
Eastman, chairman of the commission,  
and Miss Elizabeth Byrne, sister of Mrs.  
Woodcock.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hays Hammond  
and Miss Elizabeth Hammond have  
gone to Florida for the remainder of  
the winter.

Former United States Ambassador to  
Spain, Mr. Alexander P. Moore, of  
Pittsburgh, is at the Willard.

Mrs. J. Mayhew Wainwright and  
Miss Laura Fontrose Wainwright have  
returned to Washington and will be at  
home on Wednesday, January 25, from  
5 until 7 o'clock at 1761 R street.

Mr. and Mrs. James Clement Dunn  
are in New York, where they are stay-  
ing at the Ambassador Hotel.

Mrs. Frank Osborne Foster will be at  
home informally this afternoon after  
4:30 o'clock.

Mrs. Alvin T. Hart entertained in-  
formally at luncheon yesterday at the  
Willard.

## Ellises Give Dinner.

Mr. and Mrs. Wade Ellis entertained  
at dinner last evening when their  
guests were Senator and Mrs. Frank  
Willis, Senator Arthur Capper, Mrs.  
Jacob Leander, Representative and  
Mrs. Wallace Dempsey, Mr. and Mrs.  
Wilbur J. Carr, Mr. and Mrs. Charles  
L. Marshall, Mr. and Mrs. Isadore Dock-  
weiler, of California.

Mrs. Ellis will entertain at luncheon  
today. Mr. and Mrs. Ellis will entertain  
at dinner on January 25.

Mrs. William Ordway Partridge is  
passing a few days at the Mayflower.  
Mrs. Partridge divides her time between  
Washington and New York, where their  
debutante daughter, Miss Margaret  
Livingston Partridge, makes her home.  
Miss Partridge will be one of Miss Lydia  
Archbald's bridesmaids at her wedding  
the early part of March to Lieut. Elliott  
B. Strauss, United States Navy.

Mr. William Waverly Taylor, Jr., has  
issued cards for a tea-dance on Sat-  
urday, January 21, from 4 until 6:30  
o'clock at the Lotus.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Golden L'h.  
Ruggles have gone to Florida to pass  
about six weeks at the Pensacola Coun-  
try Club.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Reid Yates will go  
to New York Friday to pass the week-  
end with the latter's brother-in-law  
and sister, the Rev. Dr. and Mrs. G.  
Alexander Johnston Ross. They will  
attend the wedding Saturday of Miss  
Olive Anderson, daughter of Mrs.  
Chauncey Anderson, to Mr. Horatio  
Wood 3d, of Philadelphia, which will  
take place in the Church of the Trans-  
figuration, and will be followed by a  
reception in the Park Lane Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Cabot Stevens, who  
planned a reception in honor of Mrs.  
Alfred J. Broeseau, on Friday, February  
3, have changed the date to Thursday  
afternoon, February 2, from 4:30 until  
7 o'clock. The date has been changed  
so that the presidents and speaker of

## The Okie Galleries

always pays highest cash prices  
for old silver, gold and diamonds

The Okie Bldg., 1040 Conn. Ave.

the 33 patriotic organizations who will  
attend the convention on national de-  
fense at that time may attend.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvin Dodd are passing  
the week in New York at their apart-  
ment on Park avenue.

## Sail for Florida.

Commander G. H. Sausbury has  
sailed for an indefinite stay in Florida  
on the S. S. Berkshire. Col. Robert  
Sterrett also sailed for Jacksonville on  
the Berkshire.

Col. Harvey Lindley will be host at  
dinner at the Willard this evening  
when covers will be laid for 75.

Miss Delphine T. Heyl is passing a  
few days at the Weylin Hotel, New  
York.

Miss Ann Storey and Miss Gertrude  
Storey, daughters of the late Judge and  
Mrs. L. J. Storey, of Austin, Tex., are  
visiting at Congress Hall Hotel.

Mrs. Sinclair Bowen will not be at  
home Thursday afternoon, January 19,  
but will receive the following Thurs-  
days in January.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry N. Rickey had  
with them over the week-end at the  
Wardman Park Hotel their oldest son,  
Mr. Harry North Rickey, Jr., who re-  
turned to Detroit, where he now makes  
his home, yesterday. Mr. and Mrs.  
Rickey entertained a party of young  
people on Saturday evening for their  
son.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Mark For-  
man, of Brooklyn, have taken an  
apartment at the Wardman Park Hotel  
for several weeks.

## Return to Capital.

Maj. and Mrs. Hobart Hopkins have  
returned to their apartment in the  
Meridian Mansions after passing the  
holidays in California.

Mr. and Mrs. Dallett Wilson have  
taken an apartment at the Wardman  
Park Hotel for the early spring.

Mrs. D. C. Shea has issued cards for  
a tea on Sunday from 4 until 6 o'clock.

Mrs. Horace Van Deventer, of Knox-  
ville, Tenn., has arrived to visit her  
mother, Mrs. Horace Lorton, at her  
apartment in the Farnsworth.

Mrs. John Blandish will start to-  
day for Florida for the remainder of  
the winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Knox have  
closed their home at Manchester, N. H.,  
and have taken an apartment at the  
Wardman Park Hotel for the spring  
months.

Mr. and Mrs. Stanley Dolan, of San  
Francisco, have returned from a brief  
visit made in New York and are again  
at the Mayflower.

Mr. Victor Sudd entertained at a tea  
yesterday afternoon in honor of Miss  
Genevieve Hendricks and to mark the  
opening of the Clippis Studios at 1612  
Twentieth street.

Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs.  
J. Franklin Harris, Capt. and Mrs. War-  
ren T. Purdy, Mr. and Mrs. John  
Brewer, Capt. and Mrs. Jared Wood,  
Miss Mary Lindsay, Miss Isabel Bacon,  
Miss Sue Gantt, Mr. Wilbur Paige, Mr.  
J. Howard Bibbins, Miss Lillian Smith,  
Mr. Ross Wheat, Miss Dorothy Rigg,  
Miss Mary Dabney Davis, Mrs. Luta P.  
Hendricks, Mrs. Frederick Austin Ogg,  
Miss Mildred O'Neill, Mr. and Mrs.  
Heath D. Davidson, Mrs. Robert W.  
Davis, Miss Elizabeth Stetson, Mr. and  
Mrs. J. G. Byars, Mr. Carl Loman, of  
Nome, Alaska; Miss Gloria Licken, Dr.  
L. R. Wagner and Mrs. M. K. Metcalf.

Mrs. John McCarrison poured and was  
assisted in serving by Miss Gertrude  
Sherman, Mr. Richard Purdy and Miss  
Elizabeth Purdy, and Mr. Caldwell  
Breker. Miss Hendricks has just com-  
pleted remodeling and redecorating the  
premises.

## Here From New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Wood, of New  
York, are staying at the Mayflower for  
a short time before starting on a trip  
to Portland, Ore.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Weir have closed  
their cottage at Hot Springs, Va., and  
are at the Wardman Park Hotel for a  
month's stay.

The Army and Navy Junior officers  
will give the third of a series of dances  
at the Carlton on Saturday evening,  
from 10 until 2 o'clock.

Announcement has just been made of  
the marriage at New York last Thurs-  
day of Mr. Martin Codel, Wash-  
ington newspaper correspondent, and  
Miss Ella April, of Washington. Mr.

## DAILY BUS to

**BALTIMORE  
PHILADELPHIA**  
Stops at Aberdeen, Harrisburg, New  
York, Philadelphia, Wilmington, Balti-  
more, and Washington, D.C.  
MITTEN TOURS  
Leave Gray Line Office  
Pennsylvania Ave. and 14th  
Phone Gray Line, Main 800

YOU and your friends are cor-  
dially invited to an exhibi-  
tion of

**French Alpine and  
American Scenes**

By Hildegard Hamilton

at the

**OKIE GALLERIES**

1640 Connecticut Avenue

Monday, January 16, to

Saturday, January 21,

Inclusive,

10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Furniture Repairing  
Upholstering

Chair caning. Porch  
rockers splinted. One-  
half on all tapestries,  
mohairs and velours.

**For Two Days Only**

Send for samples and  
free estimates

Write, Phone or Call  
Franklin 7483

**Clay Armstrong**

1233 10th St. N. W.

Near 10th and N Sts. N.W.

Codel is a 1924 graduate of the Uni-  
versity of Michigan. Miss April is a  
graduate of George Washington Uni-  
versity, class of 1927. Mr. and Mrs.  
Codel will be at home after January 20  
at 1109 Sixteenth street.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis S. Cass have  
come from their home in Waterloo,  
Iowa, and have taken an apartment at  
the Wardman Park Hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. William Draper Lewis,  
of Philadelphia, are passing a few days  
at the Mayflower.

Mrs. Coolidge has accepted the in-  
vitation of the Episcopal Church Home  
Board of Managers as patroness for the  
card party to be given Tuesday after-  
noon, January 24, at 2400 Sixteenth  
street as the annual benefit for the  
home, which is located within the  
shadow of the cathedral, at Wisconsin  
Avenue and Macomb streets. All  
churches in the diocese of Washington  
are keenly interested in the success  
of this party, and representatives from  
all churches are assisting in the plans  
for the event, the committee being  
headed by Mrs. Judson Cobb.

Other patrons and patronesses for  
the benefit party are Mrs. Frank B.  
Kellogg, wife of the Secretary of State;  
Judge and Mrs. Wilbur R. Turner, Rear  
Admiral and Mrs. H. F. Huse, Represen-  
tative and Mrs. B. N. Snell, Mrs. Delos  
Blodgett, Mrs. Freeman Clark, Mrs.  
Robert Crain, Mrs. Peter Drury, Mrs.  
Victor Kaufmann, Mrs. Louis Mackall,  
Mrs. Charles Graves Matthews, Mrs.  
Percy Quinn, Mrs. H. L. Rust. Tables  
for the event are being taken rapidly  
and may be had of the chairman, Mrs.  
Cobb, or any member of the committee,  
including Miss Susan Hacker, Miss  
Blanche Harris, Mrs. Edward S. Ken-  
nedy, Mrs. James Huntington Turner, Mrs.  
Rust Smith, Mrs. William Channing  
Johnson, Miss Marian Crenshaw and  
Miss Sally Hews Phillips.

Among the guests at the Wardman  
Park Hotel over the week-end were Mr.  
and Mrs. F. A. Richmond, Mr. and  
Mrs. C. C. Haven, Jr., of New York; Mrs.  
Paul Reinhardt, of New York; Mrs. J.  
Magee Ellsworth, of New York; Mr. and  
Mrs. Victor Kaufmann, of Harrisburg,  
Pa., accompanied by Miss Mary Todd  
and Miss Jeanette Halgroad; Mrs. W.  
Richison Schofield 3d, of Philadelphia,  
and Mrs. T. C. Frost, of San Antonio,  
Tex.

## Visiting Atlantic City.

Mrs. S. M. Cross and Mrs. Ashmun  
Brown are at the Chalfonte-Haddon  
Hall, at Atlantic City, N. J.

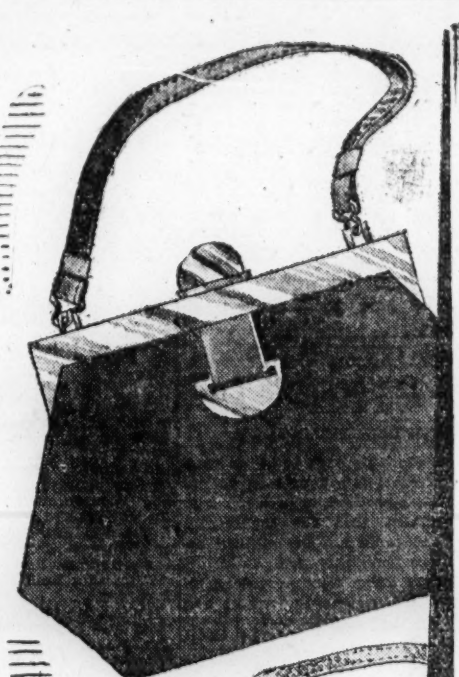
## Woodward &amp; Lothrop

10th, 11th, F and G Streets

## HANDBAGS

Specially Priced

\$3 \$5



This special selling includes handbags, that are  
copies and adaptations of designs from famous  
Paris makers—and every bag is far below the price  
for which it would regularly sell. New shapes,  
new leathers, new frames. Fittings differ, but all  
bags are handsomely lined.

At \$3

At \$5

Back-strap Pouch of Al-

ligator Calif.

Shirred Pouch of Pin

Seal.

Goat Leather Back-strap

Pouch.

Back-strap Pouch, with

modernistic clasp.

Calf Pouch, with pass-

port pocket.

Antelope (imitation)

Pouch, with double

compartment.

Two-tone Calf Pouch.

Ecrase Leather Pouch.

Triple-top Suede Pouch.

Disc-like Suede Pouch.

Shark-grain Calf Back-

strap Pouch.

Alligator-grain Calf

Pouch.

Shell (imitation) Frame

Pouch, with Knob.

Ecrase Leather Pouch,

with back strap.

Novel Tab-clasp Suede

Pouch.

Alligator-grain Pouch,

with lipstick clasp.

Pin Seal Back-strap

Pouch, with Tab-clasp.

Pouch, with Knob Clasp

and Gold-metal Frame.

**In the Most Wanted Shades of Tan,  
Brown and Black**

LEATHER GOODS SECTION, FIRST FLOOR.



## Grandmother Knew

There was nothing so good for congestion and colds as mustard. But the old-fashioned mustard plaster burned and blistered.

Musterole gives the relief and help that mustard plasters gave, without the plaster and without the blister.

It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. Gently rub it in. See how quickly the pain disappears.

Try Musterole for sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bitten feet, colds of the chest (it may prevent pneumonia).



Better than a mustard plaster

## Cairo Hotel

Que at 16th—North 2106

Single Rooms From \$50

Double Rooms From \$60

Also Suites of Two or More Rooms

EXCELLENT RESTAURANT

## TILDEN HALL

Conn. Ave. at Tilden. Cleve. 2693.

Unfurnished Apartments in an Apartment Hotel

One room, kitchen and bath, \$49.50 to \$55.00

Three rooms, kitchen and bath, \$87.50 to \$100.00



## Face Powder Satisfaction

Black and White Face Powder is the choice of beautiful women everywhere because it gives face powder satisfaction.

This flower fragrant powder is made of the finest materials and boiled through silk to give it a soft, even texture. It comes in just the right tint to enhance the natural beauty of your skin.

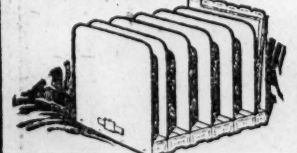
Black and White Beauty Creations are of a quality acceptable to those who seek the best, at prices within the reach of all—25c and 50c.

## BLACK AND WHITE Face Powder

HIGHEST QUALITY SOLD EVERYWHERE



**Saves Your Time!**



## Kleradex

"Clears Your Desk—Speeds Up Work"

WHY waste your time? Use Kleradex—the modern, handy way of distributing letters, papers, bills, etc. Equals six baskets or trays in the space of one.

Kleradex is made of interchangeable steel compartments. Add or remove sections as desired. Finished to match your furniture. Let us show you how Kleradex will add to your efficiency.

STOCKET FISCHE CO. PRODUCING STATIONERS. 515 E. ST. N.W. WASHINGTON, D.C.

## ROBINSON DECARES STAFF FOR HOOVER: DENIAL BY MELLON

Treasury Head Says There Is Luck in Leisurely Selecting Candidate.

NOT OBLIGED TO TAKE POSITION, HE ASSERTS

Navy Assistant Secretary States He Will Work for Californian.

The Hoover for President campaign was again to the fore in political developments yesterday with Assistant Secretary of Navy Robinson declaring for him and Secretary of the Treasury Mellon emphasizing that published reports that the Secretary of Commerce was his choice had not originated from him.

"I haven't given any indication as to the presidential candidacy," Mr. Mellon said. "That is something I have nothing to do with at all. I am not indicating any position in this matter. I have not indicated to any one what I plan to do in the convention."

"This is something that comes up every few days. I am not obliged to take any position. There is luck in leisure."

Wants Firm Stand by New York.

Robinson, an influence in New York politics, said that inasmuch as President Coolidge and Charles Evans Hughes had refused to run, it was for the party in New York to make a firm position at the coming convention in favor of the nomination of the best-equipped man for the high office of President.

In the Senate, prediction that Hoover will be the next President was made by Senator Shortridge, of California, during the tariff debate. When Senator Copeland, of New York, asked him how the Secretary of Commerce stood on prohibition, he assured that he will "make himself clear to the American people on every issue and will continue the policies of this administration."

The title began when Senator Shortridge observed:

"The next President was born in Iowa." Senator Harrison (Democrat), of Mississippi, protested incredulity. "You mean the next President?" he asked.

"I was not referring to myself," the California senator replied. "I was referring to Mr. Herbert Hoover."

Copeland Once Republican.

Senator Copeland wanted to know how long the Secretary of Commerce had been a Republican.

"For a very long time," said Senator Shortridge. When Senator Copeland said that the Secretary of Commerce was "flirted" with the Democrats, Shortridge said he would not be surprised if the Senator who had refused to nominate him next year. He recalled, too, that Senator Copeland used to be a Republican, and the New York senator countered with the statement that he became "ashamed" of himself and left the party.

In the course of the exchanges, Senator Shortridge said he was convinced that Senator Borah's vote against the tariff bill in 1922 "forever closed the doors of the White House to him."

Statement by Robinson.

The Robinson statement follows:

"Much as I regret the decision of the President not to be a candidate for the Presidency in 1928, I am convinced that the President meant what he said. That being the case, I am convinced that Hughes' refusal to be a candidate, the State of New York is left without a candidate for the Republican nomination."

"I believe that the Republican party of the State of New York is obligated to the Nation, to the national Republican organization and to its own members to take a firm position at the coming Republican national convention in favor of the nomination of the best-equipped man for the high office of President."

"As a voter and taxpayer this matter has been carefully considered by me. After consultation with men in my own county organization, interested as I am in the welfare of the Nation, I am convinced that the Hon. Herbert Hoover should receive the nomination at Kansas City."

"I make this announcement without any previous consultation with Mr. Hoover and solely for the reason that I firmly believe his nomination and election will be of benefit to our country. I propose to devote what time I have at my disposal to the support of Mr. Hoover's nomination and election."

U. S. TRADE BALANCE

\$681,707,000 IN 1927

Was \$377,772,000 in 1926;

Imports Considerably Below Last Year.

(Associated Press.)

A favorable trade balance for the United States of \$681,707,000 last year was announced yesterday by the Commerce Department, which fixed exports at \$4,806,160,000 and imports at \$4,124,453,000. The balance in favor of the United States in 1926 was \$377,772,000.

While American exports for 1927 were slightly above those of 1926, which total was \$4,808,660,000, the imports for 1927 fell considerably below the 1926 total of \$4,430,888,000.

This department fixed December, 1927, exports at \$469,000,000, against \$465,369,000 for December, 1926, while imports were \$331,000,000 against \$359,462,000.

AVOID UGLY PIMPLES

A pimply face will not embarrass you much longer if you get Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets.

The skin should begin to clear after you have taken the tablets a few nights.

Cleanse the blood, bowels and liver with Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets.

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## SENATOR GOES ON RECORD: 54 TO 34, FOR CUT IN TARIFF

Continued from Page 1.

Reed, of Pennsylvania; Robinson, of Indiana; Sackett, of Ohio; Shortridge, of Missouri; Smead, of Wisconsin; Warren, of Wisconsin; Watson, of Illinois; and Wendell, of Kentucky.

Democrat—Broussard and Kendrick.

Total—34.

While Senator Bingham was unsuccessful in effecting his change in the resolution it did, as passed, reflect the temper of the House Democrats, who, while tariff revisionists in the main, are not so when it comes to certain schedules. Senator McMaster, who originally prepared it to call for a downward revision of rates without any qualification, he was influenced to modify it to apply only to "excessive" rates.

The resolution reads: "Resolved, That many of the rates in existing tariff schedules are excessive and that the Senate favors an immediate revision downward of such rates, establishing a closer parity between agriculture and industry, believing it will result to the general benefit of all; be it further resolved, That such tariff revision should be considered and enacted during the present session of Congress; and be it further resolved, That a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the House of Representatives."

An idea of what the House might do may be gained from its attitude expressed during the day on a resolution recently passed by the Senate giving its opinion of the kind of rate that should come under the 1922 tariff schedules. The resolution was sent back by the House and the tariff revisionists are confident that it will be passed by the House and put up to the President. Some of them have asserted in fact that it can be passed over the President's veto.

Representative Jones (Democrat), Texas, introduced a bill providing for the debarment plan of relief favored by the National Grange.

Hearings to Be Limited.

At the suggestion of Representative Adams (Republican), Illinois, the committee members agreed that there is no need of again going over the features of the bill that were exhaustively discussed at the tariff hearings of the last session. The hearings will be confined to those who have new thoughts or suggestions and to discussion on the proposed tariff revision.

The farm leaders are confident that it will be passed by both houses and put up to the President. Some of them have asserted in fact that it can be passed over the President's veto.

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Hearings to Be Limited.

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the House. His plan, though, is to increase agricultural schedules rather than lower any of them. As to just how he will be able to go remains to be seen, but it is not believed that the House machinery, packed with conservatives, so to speak, will prove to be susceptible to any tariff revision.

The way was prepared during the day, however, for the renewed fight on farm relief. The House agricultural committee decided that tariff revision should turn on the revised McNary-Haugen bill. This bill retains the equalization feature which the administration is desirous of maintaining, but it does yield in two important points. The President is given blanket authority to name the members of the proposed Federal Farm Board. The former bill would have required him to name them from a list of eligibles submitted by farmers' nominating committee. The agricultural products would be embraced in the plan proposed in the new bill, while under the old bill a limited few were taken in.

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# GREAT AMERICANS

Charles E. Hughes  
John Grier Hibben  
Charles M. Schwab

Andrew W. Mellon  
Edward W. Bok  
S. Parkes Cadman

Nicholas Murray Butler  
William Green  
—and Scores of Others

## ACCLAIM

### ENCYCLOPAEDIA BRITANNICA ON ITS 160<sup>TH</sup> ANNIVERSARY

ONE HUNDRED AND SIXTY YEARS AGO the Encyclopaedia Britannica was founded in Edinburgh by a "society of gentlemen". Through all these years, the Britannica has kept pace with man's life and progress—not merely as a work of record, but as a genuine creative force. Each new edition has numbered among its editors and contributors the foremost writers and thinkers of the day.

The latest, 13th, Edition of the Britannica is a complete library in itself, containing "more things that are so, and more things that are worth knowing than any other book in the world". It has brought education in its fullest and deepest meaning within the reach of millions who could afford it in no other way. This is perhaps its greatest achievement.

One hundred and sixty years of service to mankind! That, in brief, is the history of the Encyclopaedia Britannica, and that is the inspiration of the truly remarkable messages of congratulation that have recently come to us. A few of these are reproduced on this page.

From CHARLES E. HUGHES  
Former Secretary of State:

I heartily congratulate you on the anniversary of the founding of the Encyclopaedia Britannica, an event of high significance and great public benefit in the systematic diffusion of knowledge.

From ANDREW W. MELLON  
Secretary of the Treasury:

Please accept my congratulations on the one hundred and sixtieth anniversary of the founding of the Encyclopaedia Britannica. This publication has exerted a most profound and far reaching influence on education throughout the world and has performed a service of inestimable value in making readily available such an accurate and comprehensive body of knowledge.

From W. L. MACKENZIE KING  
Prime Minister of Canada:

Great credit is due to those who have brought the Encyclopaedia Britannica to the supreme position it now occupies.

From HENRY MORGENTHAU  
Former Ambassador to Turkey:

Your publication has done more to spread general education than any other single enterprise. I know that I am one of your appreciative beneficiaries.

From FRANK O. LOWDEN  
Former Governor of Illinois:

My heartiest congratulations upon the celebration of the one hundred and sixtieth anniversary of the founding of the Encyclopaedia Britannica. It will indeed be a notable event whether the Encyclopaedia Britannica be measured by its length of life or its immense contribution to the culture of the world.

From SENATOR REED SMOOT

As one deeply interested in higher education and a frequent user of my Encyclopaedia Britannica, I sincerely congratulate the officers of the Encyclopaedia Britannica on this the one hundred and sixtieth anniversary of the founding of the same. May it exist for another hundred and sixty years.

From SENATOR I. L. LENROOT

Heartiest congratulations upon the one hundred and sixtieth anniversary. The contribution of the Encyclopaedia Britannica to culture and education is beyond measurement.

From EDWARD W. BOK

I regard the Encyclopaedia Britannica as the greatest literary achievement of the two centuries and the fact that the public has supported it for one hundred and sixty years is a testimonial to its monumental worth.

From EDWIN E. SLOSSON  
Director of Science Service,  
Washington:

The Encyclopaedia Britannica stands in a class by itself. There is nothing in any language rivaling it in thoroughness, authoritativeness and comprehensiveness. It contains more things—more things that are so and more things that are worth knowing—than any other book in the world. Many of its articles have been original contributions of the highest order to mathematics, physics and other sciences. It is a book for the business man as well as for the scholar and the busier man is the more he needs it.

NICHOLAS MURRAY BUTLER  
President, Columbia University:

The Encyclopaedia Britannica has long since become an established institution in the English-speaking world. It is much more than an ordinary book of reference; it is an intellectual companion and joy.

From JOHN GRIER HIBBEN  
President, Princeton University:

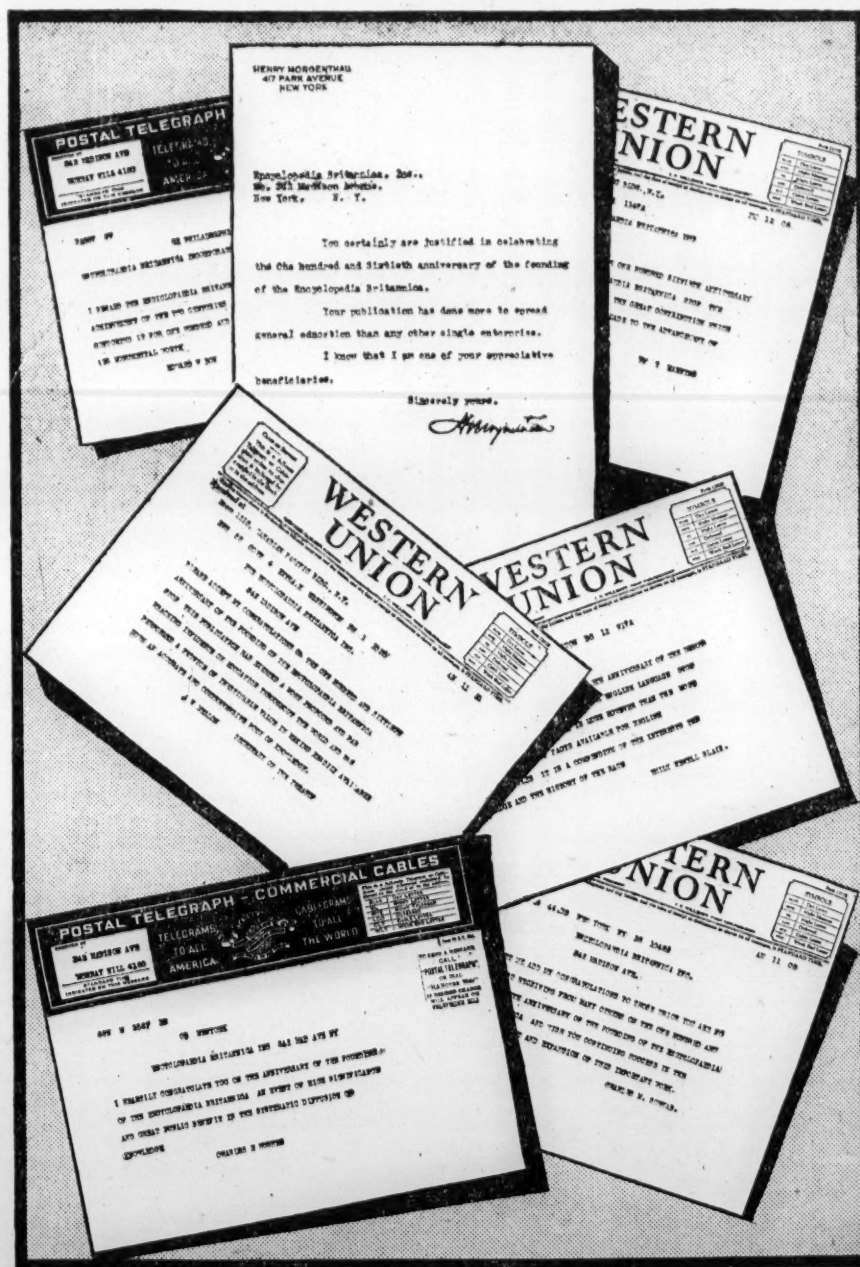
My hearty felicitations upon the 160th anniversary of the founding of the Encyclopaedia Britannica. This great work has placed the intellectual world under a debt of deep gratitude. The Encyclopaedia Britannica's record of advancing knowledge forms a complete library within itself.

HENRY FAIRFIELD OSBORN  
Pres., Museum of Natural History:

It is difficult for American men of science to fully express their deep indebtedness to the Encyclopaedia Britannica, not only for its great services in the past but for its extremely broad and progressive policy in the present and its clear vision of what science means to the world in the future.

From F. A. MILLIKAN  
Physicist, Nobel Prize Winner:

Heartiest congratulations on the 160th anniversary of the birth of perhaps the largest and most constructive influence in the world for general education, which research is the one and only solvent of our human problems.



The Encyclopaedia Britannica, Inc., 342 Madison Avenue, New York

From WILLIAM GREEN  
President, Am. Federation of Labor:

No publication has been so helpful to spreading culture and education as the Encyclopaedia Britannica. The Britannica embraces in its contents information of every sort and kind that any one at any time might desire to know. It can settle any dispute and its contents are respected because it is believed to be the last word in correct information. During the 160 years the Encyclopaedia Britannica has been published it has been of incalculable aid in the advancement of education and culture.

From ADOLPH S. OCHS  
Publisher, New York Times:

The Encyclopaedia Britannica since its foundation, one hundred and sixty years ago, has been the ever increasingly recognized authoritative source of world knowledge reaching almost the apex of human skill and ingenuity in its latest edition. American efficiency and enterprise have brought this colossal storehouse of information within reach of nearly every household.

From BISHOP MANNING  
New York:

The whole educated world appreciates the great contribution which the Encyclopaedia Britannica has made to the advancement of knowledge and culture.

From DR. S. PARKES CADMAN  
Brooklyn, N. Y.:

The Encyclopaedia Britannica is by common consent the first work of its kind in the world. It has contributed in manifold and permanent ways to the culture of all English-speaking nations, as well as to other civilized lands.

I congratulate you upon its perennial youth and vigor. It reaches its one hundred and sixtieth anniversary with a wider range of information than ever before during its long and illustrious career.

From CHARLES M. SCHWAB  
Chairman, Bethlehem Steel Corporation:

Let me add my congratulations to those which you are no doubt receiving from many others on the one hundred and sixtieth anniversary of the founding of the Encyclopaedia Britannica and wish you continuing success in the development and expansion of this important work.

From GEORGE M. REYNOLDS  
Chairman, Continental and Commercial National Bank, Chicago:

A great host of Britannica's friends wish you well on this occasion and I join them. Your encyclopaedia has been of inestimable value to many thousands and I am sure it will continue to be of great help to seekers of knowledge.

From EMILY NEWELL BLAIR  
Vice-Chairman, Democratic National Committee:

Congratulations on the hundred sixtieth anniversary of the debut of the greatest reference book in the English language. The Encyclopaedia Britannica is more, however, than the most comprehensive file of facts available for English-speaking peoples. It is a compendium of the interests, the knowledge and the history of the race.

From GERTRUDE B. LANE  
Editor, "Woman's Home Companion":

For one hundred and sixty years the Encyclopaedia Britannica has maintained and consistently improved a unique educational institution. The increasing availability of this convenient reservoir of information to all English-speaking people is a public service of great importance.

From MRS. JOHN T. PRATT  
Member, Board of Aldermen, N. Y. C.:

Please accept my heartiest congratulations upon the one hundred sixtieth anniversary of the founding of the Encyclopaedia. Every one must agree that it is a most valuable contribution to educational and cultural information.

From LILLIAN D. WALD  
Founder, Henry Street Settlement:

Easy access to the facts of people and events that make the sum total of civilization is, I take it, the purpose and the achievement of the Encyclopaedia Britannica on the one hundred and sixtieth anniversary of its inception. Congratulations and profound appreciation are offered for this successful adventure in education.

From MARY ROBERTS RINEHART

My gratitude and admiration to the Encyclopaedia Britannica on its one hundred and sixtieth anniversary. The amount of authoritative knowledge disseminated by it in that long period cannot possibly be estimated. Its wide information makes for civilization. Then its contribution toward civilization is the largest made by any single agency. I am never without it and in my home it is the court of ultimate resort.

## 1768—One Hundred and Sixty Years of Service to Mankind—1928



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## ICE CHAMBERLIN, SEEKING LIGHT RECORD

**Offers Freezing as Explanation for Failure of Hops Over Atlantic.**

**WAS IN AIR FOR 3 HOURS**

Roosevelt Field, New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—The third attempt of Clarence D. Chamberlin and Roger G. Williams to wrest the world's duration flying record from Germany failed today when they were forced down by ice forming on their monoplane after being in the air about 3½ hours.

Chamberlin said he was willing to start a fourth attempt with Williams in two weeks and if necessary he would change the dates of his national lecture tour, which is to start this week at Philadelphia.

The fliers dumped 330 gallons of gasoline before they landed at Mitchell Field at 4:25 p. m.

Twice before in the past week they went aloft to try to beat the German record of 52 hours, 22 minutes and 31 seconds, but both times they failed. On the first try a fuel pump jammed after four hours. The second attempt lasted almost 52 hours, a leaking gasoline tank alone preventing success.

Today's hop started at 12:54:22 p. m. and they would have had to stay up until 6:16:33 p. m. Wednesday to bring the record back to this country since an existing record has to be bettered by a full hour to be officially broken.

From the cause of the forced abandonment of his duration flight attempt Chamberlin offered a grim explanation of the fate that overtook unsuccessful transatlantic aviators last year.

Within a period of 20 minutes today the plane had become encrusted in ice a quarter of an inch thick, despite a comparatively mild atmospheric condition. With the colder temperatures of the North Atlantic, it was considered the dread menace of an ice formation would overtake its victims in less than 20 minutes.

What would have happened in 20 minutes more? "I don't know," Chamberlin said, "Williams and I tried to ride it out, but we could feel the ship settling down under us. We had to open our throttle full so as to get the motor running at its greatest power, in order to remain aloft. In another 20 minutes the plane would have become unworkable and we would likely have gone into a deadly tail spin, providing we had not already dropped to earth by that time."

**Negro Kills Farmer At Work in His Field**

Special to The Washington Post.  
Lynchburg, Va., Jan. 16.—George Williams, former deputy sheriff of Pennsylvania County, was shot and killed this morning while at work in a field on his farm near Dry Fork, Va. by a negro, who was later arrested by Sheriff Murphy and locked up on a charge of murder. Wallace has served a penitentiary term for murder and arson.

Two negroes working with Williams said Wallace slipped up behind Williams and fired. Williams was hit in the chest and returned the fire, but a second shot he was again shot, this time through the head. He fell dead. Wallace fled, but was arrested later. Williams leaves a widow and three children. No reason is known for the shooting.

**MAN AND WIFE DYING AFTER ROW IN HOME**

**Woman Says She Struck Husband With Knife and Throat Slashed.**

Hendersonville, N. C., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—Will Shepherd, farmer, and his wife were believed dying in a hospital here from wounds alleged to have been received in a quarrel at the home today. Emory Seppie, a school boy, who, passing by en route to classes, said Mrs. Shepherd was sitting on the veranda screaming. The boy ran to the home of an angry neighbor, where he summoned help.

Shepherd was found in the living room, his jugular vein slashed. A razor was on his chest.

First theories were that Shepherd had wounded his wife and cut his own throat. Mrs. Shepherd received sufficient wounds to sustain her claim that she had been a quarrel and that she had hit her husband, whereupon he in turn hit her.

A son of the couple said: "Mama hit papa; papa hit mama; but was unable to give any other details."

**WIVES OF TOMORROW**  
By FRANCES McDONALD  
Gloom and Religion.

DEAR MISS McDONALD: I am almost on the verge of despair. I just don't know what to do. I never thought love could do to me what it has done.

Almost a year and a half ago I met a young man, and he was so good to me. I first laid eyes on him I loved him. At times I think it's only a one-sided love affair, and at other times I think he returns my love. But Miss McDONALD, what proof is there that he cares? I have done everything in my power to let him know I like him. Don't you think if he had any love at all for me he would have asked me to go out with him during the year and a half that I knew him?

Now I know other boys, and I guess if I would be the flirting and petting kind I could go out with them, and get a kick out of life. And that is just what I feel like doing.

This man does not go with girls, so far as I know and has no time for flirting or petting parties.

We have many quarrels, and all of them start over trifling affairs. Then he will not speak to me for about a month or two (yes, we see each other every day), and I have too much pride to coax him. I suppose if I would just persist in speaking to him, and would not let him get so mad at me, he would not last so long. But then he could say I am always following and trying to rush him. At the time I am writing this letter we are not on speaking terms, and I can scarcely keep from speaking to him. What shall I do? I have never cared for any boy like I care for him, and when I think of going with another fellow I just sickens me. Yet I have never gone out with him, but just stare at him every day I adore him.

I was always counted a good Christian girl and he knows it, but I feel like dropping my cloak of Christianity and begin having a good time. I never would want to be immoral, but I feel like becoming careless. By that I mean going with fellows, dancing and having an all around good time. But will all this be vain or will it make him sit up and take notice that is, if he really likes me, or should I be the patient, gentle, long-suffering kind?

When we are on good terms, which is seldom, he will do anything I ask of him, and when we are cross he never says a word of reproach against me, so that is one reason I have for thinking he likes me.

Tell me if he loves me and if I have any chance of ever getting him.

## Two Prisoners Flee Down Water Spout

Special to The Washington Post.  
Clarksburg, W. Va., Jan. 16.—Sawing cell bars, cutting out a window and sliding down a water spout, two prisoners escaped from the Harrison County Jail this morning. They are Early Sieper, 24, former convict, awaiting grand jury action for alleged theft of an automobile and Meadow Brook, 25, a shoemaker, held in connection with a shooting at Bristol.

Clark Emory, of Charleston, charged with theft, crawled through the sawed bars but was found hiding in the attic of the sheriff's residence.

**Man Is Killed, 2 Hurt In Automobile Plunge**

Special to The Washington Post.  
Danville, Va., Jan. 16.—Luther Woodford, 30, was killed late last night near Danville and J. S. Cowan and R. B. Roberts were hurt when the car Roberts was driving left the Yanceyville road and plunged 50 feet down a ravine.

Woodford was thrown through the windshield and the car then turned over on him. The coroner said he believed the car was traveling at an excessive speed.

**MISSING GIRL STUDENT CLEWS FAIL IN 3 STATES**

**New Hampshire Officials Consider Suicide—Father Offers \$1,000 Reward.**

**SEARCHERS COMB COUNTY**

Northampton, N. H., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—A day spent in running down various clues in three States failed to reveal any definite trace of Miss Frances St. John Smith, Smith College student, who disappeared last Friday.

State Detective Joseph Daly cooperated with President William Allan Neilson, of the college, in directing the search.

The young woman's father, St. John Smith, a New York broker, has offered a reward of \$1,000 for information which will lead to finding his daughter. He and Mrs. Smith were here today.

While the possibility of suicide was considered, no motive could be found. Smith and others called for attention of the authorities to the fact that a peculiar chemical odor had been noticed in the girl's room in the college dormitory. The whole countryside about Northampton and Amherst was searched today.

A suggestion that Miss Smith might have started for Florida came from R. St. John, a Boston shoe salesman, who said he recognized Miss Smith's photograph as that of a girl who bought a pair of tennis shoes from him during the Christmas vacation saying she was going to Florida. Reports that Miss Smith had been seen in various localities since Friday morning could not be verified. Mrs. Russell Billings, of Hatfield, a few miles from here, asserted that a girl who she was sure was Miss Smith inquired of her early Saturday evening the location of the old homestead of Sophia Smith, founder of Smith College, but at the homestead it was said that the girl had not appeared there.

A farmer in Westhampton, another suburb, thought he saw Miss Smith there, but no one else could be found who had seen her in that town. A report that she had been seen in New London, Conn., could not be verified. A young woman who was driven from Sanford, Me., to Portland, Friday night by Elmer Bennett, was thought by Bennett to resemble Miss Smith. Jacob B. Slobeg, of Portland, said that her appearance differed from newspaper pictures of Miss Smith.

**Police Find No Trace Of Absconding Officer**

Fayetteville, N. C., Jan. 16 (A.P.)—No trace has been found today of O. T. Browning, Army warrant officer, who absconded with \$4,000 at Camp Bragg Saturday after making his wife a surprise present of \$1,500 of the \$5,500 civilian payroll which had been entrusted to him.

Mrs. Browning, finding the money in her purse where her husband had hid it before fleeing the military reservation, promptly returned it to a brownie cake in which the idea where Browning may have gone.

Meanwhile, officers in several North Carolina counties have kept watch for a brownie cake in which the missing officer is said to have left the camp.

**WIVES OF TOMORROW**  
By FRANCES McDONALD  
Gloom and Religion.

I can not wonder. Would you advise me to dance or not? Neither do I know whether he objects to dancing or not. Hoping to see this in print soon, I remain,

"PEGGY."

If a girl becomes hard and callous, does she always have to pay for it? That is all I fear.

Peggy, drop at once, not your "cloak of Christianity," but your mantle of "gloom gloom." How can you see life in such dark fashion? You seem to feel that the ordinary normal pursuits of the healthy-minded are in some way defiling.

You draw the line at "immorality," but would like to reveal to what you seem to consider the border line and which you then refer as the regular normal social existence of a young girl.

Peggy, learn to dance whether your noncommittal boy friend glorifies that art with his approval or not.

Dance some of that poison out of your poor little mind. From the time that youth began to be, the young have danced, and dancing, have laughed and shed the warmth of shining eyes upon a world of love.

Come out from under your pall of gloom. Enjoy life. Do not confuse Christianity and chronic appendicitis. If religion does not glorify existence, make life livable, make us lovable, then it fails. You have been taking religion, as you have been taking life, much as a small boy takes a glass of orange juice that he suspects may conceal a wholesome dose of castor oil. Whether the dose is there or is not, there is a small joy in the process that decides the question.

Take your orange juice as orange juice. Don't be always primed for the dose that is good for you. Be a Christian by all means, but don't regard your Christianity as a blight. After all, early Christianity martyrs looked the way they did because they were going to be beaten up and not because they were Christians. Some of us overlook that fact when we don our cloak of Christianity, and sail forth to spread gloom. Let's be Christians by all means, but let's not discourage other folks from following our example.

As to the boy, he's just a nice, quiet soul, who likes a quiet life and dreads the constant quarrels that are the result of your internal turmoil—of which naturally the boy friends know nothing. Stop seething, and you'll stop quarreling.

Have a normal, happy life and you will have a normal, happy life, including the love of the boy friend!

## WRC WILL BROADCAST BRIDGE GAME TONIGHT

**Two New York Players to Face Experts Work and Whitehead.**

**CHORUS AT STATION WMAL**

The twelfth of a series of twenty radio auction bridge games will be broadcast from WRC at 10 o'clock tonight.

The contestants in this game are Mr. Wynne Ferguson, of New York, widely known author on bridge and expert on bridge lessons which are appearing weekly in his column in the "New York Times," and Mr. Gratz M. Scott, of New York, one of the keenest of the metropolitan experts, and Mr. Work and Mr. Whitehead, widely known as writers, teachers and experts on the game.

The listeners-in are urged to have work as a starting point for the game. The game will be bid and play by play with the experts. Following are the advance hands for game 12: Wilbur C. Whitehead, of New York, South, dealer, holds:

Spades, 8, 7, 4; Hearts, K, Q, 10, 8, 6; Diamonds, K, 5, 4, 3; Clubs, 3.

Mr. Wynne Ferguson, of New York, West, holds:

Spades, A; Hearts, A, 9, 3; Diamonds, J, 10, 9, 7, 2; Clubs, K, 10, 7, 4.

Mr. Gratz M. Scott, of New York, North, holds:

Spades, K, 9, 5, 3, 2; Hearts, 7, 5, 4, 2; Diamonds, 6; Clubs, A, 5, 2.

Mr. Gratz M. Scott, of New York, East, holds:

Spades, Q, J, 10, 6; Hearts, J; Diamonds, A, Q, 8; Clubs, Q, J, 9, 8, 6.

The half-hour will bring before the microphone Charles D. Hillis, a member of the Republican national committee, and Franklin D. Roosevelt, a member of the Democratic national committee, in a joint discussion on the subject "Some Historical Presidential Campaigns."

Following this broadcast Raymond B. Postick, New York lawyer and brother of Dr. Harry Emerson Postick, the well-known author of "The Art of the Subject," "International Events."

An old English "Wassail Song" to be sung unaccompanied, and a negro folk song, "Blow Your Horn, You Left Your Lamb?" as a bass solo, to be sung by Noah Swayne, will feature the half-hour program of the Seiberling Singers, under the direction of Marshall Bartholomew.

Kathleen Stewart, well known for her piano playing, will play the National Broadcasting Co. and today recognized as one of the leading pianists among women, will be the guest in the evening concert at 8 o'clock tonight. A second piano concerto by Saint-Saens will be included in her program.

Louis Bromfield, whose "Early Autumn" has won the Pulitzer prize, and Glenway Westcott, author of "The Grandmothers," which won Harper's 1927-28 prize novel competition, will be heard in a friendly argument through station WJZ at 7:30 o'clock tonight.

A musical program by the Woodlawn chorals will be a part of the program of station WMAL between 9 and 9:45 o'clock tonight. The regular Radio Civic club will be put on the air at 10:30 o'clock.

**RITES FOR A. N. GARDNER.**

Services for Interior Department Engineer Will be Held This Afternoon.

Funeral services for Arthur Royce Gardner, 41, died last night, will be held at 2 o'clock today in the funeral home of the Interior Department, 1015 N. Street, where the body will lie in state.

Mr. Gardner, who was 55 years old, was born in Alabama but had lived in this city the greater part of his life. He formerly sang in the choir of St. Agostine Church and the Church of the Ascension and the past few years he was the director of the choir at the Metropolitan Methodist Church.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Charlotte Evelyn Gardner, a daughter, Phyllis, 5 years old, and three sisters, Miss Bertha L. Gardner, Miss Sue H. Gardner and Mrs. Emma Livingston.

**RITES FOR C. B. SMITH.**

Lebanon Lodge to Conduct Services for Former Plate Printer.

Funeral services for Charles B. Smith, 91 years old, died last night, will be held at 2 o'clock today in the funeral home of the Interior Department, 1015 N. Street, where the body will lie in state.

Mr. Smith, who was 91 years old, was born in Alabama but had lived in this city the greater part of his life. He formerly sang in the choir of St. Agostine Church and the Church of the Ascension and the past few years he was the director of the choir at the Metropolitan Methodist Church.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Charlotte Evelyn Gardner, a daughter, Phyllis, 5 years old, and three sisters, Miss Bertha L. Gardner, Miss Sue H. Gardner and Mrs. Emma Livingston.

**H. B. POLKINHOFF RITES.**

Funeral Services to Be Held Today With Burial at Oak Hill.

Funeral services for Henry Birch Polkinhoff, 76 years old, who died Saturday at his residence, 1533 P Street northwest, will be conducted at the residence this afternoon at 3 o'clock. The Rev. Charles A. Stakely, pastor of the First Baptist Church of Montgomery, Ala., will officiate, assisted by Bishop James E. Freeman. Burial will be in Oak Hill Cemetery.

Mr. Polkinhoff was a native of this city. He was the son of the late Henry and Marianne Brown Polkinhoff. His father was the owner and publisher of the National Intelligencer. He is survived by a sister, Miss Catherine A. Polkinhoff, and two nieces and two nephews.

**EDWARDS FUNERAL TODAY.**

Funeral services for Lieut. Comdr. Walter A. Edwards, former executive officer of the battleship, will be held today at 10:30 o'clock in Arlington National Cemetery. Commander Joseph T. Casey, Navy chaplain, and the Rev. F. D. Lyons, of Catholic University, will officiate.

The following naval officers will serve as pallbearers: Lieut. Comdr. H. Leigh and A. T. Long, Capt. David LeBreton, Commander T. S. Wilkinson and Lieut. Comdr. C. P. Cecil, R. M. Griffin, J. R. Barry and Marion Eppey.

## BEHIND THE SCREENS

With NELSON B. BELL

It may be recalled that a few days ago this column dwelt briefly upon the spirit of rebellion that recently has manifested itself among certain producing powers that constitute an important part of the organization of producers and distributors of which H. Hays is the head. It seemed at the moment that nothing more serious existed than a slight attack of peevishness on the part of some as a result of the divergent instructions said to have emanated from the Hays office with regard to the pictureization of "Rain."

Under the title it had borne on the stage, the Somerset Maugham fiction was suddenly barred from the celluloid. As "Sadie Thompson," allegedly adapted from the original story and not the stage version, the opus was sanctified. Much mileage on the part of the victims of the first ban.

Now come president rumors from Hollywood, where Mr. Hays is due for a showdown with the producers. The semiannual visit, that the so-called czar of the movies is determined to resign, despite five years of service still due under his contract, has been widely reported. It is a 100 per cent support by all member companies in his organization. The defiant attitude of certain writers, when the Hays office least in part to the Hays mandates will not be tolerated longer.

This is construed by the department to signify a more serious situation than a "showdown" engineered to bring about a full discussion of the points at issue and lead to a harmony meeting. Whether the differences will be wholly and amicably settled.

The motion picture industry can ill afford to lose Will Hays, and it knows it. His is a keen mind, possessed of a peculiar faculty for organization. His also is the viewpoint of the crusader, as he himself is proud to boast. There is no quarrel with Hays begins to lay about to rid the industry of what he considers the evils that beset it from within. Neither is there any when he throws down his gauntlet to the pernicious forces working from within.

The public is aware of all these facts and the pictures have gained a popularity in the industry that together with those who support the films by the purchase of tickets at the box office, it will stand as a monument to the industry to permit itself to be stripped of the personality and the power of the man who in recent years has been its greatest asset.

I do not believe the Motion Picture Producers and Distributors of America to be guilty of any such suicidal intent.

Maj. Albert Holland, one of the Capital's best known and most efficient photographers, last week was appointed to an important post as Washington representative of the Fox Movie News—the weekly gist of important events in the city and the country as well as to the eye. He is now in New York learning the intricacies of this latest device that records sound simultaneously with the picture in the pictures of every action of the object emitting it.

A special courier hastens in with And how many do!

**RADIO PROGRAMS**

TUESDAY, JANUARY 17.  
EASTERN STANDARD TIME.  
WRC—Radio Corporation of America (469 meters, 640 Kilocycles).  
6:45 a. m.—Tower Health Exercises.  
8:00 a. m.—Federation Morning Devotions.  
8:15 a. m.—Parnassus Trio.  
8:30 a. m.—M. C. Cheroke.  
10:00 a. m.—Dr. Royal S. Copeland.  
11:00 a. m.—Musical program.  
11:15 a. m.—Radio Household Institute.  
11:30 a. m.—Musical program.  
11:55 a. m.—Arlington Time Signals.  
12 noon.—Furness (Lunch).  
12:10 p. m.—Organ recital.  
1:30 p. m.—Mayflower Orchestra.  
2:00 p. m.—M. C. Cheroke.  
2:15 p. m.—Parnassus Trio.  
3:30 p. m.—Concert by the United States Navy Band Orchestra.  
4:30 p. m.—Columbia College.  
5:30 p. m.—Frank Wiegner's Orchestra.  
6:00 p. m.—Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.  
6:30 p. m.—Motion Picture Guide.  
6:35 p. m.—Waldorf-Astoria Orchestra.  
6:45 p. m.—"Shopping With Bab" by Emma Perry Lincoln.  
7:00 p. m.—National League of Women Voters, addresses by Charles D. Hillis and Dr. D. D. Madrilion and Spanish Village Orchestra.  
7:30 p. m.—Readings by Hester Walker Beale.  
7:35 p. m.—"International Events," by Raymond B. Postick.  
8:00 p. m.—Seiberling Singers.  
8:30 p. m.—Sealy Air Weavers.  
9:00 p. m.—Correct Time.  
9:00 p. m.—Everedy Hour.  
10:30 p. m.—U. S. Weather Forecast.  
10:30-11:00 p. m.—New Madrilion and Spanish Village Orchestra.  
WMAL—Leese Radio Co. (241 meters, 1,240 Kilocycles).  
7:15 p. m.—News flashes.  
7:30 p. m.—Ehnel West, in popular songs.  
7:45 p. m.—"Time and Inoculation for Lettuce" by Dr. W. Friedman, University of Maryland.  
8:00 p. m.—Dance program.  
8:45 p. m.—Dance Sam's Pocket-book.  
9:00 p. m.—Musical program by the Woodlawn Chorals.  
9:45 p. m.—National Representation for the District of Columbia, an address by David Lawrence.  
10:15 p. m.—Facts and Follies of the Theater by Colby.  
10:30 p. m.—WMAI Radio. Movie Club.  
11:30 p. m.—Latest news flashes.  
WHBF—American Broadcasting Co. (322 meters, 930 Kilocycles).  
10 a. m.—Cooking Chat.  
10:30 a. m.—Fashion Hint.  
11 a. m.—Victory Concert.  
11 a. m.—Beauty Question Box.  
11:05 to 11:30 a. m.—Dance program by The 6 to 7.  
8:45 p. m.—The Installation of Grange Officers.  
WEAF—New York (492 meters, 610 Kilocycles).  
6 p. m.—Dinner music.  
6 p. m.—Volunteer Service.  
8 p. m.—The Seiberling Singers.  
8:30 p. m.—Sealy Air Weavers.  
9:00 p. m.—Correct Time.  
10 p. m.—Auction bridge games.  
10:30 p. m.—Orchestra.  
11:30 p. m.—Orchestra.  
WJZ—New York (454 meters, 660 Kilocycles).  
7:30 p. m.—Travelogue.  
8 p. m.—Symphony Carillon Hours.  
9 p. m.—The Continentals.  
10 p. m.—Alexander's Ragtime Band.  
10:30 p. m.—Breen and De Rose.  
11 p. m.—Slumber music.  
DISTANT STATIONS.  
(Eastern Standard Time).  
Call Location Length Time.  
KDKA—Pittsburgh ..... 315.5 6:00-12:00  
KFLA—Los Angeles ..... 463.5 10:00-2:00  
KGO—Oakland ..... 384.4 11:00-2:00  
KGY—Portland ..... 384.4 11:00-2:00  
KLD—Independence ..... 238.8 7:00-2:00  
KMOX—St. Louis ..... 299.8 7:00-2:00  
KQD—Denver ..... 325.9 8:30-12:00  
KPO—San Francisco ..... 422.3 10:00-2:00  
KSD—St. Louis ..... 451.1 8:00-1:00  
KSL—Salt Lake City ..... 302.8 9:00-1:00  
KYYW—Chicago ..... 526.0 8:00-1:00  
WAU—Columbus ..... 282.5 7:00-12:00  
WBAL—Baltimore ..... 265.3 7:00-10:00  
WBAP—Fort Worth ..... 499.7 8:00-1:00  
WBE—Springfield ..... 333.1 8:00-12:00  
WCAE—Pittsburgh ..... 316.9 7:00-11:00  
WCCO—Minneapolis ..... 405.2 8:00-12:00  
WDAF—Kansas City ..... 270.2 8:00-1:00  
WEEB—Chicago ..... 265.3 9:00-1:00  
WEEI—Boston ..... 447.5 8:00-12:00  
WFTW—Hoptonville ..... 285.2 7:00-11:00  
WGN—Chicago ..... 308.5 8:00-12:00  
WGR—Buffalo ..... 302.8 8:00-12:00

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**\$175** Cash Terms If Desired  
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—are especially desirable at this season, when so many days are apt to be gray and cheerless. Do over the walls, woodwork and furniture with Reilly-indorsed finishes, and you can brighten up your home at little cost.

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—on every desired sort of Paints, Stains, Varnishes, Lacquers and other home beautifiers. Glad to give you estimates, on request.

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Lowest Rates of Interest, and Commission  
**Prompt Action**  
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er & Flather  
H St. N.W.  
Main 1752

LLS

## This image shows a blank, aged, cream-colored page, likely an endpaper or flyleaf of a book. The paper has a slightly textured appearance with some faint smudges and discoloration, characteristic of old paper. A dark vertical strip is visible along the right edge, possibly indicating the binding or gutter of the book.

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**DEVITT BOWS  
TO EMERSON,  
28 TO 17**

**Davidson and Busche  
Are Top Scorers  
for Winners.**

**E**MERSON and Devitt locked horns yesterday in a game at the American University Gymnasium, and at the conclusion of play the former team was found on the long end of the score to annex number five in the

The game was loosely played, with both teams missing many good chances to score. Emerson, by way of several breaks, went into the lead during the first quarter and by half time held a 14-to-9 advantage. Devitt, mainly because of his lack of accuracy,

Davidson played the best game for the winners, caging five dou-

He managed to find the boards  
three baskets and two foul tosses, how-  
ever, to come next to his teammate  
Twicken, in leading for Emerson.

Davidson, in leading for Emerson.		Emerson.	
2	Emerson.	9	FG 1
2	Cassasa, If....	0	0
0	Abramson, If..	3	0
0	Buscher, rf....	3	2
6	Jenkins, c.....	1	3
8	Clifford, c.....	0	0
	Burns, lg.....	0	1
	R.Davidson, rg	5	0
		—	—
	Totals	19	4

**Whippets Defeat Cathedral Five, 49-**

Burke and Lohmann starred for winners with 10 and 11 points respectively. Goodman, of the losers, had high individual scorer of the game with 14 points. For games with the winners, the whippets scored a 49 to 32 victory over the Cathedral Five in a game played yesterday.

P	Whipples,	G	FG	P	Cathedral,	2	
1	Burke, If.,	4	2	10	Hoff, If.,	6	
0	Lohman, rf.,	5	1	11	Baines, rf.,	3	
4	Lewis, c.,	2	0	4	McConnell, c.,	1	
6	McCarthy, lg.,	3	0	6	Shinn, lg.,	4	
3	Richards, rg.,	3	5	11	Goodman, rg.,	6	
1	Totals		17	8	Totals		16
15	Reference		Hamilton		Time of period		

**McLaughlin's Basket Wins for Company**

A spectacular long shot by McLaughlin in the final moments of the e-

period won for the Company E, District  
National Guard, Quintet over the  
Shields, in a thrilling game, 25 to  
last night on the former's court.

Co. E, D. N. G.	6 FG	P	Red Shields.	G
McLaughlin, If	2	0	4 Case, If.....	0
Roberts, rf.....	3	0	6 Ward, If.....	1
M. Nelson, c.....	4	0	8 Shafer, rf.....	5
Clifford, lg.....	1	0	2 Groves, lg.....	0
G. Nelson, rf.....	3	1	5 Costello, c.....	0

Totals	.....12	123	Totals	.....11
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Foul shots attempted—M. Nelson, G. Ne Shafer (2), Turvey, Costello (2). Referee Blatcher. Time of periods—19 minutes.

## Toller, Enright Star

Toller and Enright were too much for the Tremont basketballers last night and the budding Takoma A. C. Quins triumphed, 38 to 30. The two captains forwards of the suburbanites practically won the game with their spectacular and consistent caging of baskets.

were rung up by Toller and five Enright. Willner was best for the months.

Takoma.....	G	FG	P	Tremonts.....	G
Toller,lf.....	8	0	10	Willner,lf.....	3
Enright,rf.....	5	1	11	Clango,rf.....	1
L.Wilkins,c.....	2	1	4	McQueen,c.....	2
Smith,lg.....	0	0	0	N.Gallotta,c.....	2
Drake,rg.....	2	0	4	D.Gallotta,lg.....	0

29.	Bennett,fg.....	1	0	2	Harris,fg.....	2	0	4
for	Totals.....	18	2	38	Baker,fg.....	1	0	2
	Referee—Henley.				Totals.....	13	0	26

# Lane.

## RETS:

*certainly picked a winner" this time!*

WEN who chose Granger—

obliged! Its growth so far  
thing in our experience.  
rse we thought we knew  
e smokers wanted—and in  
Granger we certainly gave

works." It's differently aged, packed and priced—with a premium for each difference. And heavy smokers understood those differences as well as we did.

at, though, one pipe-load is  
ason a man needs!

UGH CUT  
GRANGER

A black and white photograph of a pack of R. J. REYNOLDS ROUGH CUT PIPE TOBACCO and a smoking pipe. The pack is on the left, showing the brand name and 'PIPE TOBACCO'. The pipe is on the right, with its bowl resting on the surface. A large, stylized number '10' is visible in the background, partially obscured by the pipe.







## HOW TO KEEP WELL

By DR. W. A. EVANS

To the limit of space, questions pertinent to hygiene and prevention of disease will be answered in this column. Personal replies will be made to inquiries, under proper limitations, when return stamped envelope is enclosed. Dr. Evans will not make diagnoses or prescribe for individual disease.

### TANNIC ACID CURE FOR HURNS.

REMEDIES for burns are classed among home remedies, though severe burns should have more experienced treatment. The same is true in all particulars of remedies for old ulcers, such as varicose ulcers, chronic ulcers on the legs of old people, ulcers full of "proud flesh," and the neglected ulcers found on children.

Besides the family medicine chest such remedies belong in the kit of the school nurse—and in the dressing stations of factories and stores.

On two or three occasions we have called attention to tannic acid solution for burns to follow the first treatment, or those given for the purpose of excluding air from a fresh burn. The tannic acid is applied to the burn until a brown crust forms at which time the application is stopped.

Dr. W. D. Carrell, of the Wabash Railroad uses it in much the same way for ulcers, including varicose ulcers. He recommends that it be used in railroad shops and similar places. He uses a two and a half per cent solution of tannic acid in water. This he uses to spray on the ulcer with an ordinary nose spray every half hour until a brown scab or crust is formed. Then the spraying is stopped. The ulcer heals under the scab or crust.

Every now and then a mother or a school nurse has to decide whether or not a burn should be removed from old ulcers and sores. This experience seems to prove that it is better to let them alone. Healing will go on faster under a scab than it will on an open surface.

In Dr. Carrell's experience it has

seemed better to partially sterilize the ulcer by keeping a sterilizing dressing on it for a day or two and by painting the nearby skin with an antiseptic before applying the tannic acid solution.

### CAUSE OF MANY SHOE MISFITS.

A D. writes: The idea of licensing shoe clerks, while seemingly a good one, will not remedy misfits in footwear. Having been engaged in the retail shoe business for the last twelve years, I find that the fault of this condition in most cases is not with the clerk but with the buyer.

Seventy-five per cent of potential purchasers want shoes that look pretty. This is true of both men and women, and in some cases it amounts to a mania. The best efforts of a competent shoe man to induce a patron to take the proper size is most often in vain. It seems that they would rather crowd their feet than take a size which appears to them long, or even feels comfortable.

It seems to me that vanity on the part of the customer is the principal reason for incorrect fitting in the majority of cases, i. e., where the store is doing a straight-forward business. In most reliable stores a penalty is imposed on salesmen for improper fitting, and if a customer insists on a short shoe the letters "P.S." meaning "fitted short," are marked in the lining to protect the store and clerk in the event of a return.

My suggestion is that the public be educated through advertising as to what constitutes the correct fit; also to buy the shoe that fits the foot and not the mind.

### REPLY.

Spooled feet represent a fact. There are several theories as to the cause. The clerk is one. You are right in suggesting that the customer is another.

Another correspondent is right in so far as he suggests that the use of X-rays is a beginning toward a better method. As it is now it is a start rather than a perfect method.

## BEAUTY AND YOU

By VIOLA PARIS

### QUESTIONS ANSWERED.

DEAR Viola Paris: 1. Will you please tell me what shades of powder and rouge to use? I have brown eyes, medium brown hair and have neither a very dark nor a very light complexion.

2. What colors can I wear to the best advantage?

3. I am still in my "teens." My hair is thick. Shall I let it grow or wear a short bob?

4. Is it injurious to the hair to have a "permanent" every six months, or is it advisable to wait a year before having the wave repeated? A READER.

ANSWER: 1. The best answer I can give you is to tell you a skin as nearly as possible and to use a rouge that corresponds to your coloring. I should think you could use a light rancid or a light mauve powder and a medium or mauve shade of rouge.

2. Since I do not know you personally, I can give you an even more difficult question to answer than the first one. My suggestion is—all shades of brown and beige, bluish green, or green. I think that you and the people who know you are the best judges of what you can wear.

3. I am afraid that I can not advise you about letting your hair grow—that is a matter for you to decide. Short

hair is as much the fashion as it ever was and long is also good, especially if it is more becoming than the bob. 4. If the permanent wave is given by an expert, it will not harm the hair. In the least, it can be freshened up every few months by the addition of a few curls to the outgrown part, or it can be entirely renewed as soon as it has grown out.

DEAR Viola Paris—I am greatly troubled with perspiration. Can you advise me how to rid the clothes of perspiration odor? ANXIETY.

ANSWER:—Much the best way would be not to let the odor get into the clothes in the first place by using a deodorant. The other checks the perspiration entirely or counteracts the odor without stopping the natural functioning of the sweat glands. Your druggist can recommend one of these preparations to you. You can also wear dress shields, but be sure that they are always clean and fresh. The only way to get rid of the odor, once it is in the clothing, is to give the garment a thorough washing or have it dry cleaned.

L. G.—Apply olive-oil, lanolin or cuticle oil to the toe-nails every night to keep the nails from growing coarse and hard.

(Copyright, 1928.)

## Conduct and Common Sense

By ANNE SINGLETON

### PRESENTS FROM HER TO HIM.

DEAR Miss Singleton: I would appreciate it so much if you would print a reply to this question as soon as you can in your column. Is it or would it be right to send a "steady" boy friend (whom you have known for some time and been keeping company with, whom you think a lot of and know he does likewise) a gift at Christmas, when he has been out of work for several months and you know he can't afford to give you anything? As a matter of fact, you may just wish to remember him with some little thing not to exceed, say, \$2.50, even though you don't expect anything from him. I suppose I should know myself, but as I do not, will you answer me in the column of this week, if possible? Several other girls find this a problem, too. I R. H.

If the writer had only sent a stamped

and self-addressed envelope I would gladly have answered directly. I would have telegraphed her, for once (since the letter came late), at my own expense. I hope she sent her "steady" boy friend a small something to show she was thinking of him. All these problems depend upon circumstances. The boy was very proud and would have been hurt to receive any present from her when he was in a position to send a present to her. I would not make the situation worse by offering him a gift. I think I would send him a card, or I might have him to some party where all the guests got something, which would be an excuse for giving him what I wanted to give him. If the boy were rather happy-go-lucky and did not take his being out of work too hard, he might not mind having a nice present, because he'd be so sure he could give one in return soon. You girls must know your young men better than I do. I should feel that as long as my present was one simple enough not to put him under any obligation to me, and showed an understanding of his tastes, there was no reason why I shouldn't send it, and he should not be grateful. Always remember, though, that it's reversing the old order of things and go carefully.

(Copyright, 1928.)

### Healing Services

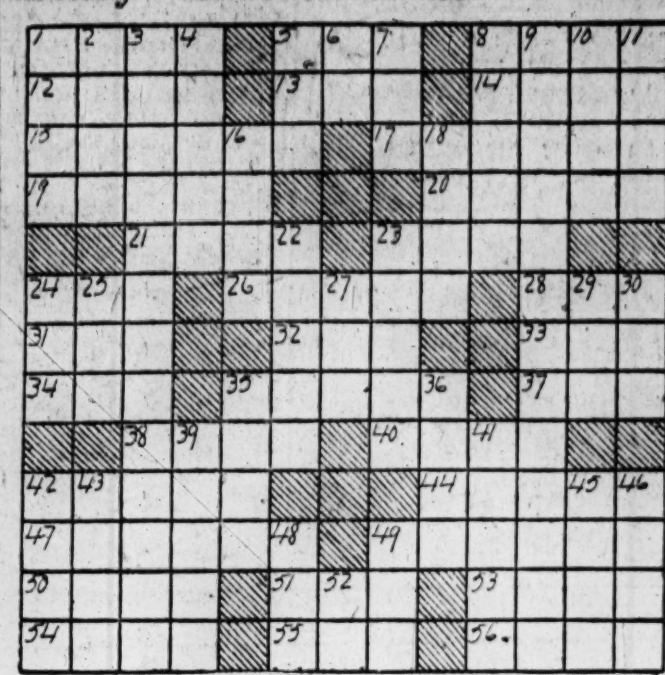
By Nazarene Mission

The first service of spiritual healing in connection with the Nazarene Mission now being conducted at the Chapel of the Nativity, at Fourteenth street and Massachusetts avenue southeast, will be held tomorrow night at 7:30 o'clock. The Rev. John Gaynor, Banks, D. S. F., director of the society, will conduct the healing services.

He spoke yesterday morning on the character of St. John the Evangelist, whose writings will form the basis for the preaching throughout the week. There will be an instruction period this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

Transient advertisers who use Post Classifieds may enjoy the 3-cent-per-word rate, minimum 45 cents. For economy, call Main 4205.

## Daily Cross-Word Puzzle



**HORIZONTAL**  
1 Sacred name  
2 Understood  
3 Crafts  
4 Penny  
5 Consumed  
6 Withers  
7 Chronicle  
8 Covering for neck and shoulders  
9 Run away  
10 Forefathers  
11 Lowest point  
12 Cubes for gambling  
13 Part of a circle  
14 Storms  
15 Turn to the left  
16 Tint  
17 Electrical compound  
18 Transgress  
19 Kind of chicken  
20 Failure  
21 A denial  
22 A nobleman  
23 Fixed race  
24 Well  
25 Record books  
26 Small stones  
27 Wide-mouthed pot (Sp.)

**VERTICAL**  
1 Unit of land measure  
2 Rind  
3 Inherently contradictory  
4 To dig for minerals underground  
5 Disconsolate  
6 Near  
7 Dump  
8 Jelly of meat, eggs, etc.  
9 Blameworthy  
10 Large plant  
11 Collections of like things  
12 The hindmost  
13 Chief Egyptian goddess  
14 To portray  
15 Patron saint of France  
16 Sunk fence  
17 Brook  
18 Disposition of the Altar  
19 Askew  
20 The exercise of a right (law)  
21 Variety of novel  
22 Canvas shelter  
23 A careless, peevish person (slang)  
24 A pipe  
25 Flat piece of stone or wood  
26 Canvas shelter  
27 That female prefix "before" suffix

### SOLUTION OF PRECEDING PUZZLE

**HORIZONTAL**  
1 SACRED NAME  
2 UNDERSTOOD  
3 CRAFTS  
4 PENNY  
5 CONSUMED  
6 WITHERS  
7 CHRONICLE  
8 COVERING FOR NECK AND SHOULDERS  
9 RUN AWAY  
10 FOREFATHERS  
11 LOWEST POINT  
12 CUBES FOR GAMBLING  
13 PART OF A CIRCLE  
14 STORMS  
15 TURN TO THE LEFT  
16 TINT  
17 ELECTRICAL COMPOUND  
18 TRANSGRESS  
19 KIND OF CHICKEN  
20 FAILURE  
21 A DENIAL  
22 A NOBLEMAN  
23 FIXED RACE  
24 WELL  
25 RECORD BOOKS  
26 SMALL STONES  
27 WIDE-MOUTHED POT (SP.)

**VERTICAL**  
1 UNIT OF LAND MEASURE  
2 RIND  
3 INHERENTLY CONTRADICTORY  
4 TO DIG FOR MINERALS UNDERGROUND  
5 DISCONSOLATE  
6 NEAR  
7 DUMP  
8 JELLY OF MEAT, EGGS, ETC.  
9 BLAMEWORTHY  
10 LARGE PLANT  
11 COLLECTIONS OF LIKE THINGS  
12 THE HINDMOST  
13 CHIEF EGYPTIAN GODDESS  
14 TO PORTRAY  
15 PATRON SAINT OF FRANCE  
16 SUNK FENCE  
17 BROOK  
18 DISPOSITION OF THE ALTAR  
19 ASKEW  
20 THE EXERCISE OF A RIGHT (LAW)  
21 VARIETY OF NOVEL  
22 CANVAS SHELTER  
23 A CARELESS, PEEVISH PERSON (SLANG)  
24 A PIPE  
25 FLAT PIECE OF STONE OR WOOD  
26 CANVAS SHELTER  
27 THAT FEMALE PREFIX "BEFORE" SUFFIX

## YOUR BOY AND YOUR GIRL

By ARTHUR DEAN SC. D.

The Parent Counselor

DEAR Dean: Will you answer all signed letters pertaining to parents' problems with their boys and girls? Writers' names are never printed. Only questions of general interest answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if general interest is shown. Send stamped self-addressed envelope to: Arthur Dean, in care of this paper.

A quarrel. "I HALF promised," writes a girl correspondent, "to go over to a friend's house last Wednesday night to see her. But it rained so I didn't go and I neglected to telephone her."

"The next day I tried to make amends by calling up my girl friend and explaining. Did I get a chance to explain? I did not. She begged the receiver down as soon as she knew I was calling. I wrote her a letter but she did not answer it. What shall I do about it?"

It is funny—no, it is disastrous—to think what a few cutting words and the bang of a receiver may do. How easily everything might have been explained if only one of the persons involved was the least bit reasonable.

You think she was unreasonable in not answering your letter or in banging the receiver. She thinks you were unreasonable in not keeping the engagement. How do you know but that she gave up an appointment, or perhaps she had already made plans to go to a theater, or perhaps her mother had ordered some ice cream and made a cake and was going to surprise you?

A great many rich and beautiful friendships are broken by little things. A girl broke friendship with a man because he got a steamer robe from the steward for himself and did not order one for her. She said: "I would not marry a selfish man if I stayed a splinter all my life."

Friendships often are broken on account of misinterpretations. We say something that we mean not mean, or we say something which is misunderstood, and sometimes we say things which we mean to say and allow for no misinterpretation, then afterward we are sorry.

Then we break friendships because we are stubborn. We are all proud, even though we try to deceive ourselves to the contrary. But are we all proud in the right way? Don't we often confuse pride with conceit? Don't we have many of us let our sense of false pride smother our sense of forgiveness?

In the letter you wrote your friend, which she ignored, did you make a cold statement of bare facts? Did you excuse yourself? Did you use such a phrase, "You know really I forgot all about it?" Suppose you did forget all about it, there is not a worse thing to say to any one than to acknowledge you forgot her. I once was invited to breakfast with a man, but he forgot he invited me. He ate his own breakfast before I arrived. Did he say anything about it? No; he calmly and casually ate another breakfast when I came and only incidentally did I learn of his tact.

If this girl's friendship is worth having, it is worth remembering when an appointment time comes around. If this girl's friendship is worth keeping, it is worth while for you to do everything possible to get it back.

### OUR CONVERSATION CORNER.

Money Makers.

You asked us to tell you how we girls earned extra money.

I am making a lot of sofa pillows, arm bands, fancy garters, school flags and pennants and plan to sell them around the school this spring. Lots of the students want things of this sort and I expect to find a ready sale.

ANSWER: In behalf of my readers I thank you for what sounds like a good idea. It might be well to make only a few of each item till you know definitely what sells best and then concentrate. Perhaps stores near the school might retail some for you also.

Handing it All Over. There are twelve in our family, eight girls and four boys. To be model children my folks would like to have us sit at home every night under their watchful eyes and show no initiative whatever. And yet I work in a factory and you know a factory is no kindergarten.

Why, I ask, can't a girl who is capable of taking care of herself all day under all sorts of conditions do the same thing during her hours of leisure?

ANSWER: One of my first principles is that a working girl who is steadily employed in a useful occupation, and has consequently more responsibility and life conditions, comes pretty near being able to take care of herself when outside of working hours. She might well seek the advice and counsel of her parents on certain matters with which she is not familiar. They may well be helpful in giving her a counseling voice outside her business experience, but to absorb her entire pay envelope and then expect her to hand over at the same time all that personal development which comes from taking personal responsibility is expecting too much.

(Copyright, 1928.)

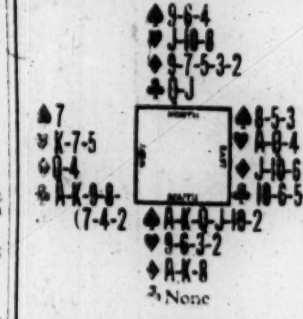
### Band Concert

U. S. SOLDIERS' HOME BAND ORCHESTRA.  
Stanley Hall, 5:40 o'clock.  
March, "Soldiers' Home".....Zameck  
Overture, "God Save the King".....Moser  
Comic Fantasy, "The Village Blacksmith".....Gaut  
Excerpts from musical comedy, "Neptune's Daughter".....Klein  
Solo, "Heaven for Heavens".....Hanser  
Solo, "The Star-Spangled Banner".....Dougherty

Prices realized on Swift & Co. sales of choice beef in Washington, D. C., for the week ending Saturday, January 14, 1928, on shipments sold out, ranged from 14.00 cents to 25.00 cents per pound and averaged 20.15 cents per pound—Adv.

## Mr. Work's Pointers On Auction Bridge

ONE of the great charms of both Auction and Contract Bridge is that new combinations are continually turning up which afford players opportunities to develop their hands in a manner somewhat different from that generally employed. It is usually advisable for Declarer to exhaust trumps so that none of his high cards will be lost by having the adversaries ruff them; but there are some hands in which, regardless of the length or strength of the Declarer's trumps, an early trump lead is inadvisable. Generally this happens when Declarer sees an opportunity to utilize one or more of Dummy's trumps for ruffing purposes and thus make the trumps in his two hands separately. When the adversaries have the Ace of trumps it may be that the trump lead should be postponed, because it is important for Declarer to discard their leading trumps. But still other opportunities for varying standard play present themselves, as in the following hand, which I saw played recently:



South was the Declarer and Spades the trump; the original lead was the King of Clubs. The correct play of the hand will be given tomorrow, but in the meantime I urge my readers to try it out and see how they think the hand should be played. Either get three people to take one hand each, leaving the Dummy (face up) or have it done alone with all cards face up. In either case, play every card as it would (or should) be played if the play of the Dummy. There may be a little extra trouble involved in laying out and playing the actual cards but very few people can visualize and follow through the play of 52 cards from a diagram. It is excellent practice to play a P. H. hand like the one given today, make a note of or remember all the essential plays and then compare your results with the play given the next day.

## How Many Can You Answer?

(Answers Will Be Found on the Last Page.)

1. With what war was Robespierre connected?
2. What well-known woman's college is at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.?
3. Of what nationality was the founder of the Nobel fund?
4. What is the name of the large arm of the Mediterranean Sea that separates Italy from the Italian Peninsula?
5. What nation of San Francisco began his career as an actor and later became best known as a producing manager?
6. What is the capital of Texas?
7. How many times did William Jennings Bryan run for the Presidency?
8. Where does most of the world's clove supply come from?
9. When did the Boer War take place?
10. What Roman emperor living in the second century A. D. was a stoic famous for a philosophical work known as his Meditations?

## The Homemaker

By NANCY CAREY

SURELY it is appropriate to serve food as late as 12 midnight. Mrs. T., although possibly more often than the midnight hour the hour of 11 is chosen as the suitable one at which to drop the entertainment of the evening and enjoy refreshment.

That you feel apprehension about serving food as late as midnight should not hinder your doing so, for it is better to give them food and have it, rather than to have them go hungry.

There is no special hour at which bridge must stop and refreshment be served. True, a hostess may say that after this or that rubber, or "hand," the guests are to add up their scores, but, if, as in this case, they cannot move, it is their responsibility and not yours that the supper is late in appearing and it would have been rather awkward had you just let them go home sans anything for the inner man—just because of the lateness of the hour. And how sad it would have been, too, with the supper all waiting, and such a nice one! Naturalness is the only possible answer to situations of this sort. And, after all, it is your discretion for which you are responsible if the guests partake of the food, whether it be midnight or midnight. It is their good or ill, not yours. They didn't have to eat it and have need of your old friend, the soda box, now did they?

We have for today something of an innovation for our evening menu. Who has ever made croquettes of ripe olives?

Ripe Olive Croquettes. 1 cupful ripe olives, pits removed before measuring.

1 very small onion, thinly sliced  
1½ cupfuls of bread crumbs.  
1 scant teaspoonful of salt.  
Pinch of white pepper.  
2 eggs, thoroughly beaten.

After the olives have been measured, add to them the broken, but meats and the onion slices (one or two slices only of the onion need be used if less flavor of onion is desired). Chop these materials together until rather fine. Add the bread crumbs, which should have been made of soft bread, the two eggs well beaten and the seasoning. Shape into croquettes, dip in still another egg to coat for crumbing and fry in deep fat until a golden brown. Tomato sauce may—in fact, we really may say should—be served with these croquettes. And they are delicious.

Here is our menu:

MENTU.  
Ripe Olive Croquettes  
Braised Lettuce  
Tomato Jelly Salad  
Date Cake Tea Muffins  
Tea

Braised Lettuce.  
5 heads of lettuce (not very large ones).  
3 tablespoonfuls of butter.  
1 very small onion, thinly sliced.  
1 tablespoonful lemon juice (extracted from lemon, not lemon flavoring).

Boil the heads of lettuce very gently for about 15 minutes. Drain on a fresh tea towel, folding one side over and forcing out the water as much as possible. Place the butter in a saucepan and melt it, place the heads in the butter and cover closely. Simmer at lowest possible point for about an

### PRACTICAL DRESS

By VOGUE

hour. Sprinkle with the pepper and drop the lemon juice over the lettuce in small quantities.

As this serves six persons, it is quite possible that less lettuce need be purchased in some instances.

(Copyright, 1928.)

### Slipper Buckles Reduced 15%

ARTCRAFT SHOES  
1311 E STREET

What a wonderful opportunity for the woman who knows the styles of now and tomorrow.

3 to 4, Ark Chiffon Hosiery \$1.95  
3 pairs for \$5.50

Slipper Buckles Reduced 15%

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1311 E STREET

What a wonderful opportunity for the woman who knows the styles of now











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# WALL STREET GOSSIP

New York, Jan. 16 (A.P.).—Expenditures of \$17,500,000 for improvements in equipment in 1928 has been appropriated by the Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific. Operating expenses incident to this improvement program are estimated at \$5,500,000. Only \$100,000 of year's improvement program, amounting to \$23,200,000, was carried over into 1928. This year's program includes \$5,000,000 for roadway and \$20,000 for new equipment. Purchase of 50,000 tons of rails and 14 miles sinking fund, equal to 17 cents per ton.

Stockholders of Electric Refrigeration Corporation voted to change its name to Kelvinator Corporation.

Domestic film rentals by Famous Lasky Corporation this quarter of 1927 were about 15 percent greater than in the same period last year.

Net loss of \$43,404 for the ended November 30, 1927, is reported by Martin Parry Corporation, Inc., corresponding to \$139,520 for the corresponding 1926 period, or share.

Directors of General Public Corporation have been increased from eleven to seventeen. New members are Gordon H. Balch, treasurer; executive vice president, J. B. Galloway; president, Electric Bond & Share; and Edwin vice president North American Phillips P. Mumford, president of

**P**reliminary figures of Erie Railroad earnings for 1927 indicate surplus of \$2,825,000 after charges, but no cars is included in the budget. The company has been successful in securing on the common, after allowing for interest on bonds, a dividend of 6 per cent on \$63,904,400 preferred stock.

The oil trade circles hear large fuel oil contracts with "Asiaticatic steamship companies in New York Harbor have been made at \$1.40 a barrel, from the same source as the fuel oil from the same contracts of \$1.40 a barrel as of 1928 contracts, except the International Mercantile Marine Co. Standard Oil of New Jersey is reported to be closing on the sales for the year. The French line, and North German Lloyd, French line, and North German Lloyd, Gulf Oil is said to have won a three-year contract from the same source, but the price basis has not yet closed on the sales for the year. It will be \$1.40 a barrel maximum price.

**T**he New York, Chicago & St. Louis (Nickel Plate) in the market for 10,500 tons of steel rails.

Cities Service Co. will acquire all of the Arkansas Natural Gas Company's gas properties of the Southern Gas & Electric Co., formerly owned by the Insull interests, subject to a vote of stockholders. Henry L. Doherty, president of the Southern Gas & Electric Co., area for: Shreveport, La.; New Orleans, La.; Rock Ark., with branches extending Pine Bluff, Fort Springs and Texarkana, Mo. The company will consolidate the other companies in the territory with Cities Service.

Compilation by the First National Corporation of Boston shows the value of French dollar bonds now outstanding is \$424,997,980, including the \$70,000,000 of French dollar bonds issued in government 8s, which have been sold for redemption.

New annual production record of 900 cars established by Buick or Car Co. in 1927.

Preliminary figures show that Lago & Transport Co. produced 16,301 barrels of crude oil from its prospect in Venezuela in 1927, against 15,858 in 1926. This output was estimated only by that of Venezuelan Oil concessions, Ltd., controlled by Royal Dutch, which totaled 21,307,988 barrels.

Stockholders of Interstate Trust Co. of the Hamilton National Bank have authorized consolidated combined resources will exceed \$50,000,000 and aggregate deposits of about \$40,000,000 are being used for promotion of investment of \$7,000,000. The exchange basis stands at 100% of shares of Interstate Trust Co. of Hamilton.

**NEW YORK STOCK MARKET**

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (A.P.)—The New York stock market closed today steady, receipts, 35,515.

**Your Stock?**

**PERE MARQUETTE RY.**

	'22	'23	'24	'25	'26
(COMMON STOCK)					
YEARLY HIGH & LOW PRICES					
MONTHLY RANGE 1927					
SH. DIV.	200	400	750	490	540
SHARES	200	400	750	490	540
OUTSTANDING	200	400	750	490	540

**EGGS** — Irregular; receipts: Fresh-gathered extra firsts, 60¢; firsts, 48¢-49¢; do. seconds and thirds, 40¢-47¢; in storage, best marked, 40¢; do. firsts, 36¢-38¢; do. 38¢-39¢; nearby henney whites, 1½¢ selected extras, 53¢-53½¢; do. nearby Western henney white selected extras, 49¢-52¢; nearby, 45¢-47¢; nearby henney brown, 53¢; Pacific Coast whites, extra selected extras, 49¢-52¢.

**CHEESE** — Steady; receipts: State, whole milk, flats, fresh, 28¢-29¢; State, whole milk, flats, fancy to fancy special, 29¢-29½¢.

**WHEAT** — Steady. Midwest, 12.80.

**COFFEE** — Spot. Firm; with a quiry. Rio No. 7, 14.15-16; C, 4.25.

**LIVE POULTRY** — No quotations for freight or express.

**DRESSED POULTRY** — Firm. Fens, fresh, 22¢-37¢; do. frozen, 22¢-37¢.

**Per Marquette Railway Co.**  
The Pere Marquette Railway Co. was incorporated in 1917 as a reorganization of the former railroad company of the same name. It operates 2,262 miles of track, 1,900 miles of which are owned. The principal cities of Michigan receiving freight tonnage has increased more than 50 per cent in the last two years. The company has been receiving revenue from connecting lines about one-half of all tonnage is products of mines, and more than one-half of the tonnage is coal and iron ore. Total operating revenue has practically doubled over a ten-year period. Expenses have been kept well in hand and the operating amounts have been fixed for cash.

Gross earnings in 1926 were only slightly higher than in 1925, but the best in the company's history. Net savings in operating costs were added to the gain in operating income.

**BALTIMORE SECURITY**  
Baltimore, Jan. 16.—Closing Baltimore Tube pdf.....  
Baltimore & P'df 5% Southern C & P Telephone pdf.....  
Commercial Credit .....  
Commercial Credit B .....  
Cons Gas El Light & Power.....  
Cons Gas El & P'df 5% Southern C & P Telephone pdf.....  
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of fixed charges, the balance remaining was the largest on record.

**CAPITALIZATION.**

unded debt.....	\$5,381,000
Preferred stock (5%.....)	11,200,000
Unpreferred stock (5% cum.).....	12,429,000
Common stock (\$100 par).....	45,046,000

Current data.—For the eleven months ended November, 1927, net operating income was reported as \$8,919,083, which compares with \$9,333,207 for the corresponding period of 1926.

Copyright, 1928.

**FLOUR QUOTATIONS.**

Minneapolis, Jan. 26 (A.P.)—FLOUR—Unchanged; in carload lots, family white, 100 lbs. to 7.55; white, 48-lb. in 38-lb. round cotton sacks. Shipments, 99,078 barrels.

BEAN—\$0.50 to \$0.75.

**\$9,115,000,000 IS ESTIMATED VALUE OF HARVEST of 1927 IN U.S.**

*Value of All Crops in Each State Reported in Millions of Dollars  
i.e. - Final 000,000's omitted*

State	Value (Millions of Dollars)
WASH.	\$169
MONT.	\$162
N. DAK.	\$275
MINN.	\$324
WIS.	\$306
ILL.	\$270
INDIAN.	\$287
PENN.	\$249
N.Y.	\$371
N.J.	\$183
DEL.	\$107
MD.	\$385
VA.	\$502
S. DAK.	\$241
WYO.	\$33
NEBR. KANS.	\$378
OKLA.	\$502
TEX.	\$324
MISS.	\$214
ALA.	\$144
ARK.	\$124
LA.	\$144
CALIF.	\$107
NEV.	\$8
IDAHO	\$108
UTAH	\$37
COLO.	\$124
OREG.	\$107

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All farm crops harvested in the United States during 1927 are appraised at a total of \$9,115,000,000 in an announcement by the United States Department of Agriculture. This is an increase of \$677,000,000 over the 1926 harvest which was reported as worth \$8,438,000,000.

These appraisals are based on prices prevailing at the farm gate as of December 1. The Agriculture Department warned that the announcement cannot be taken to mean that farmers actually received the amounts cited for their crops. Not all of the crops were harvested on December 1. The appraisal is valuable chiefly, it is explained, in showing the trend of the National rural income.

Texas led all other States in the value of its farm crops harvested in that State valued at \$730,000,000. Listed next were the first 15 States for value of crops harvested: Texas, Iowa, California, Nebraska, Kansas, North Carolina, South Carolina, Oklahoma, Minnesota, Missouri, Wisconsin, Illinois, Colorado, and New York.



## SOUTHWEST SECTION DECLARED BEST SITE FOR PRODUCE MART

Shipping Facilities and Storage Plants Advanced at Hearing Before Home Group.

## WRISLEY BROWN LEADS PRESENTING ARGUMENTS

Farmers and Wholesalers Appear as Witnesses Favoring Location.

With its railroad and steamship freight terminals, its cold storage facilities and its big fish market, Southwest Washington is the only logical site for the farmers' produce market.

House subcommittee was told last night.

The subcommittee, which has been assigned to recommend a site for the farmers' market, will meet again tonight to hear the concluding arguments of the Southwest advocates and to begin consideration of the Eckington, or Northeast site.

Wrisley Brown, attorney for the Southwest Business Men's Association, led the arguments for the Southwest site at last night's hearing. When the time for adjournment arrived, there still remained some things to be said for the site, and Representative Brown, chairman of the subcommittee, promised to allot 20 more minutes to the discussion tonight. This time will be taken up by Charles A. Douglas, also attorney for the Southwest Business Men's Association.

The Southwest site already has been recommended by the District Commissioners, who, however, are not in favor of moving the farmers' market there for a year or so. Meanwhile, they would have the market located on a temporary site behind Center Market.

Majority are Wholesalers.

In his argument last night, Attorney Brown declared that the farmers' market was essentially a wholesale market. Approximately 92 per cent of the business is wholesale, he said, and 8 per cent retail. It is highly important, he said, for the farmers' market to be coordinated with the fish market, the commission houses, the meat packers and other wholesale dealers in market supplies.

Carrying his argument further, he contended that such a market center should be in proximity to railroad and water terminals and cold storage facilities. Southwest Washington, he said, is blessed with all these advantages. Moreover, he said, the commission men and the other wholesale men are strongly in favor of the site.

Five trunk-line railroads have freight yards in the Southwest, he said, three steamboat lines bring fruit, fish, oysters and other food products there. The fish market there does \$3,000,000 worth of business a year, and the neighborhood has two modern cold storage plants. With the farmers' market and the other markets located in the Southwest, he said, the grocery men and the other buyers could make their purchases in a comparatively short time, whereas, if the farmers' market were located elsewhere, these buyers would lose much valuable time.

Brown quoted from reports by the Federal Trade Commission to show the advantages of locating the market in Southwest Washington. These reports emphasized the importance of having terminals and cold storage facilities near the market, and also stressed the importance of having all the markets coordinated.

Site Held Less Costly.

Brown pointed out that the Southwest site could be held for about \$300,000, which is much less than the midcity or the Eckington site would cost. Not only that, he said, but locating the market in the Southwest would result in economy for the consumer.

Brown called on a score or more witnesses, and these praised the site to the subcommittee. The witnesses included commission merchants, fish dealers, fruit dealers, packers and others. In addition, Brown filed a petition signed by 121 farmers in southern Maryland and Virginia who favored the site.

Among the witnesses were W. D. Means, commission merchant; Mack Shapiro, commission merchant; W. D. Means, manager of the W. D. Lelsch Fruit Co.; Salvatore Scalo, of the National Fruit Co.; W. A. Johnson, a wholesale dealer; Fred Rochester, of Wilson & Co., packers; Henry Auth, of N. Auth Provision Co.; and E. L. Eacho, of R. Eacho, wholesale dealers in sea food products.

Traffic Director William Harland and his assistant, M. O. Eldridge, appeared before the committee and described traffic conditions at the various sites that have been proposed for the market.

Transit Valuation Hearing on Feb. 15

The Public Utilities Commission yesterday granted a request by the Washington Rapid Transit Co. for a further postponement of the public hearing on valuation of the property of that company. The valuation was undertaken at the request of the company, first made more than a year ago. George F. Hoover, attorney for the company, asked for delay, saying that he was to appear in court on another matter.

The hearing was set for February 15.

Boy Injured by Automobile.

Charles Beck, 18 years old, 515 Newton street, northwest, was injured slightly yesterday afternoon when knocked down at Georgia avenue and Randolph street northwest by an automobile driven by Abraham Abelman, 4609 Georgia avenue northwest. The boy was taken to Garfield Hospital and treated for a dislocated right ankle.

HERE ARE THE ANSWERS To Questions on Magazine Page

1. Robespierre was connected with the French Revolution.
2. Yassar College is at Poughkeepsie, N. Y.
3. The founder of the Nobel fund, Alfred B. Nobel, was a Swede.
4. The Adriatic Sea is the name of the large arm of the Mediterranean Sea that separates Italy from the Balkan Peninsula.
5. David Belasco began his career as an actor and later became best known as a producing manager.
6. Austin is the capital of Texas.
7. William Jennings Bryan ran three times for the Presidency.
8. Most of the world's clove supply comes from Madagascar.
9. The Boer War took place in 1900.
10. Marcus Aurelius, Roman emperor in the second century A. D., was noted for the philosophical work known as his Meditations.

## NEWS OF THE DAY IN PICTURES



Henry Miller Service.

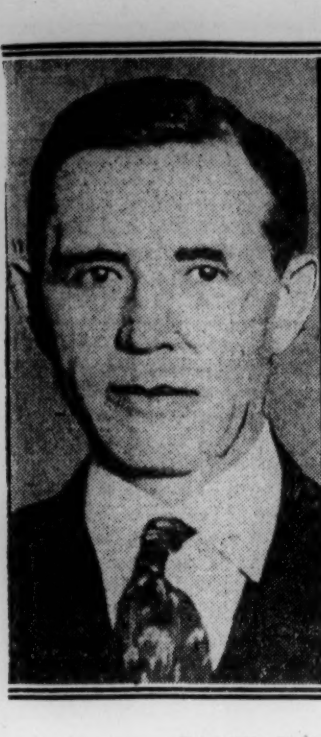
ATTEND CONFERENCE. Among those attending the third conference on the Cause and Cure of War here are, left to right, front row, Mrs. Luella St. Clair Moss, Columbia, Mo.; Miss Alves Long, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss H. W. Reubins, Minnesota; Mrs. Z. W. Wheland, Chattanooga, Tenn.; Mrs. D. K. Hempstead, Wilmington, Ohio; back row, Miss Louis Warren, Johnson, Mo.; Miss A. H. Miller, Elizabeth, N. J.; Mrs. George Bevan, West Virginia; Mrs. Otis Wilson, West Virginia.



Harris & Ewing.

COMMANDANT. Maj. Howard C. Davidson, who assumed the post of commandant at Bolling Field yesterday.

WINNER. Miss Carrol Soule, of Remington, Va., holding London Lad, who won a red ribbon at the cat show yesterday despite his lack of pedigree certificate. When the then Miss Nancy Hoyt brought him to the United States from England she did not bother with a certificate.



CANDIDATE. Representative James T. Hegg, of Ohio, who has announced his candidacy for the gubernatorial chair in his State.



Harris & Ewing.

TOASTMASTER. Patrick J. Halloran, reading clerk of the House, who will be toastmaster at the dinner given here tonight in honor of Archbishop Michael Curley, of Baltimore.

## TWO MORE SQUARES FOR LIBRARY ANNEX PLANNED IN HOUSE

Luce Introduces Measure to Provide Storage Place for Little Used Books.

## MONUMENT IN STONE PROPOSED FOR GOMPER'S

Increase in Police and Firemen's Pay Contained in Zihlman's Bill.

A bill providing for the acquisition of two squares on which would be constructed an auxiliary building, or annex, for the Library of Congress, was introduced in the House yesterday by Representative Robert Luce, chairman of the library committee.

The bill provides for the creation of a commission of three which would be authorized to acquire the two squares at a cost not to exceed \$780,000. The commission would be composed of the chairman of the House library committee, the chairman of the Senate library committee and the architect of the Capitol.

The two squares it is proposed to acquire by purchase of condemnation are just west of the Library of Congress. They are bounded by East Capitol and B streets southeast and First street and Second street southeast. The area is covered principally by residences. Once the work of demolishing the buildings was started, a street would be closed to traffic.

Design Would Be Simple.

Herbert Putnam, librarian of Congress, recommended to David L. Lynde, Capitol architect, that the auxiliary building be simple in design. It is needed, he says, as a storage place for large masses of material which now cluttering up much-needed space in the main library building.

Representative Casey, of Pennsylvania, introduced a bill, which would permit the American Federation of Labor to erect a stone monument in this city in memory of Samuel Gompers, late president of the federation. The monument would be erected on public ground, but the cost would be borne by the federation.

Representative Zihlman, of Maryland, chairman of the House District committee, introduced two bills, one to regulate the practice of naturopathy and the other to raise the pay of police and firemen. The first bill would set up a board to regulate schools of naturopathy and to examine and license persons practicing the profession of naturopathy.

Not a Blanket Increase.

The pay-raise bill of Representative Zihlman differs materially from the bill of Representative Blanton, of Texas. The latter's bill provides for a blanket increase of \$300 a year for all policemen and firemen. Zihlman's bill provides for a \$1,000 increase for the major and superintendent and assistant superintendents, increases of \$500 each for inspectors and captains, and increases of \$300 each to lieutenants and those in lower grades.

Scales as Contained in Bill.

The salary scale for policemen would be as follows under the bill: Major and superintendent, \$6,250; assistant superintendent, \$4,500; inspectors, \$4,000; captains, \$3,500; lieutenants, \$3,000; sergeants, \$2,700; privates, third class, \$2,400; privates, second class, \$2,200; privates, first class, \$2,100.

The salary scale for firemen would be as follows: Chief engineer, \$6,250; assistant chief engineer, \$4,000; fire marshal, \$4,000; deputy fire marshal, \$3,000; inspectors, \$2,800; captains, \$2,600; lieutenants, \$2,400; sergeants, \$2,200; privates, \$2,100.

Meeting Will Oppose Sunday Closing Bill

Protest against the enactment of the Lankford Sunday closing bill, now pending before Congress, will be made at a meeting of the Brotherhood of the Washington Hebrew Congregation in the vestry room of the temple tomorrow night at 8:30 o'clock.

The meeting will be open to the public. Dr. B. G. Wilkinson, dean of theology, Washington Missionary College, will deliver the principal address. He will be introduced by Dr. Abram Simon. Following the business meeting an entertainment program will be presented.

Damage Suit Dismissed.

The \$25,000 damage suit filed against the Capital Traction Co. and the National Hotel Taxi Service by John P. Franklin, 915 Fourth and a-half street southwest, for personal injuries sustained yesterday in Circuit Court by the plaintiff through his attorney, James A. O'Shea, in this case the plaintiff complained that a taxicab in which he was riding and a street car at Third street and Pennsylvania avenue southeast.

The taxicab in which he was riding was struck by the street car and he was thrown out of the taxicab and injured. The street car was driven by one of the employees of the Capital Traction Co. and the National Hotel Taxi Service.

The taxicab was driven by one of the employees of the Capital Traction Co. and the National Hotel Taxi Service.

The taxicab was driven by one of the employees of the Capital Traction Co. and the National Hotel Taxi Service.

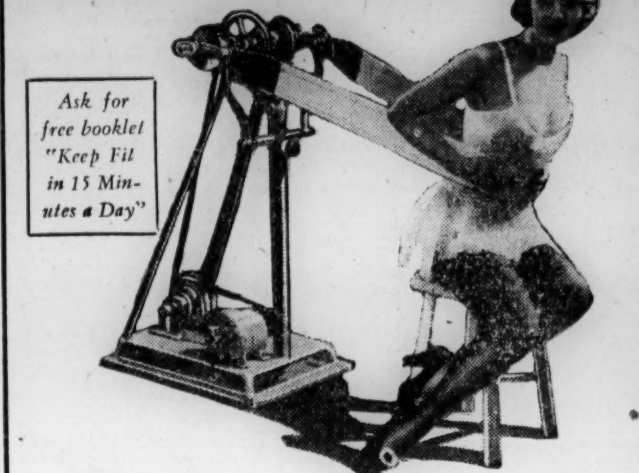
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The taxicab was driven by one of the employees of the Capital Traction Co. and the National Hotel Taxi Service.

## Health and Beauty in 15 minutes a day



Maintain Your Youthful Figure with the Battle Creek Health Builder

PHONE FOR DEMONSTRATION

Carroll Electric Co.

714 12th St. N.W. Main 7320

## BIRTHDAY OF FRANKLIN WILL START THRIFT WEEK

Celebration to Mark Opening Today With Addresses at Keith's Theater.

## BANKS WILL LEAD OFF TEST TO BE COMPETITIVE

The 222d anniversary of the birth of Benjamin Franklin, "America's apostle of thrift," will be marked here today with celebrations signaling the opening of Thrift Week.

Addresses will be delivered by Bishop James E. Freeman, Representatives Arthur Free, of California, and Morgan Sanders, of Texas, and John J. Devine, president of the Washington Association of Printing House Craftsmen.

Isaac Gans, chairman of the local thrift committee, will preside. There will be music by the Boys' Independent Band and hundreds of budget books for family use will be distributed.

Today has been designated as "General Thrift or Bank Day," and the leading banks of the city are cooperating in stressing the idea of thrift. Bank books will be available to patrons at the following institutions:

American Security & Trust Co., Anacostia Bank, Bank of Brightwood, Columbia National Bank, Federal American National Bank, Liberty National Bank, MacLachlan Banking Corporation, Merchants Bank & Trust Co., Metropolitan National Bank, Morris Plan Bank, National Savings & Trust Co., Potomac Savings Bank, Riggs National Bank, United States Savings Bank, Washington Loan & Trust Co. and the Franklin National Bank. Instructions in making out a budget will be given at the Merchants Bank & Trust Co.

Arrangements for bank day were made by a special committee consisting of Frank Chiselli, chairman; B. A. Reeves, Bertram Chesserman, Wade H. Cooper, Victor Dwyer, R. V. Fleming, Ernest Gerstenberg, T. P. Hickman, W. D. Hoover, John L. Larner, Howard Moran, L. P. McLachlan, Maurice Osterback, John Poole, L. E. Schreiner, R. L. Schreiner, J. L. Sherwood, W. W. Spaid, F. J. Stryker, G. C. Walton and George W. White.

## Deckhand Is Killed In Fall on Dredge

Martin Grogan, 35 years old, a deckhand aboard a dredge anchored in Georgetown Channel, was fatally injured yesterday when he fell from an upper to a lower deck of the craft. He died en route to Emergency Hospital.

Grogan, who makes his home aboard the dredge, was lubricating the rigging of the vessel when he fell. It is believed. No one saw him fall, but he had been seen on the upper deck just a few minutes before he was found unconscious, on the lower deck.

Mrs. Amy Lawrence Asks Divorce.

Mrs. Amy Lawrence, 1321 Corbin street, northeast, who says that her husband, George Lawrence, is indolent in summer and has a violent temper in winter, filed suit against him yesterday in Equity Court for a limited divorce. They were married December 20, 1893, and have one child. Through Attorney Jacob N. Halper Mrs. Lawrence asks the court to oust her husband from her home.

Simpson Will Filed.

Thomas Kieck, nephew of Fanny B. Simpson, is given \$2,000 in the will of his aunt filed yesterday in probate court. The balance of the estate, estimated at about \$300, is devised to the sister Emily H. Ross, the niece Emily Ross, Adelaide Holmes and Beulah Kneale, and the nephew Edward Steele and the grandniece Evelyn Steele. The testatrix died January 8.

Meeting-Kalamazoo Citizens Association, St. Margaret's Church, 8 o'clock.

Meeting-Vincent B. Costello Post, American Legion, District Building, 8 o'clock.

Meeting-District of Columbia Congress, Parent-Teacher Associations, Burlington Hotel, 1:45 o'clock.

Meeting-Anthropological Society of Washington, National Museum, 4:45 o'clock.

Reception--Indiana State Society, New Willard Hotel, 8:30 o'clock.

Meeting-Potomac Palisades Garden and Landscape Club, 5227 Conduit road, 3 o'clock.

Meeting-Columbia Historical Society, Cosmos Club, 8:15 o'clock.

Meeting--Washington Advertising Club, 12:30 o'clock, Harvey's.

Luncheon--Clivian Club, Lafayette Hotel, 12:30 o'clock.

Meeting-Food and Nutrition Section, District of Columbia Association, American Red Cross Building, 8 o'clock.

Meeting-Vocational Guidance Committee of the Junior High Schools, Columbia High School, 8 o'clock.

Meeting-Takoma Park Chamber of Commerce, Takoma Park Masonic Temple, 8:30 o'clock.

Meeting-George Washington Post No. 1, American Legion, 1829 I street northwest, 8 o'clock.

Concert--Ye Olde Folks of Wilson Memorial M. E. Church, Northeast Masonic Temple, Eighth and F streets northeast, 8 o'clock.

## SCHOOL BOY HANGS SELF IN CELLAR OF HIS HOME

Father Believes Youth Met Death While Trying Houdini Experiment.

## SUICIDE, CORONER SAYS

Suspended from a girder in the cellar of his home at 1780 Park road northwest, the lifeless body of George M. Curtis, a 15-year-old sophomore at Central High School, was found by his father, who was aroused about 7:30 yesterday morning by the steady ringing of an alarm clock in his son's room.

The boy's father, an attorney examiner at the Interstate Commerce Commission, declared that he believed his son met death in attempting a "Houdini" experiment with the rope, but Coroner J. Ramsey Nevitt issued a certificate of suicide and indicated that the boy's death was due to an obsession regarding hangings.

At the school both his action teacher and the principal stated that there was no reason for suicide disclosed by the boy's record. He was a good student, quiet and dependable, and had never been disciplined, and was promoted to a corporal in the cadets at the present session of school.

Yesterday, according to his parents, young Curtis spent the afternoon at the Public Library gathering material for a debate in which he was scheduled to take part supporting the negative on "Public Ownership of Mines."

"My boy had no reason to take his life," the father said. "He was in the best of spirits last night making ready for his debate. But he had a hobby for performing tricks with ropes and also with electricity. I have known him to the ropes about his wrists to test his ability to escape from them as did Houdini."

George was an only child and would have celebrated his sixteenth birthday on February 2.

## COMPROMISE REACHED IN TAXI CONCESSIONS

Willard Allowed 80 Feet on 14th Street and Grace Dodge Hotel Gets 50 Feet.

## RECOMMENDED BY HESSE

A compromise has been reached on the effort to eliminate the renting of concessions in the public streets by hotels to taxicab companies. This effort was begun last summer by Maj. Edwin B. Hesse, superintendent of police, and was seconded by a report from the Bureau of Efficiency.

Hesse submitted to the Commissioners a list of 199 public hack stands, including several at the doors of leading hotels. Corporation Counsel W. W. Bridge took issue with Hesse and the Bureau of Efficiency to the extent of holding that a "reasonable amount" of space would have to be left near hotel doors for their own vehicles, meaning the taxicabs to whom monopoly of service had been rented by the hotels as concessions, the hotels obtaining 10 per cent of the revenue derived at such points by the taxicabs.

The Commissioners returned to Hesse his recommendation with the opinion of the corporation counsel. Yesterday the police chief sent it back revised. The Willard Hotel is allowed 80 feet on Fourteenth street for its concessionaire taxicabs. The Grace Dodge Hotel is permitted 50 feet. Public hack stands are recommended adjoining the private hack stands of the two hotels.

No other hotels are named, the presumption being that their private stands are to have no contiguous competition. Maj. Hesse recommends as follows:

"It is apparent that vehicles availing themselves of the privilege of occupying public space adjacent to hotels for conveyance of guests of such hotels should be indicated by some distinctive mark other than that used on vehicles engaged in the general business of conveying passengers for hire."

## TUBERCULAR SCHOOL SITE ON LAKE ESTATE OPPOSED

Health Department Officials Submit Report on Location in Northeast.

## PROPOSAL STIRS CITIZENS

School officials will abide by a recommendation of the District Health Department advising against use of the old Lake estate at Thirteenth street and Rhode Island avenue northeast as a school for tubercular colored children, it was indicated yesterday at the Franklin Administration Building.

The Health Department report was signed by Dr. William C. Fowler, District health officer, and resulted from an inspection of the Lake home by Dr. Joseph A. Murphy of the health office, at the request of the school administration. The inspection took place Friday.

Ever since Edmund D. Riehm, local real estate broker, suggested the site as a possible location for the colored health schools, citizen groups of northeast Washington have emphatically opposed the move. Just as property owners near Twenty-fourth and F streets northwest objected to occupation of the Toner School by the tubercular children.

Sunday the Rhode Island avenue, Edgewood, Michigan Park and Brookland Citizens Associations condemned the proposed use of the Rhode Island avenue site at indignation meetings held in their communities, and the night preceding the Federation of Citizens Associations and the Dahlgren Terrace Citizens Association went on record against the move.

Dr. Murphy's report held the site itself ideally adapted for a health school, but the building itself wholly unsuitable for school purposes. Small rooms, lack of adequate toilet facilities and corridors, and structural features of the house, designed primarily for residential purposes, were cited.

## SUNDAY CLOSING CASES MAY GO TO GRAND JURY

Lieut. Van Winkle Says She Will Appeal if Warrants Are Refused Her.

## NOT FELONY, SEAL SAYS

Lieut. Mina Van Winkle, of the Women's Bureau of the Police Department will carry her fight to close night clubs at midnight on Saturday nights before the grand jury, she announced yesterday, following the ruling of Assistant Corporation Counsel Elwood H. Seal to issue warrants for the managers and owners of the Eagle and Hong Kong Low restaurants.

Seal's action was based on the recent ruling of Judge McMahon of the Police Court in the case of the Le Paradis Cafe, in which he held that night clubs and restaurants did not come within the purview of the police regulation requiring the closing at midnight.

"If I can't get action otherwise I shall go before the grand jury," said Mrs. Van Winkle. "Of course, I will have to do so through the district attorney's office but I do not anticipate any difficulty there. I got help from the grand jury once before in the matter of boarding houses for children. I could not get any one to do anything to improve the conditions in those homes so I asked the grand jury to investigate. They did so and recommended that the Commissioners take action. Then the Commissioners decided that they had the power and enacted a regulation requiring the Health Department to inspect the boarding houses."

"So in this case I expect to be able to obtain similar aid if I need to and the grand jury can indicate if, for instance, it is found that liquor is sold in these night clubs. I am getting too many complaints from mothers of young folks coming home at unseasonable hours under the influence of liquor."

Corporation Counsel W. W. Bridge said that there was no way of Mrs. Van Winkle's appearing before the grand jury except through cooperation of the district attorney. He added that violations of the Sunday closing law, the keeping open of cafes after midnight Saturdays were misdemeanors, not felonies, and that the grand jury could not indict in such cases.

## OVER HERE—OVER THERE—

UPON NO OCCASION IN THE MILITARY HISTORY OF AMERICA HAD HER TROOPS EVER BEEN SUBJECTED TO A MORE WITHERING MACHINE GUN AND RIFLE FIRE THAN THE MARINES FACED IN THEIR CHARGE ON BELLEAU WOOD ON THE MORNING OF JUNE 6, 1918. THEY FACED THE FIRE WITH SET JAWS.

## Advancing Under a "Rain of Death"

ON ACROSS THE OPEN FIELDS TOWARDS BELLEAU WOOD ADVANCED THE 5th and 6th REGIMENTS OF MARINES. IN SPITE OF THE SPITTING GUNS IN THE WOODS THE MARINES CHARGED MACHINE GUN NESTS, KILLED ENTIRE GERMAN CREWS WITH GRENADES, BAYONETS, AUTOMATICS AND VICARIOUSLY WIELDED RIFLE STOCKS—AND SWIFTLY ADVANCED THEIR FRONT.

## BULLETS WHISTLED—BIG GUNS SCREAMED AND CRASHED IN ALL DIRECTIONS—WAVE MAD MEN STUMBLED IN AND OUT OF SHELL HOLES—THE RED POPPY FIELDS WERE STEWED WITH AMERICAN AND GERMAN DEAD.

THE MAINS REACHED ALL THE OBJECTIVES SET FOR THEM IN THE FIRST HOURS, AND PUSHED FAR BEYOND THEM. THE ENEMY, WHO AT FIRST OFFERED STUBBORN RESISTANCE, WAS GRADUALLY WEAKENING UNDER THE TERRIFIC DRIVE

## By Ernest Henderson

THE MAINS REACHED ALL THE OBJECTIVES SET FOR THEM IN THE FIRST HOURS, AND PUSHED FAR BEYOND THEM. THE ENEMY, WHO AT FIRST OFFERED STUBBORN RESISTANCE, WAS GRADUALLY WEAKENING UNDER THE TERRIFIC DRIVE